## JOINT IATTC AND WCPFC-NC WORKING GROUP MEETING ON THE MANAGEMENT OF PACIFIC BLUEFIN TUNA SIXTH SESSION (JWG-06)

ELECTRONIC MEETING 8am-11am, Japan Standard Time 27-29 July 2021

## **REPORT ON CMM 2020-02 (PACIFIC BLUEFIN TUNA)**

IATTC-NC-JWG06-2021/DP-10

U.S.A.



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE Pacific Islands Regional Office 1845 Wasp Blvd., Bldg 176 Honolulu, Hawaii 96818 (808) 725-5000 • Fax: (808) 725-5215

June 10, 2021

Mr. Feleti Teo Executive Director Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission P.O. Box 2356 Kolonia Pohnpei, Federated States of Micronesia

Dear Mr. Teo:

The following information is provided to satisfy the reporting requirements of WCPFC Conservation and Management Measure 2019-02 (Pacific Bluefin Tuna) with respect to calendar year 2020.

Paragraph 2: The United States does not have any vessels fishing for Pacific bluefin tuna in the Convention Area north of 20 degrees north, so it does not need to limit fishing effort in any of its fisheries. The United States did not catch any Pacific bluefin tuna less than 30 kg in 2020.

Paragraph 3: The U.S. 2002-2004 annual average levels of Pacific bluefin catch 30 kg or greater was less than 10 mt. Footnote 1 of paragraph 3, states that, "CCMs with a base line catch of 10 t or less may increase its catch as long as it does not exceed 10 t. In 2020, the U.S. catch of Pacific bluefin 30 kg or greater was less than 10 mt.

Paragraph 4: Please see attachment 1 for tables displaying fishing effort by vessels fishing for Pacific bluefin and catches of Pacific bluefin tuna in the Convention Area.

Paragraph 6: The United States does not have any Pacific bluefin tuna fisheries in the Convention Area, and has not established any mechanisms to monitor recruitment of juveniles into fisheries.

Paragraph 7: The United States has laws and regulations in place to ensure that fish and fish product that is harvested in violation of foreign laws or treaties cannot be lawfully imported into the United States and entered in to commerce. These laws and regulations could apply to commercial transactions in Pacific bluefin tuna and its products that undermine the effectiveness of this CMM.

Paragraph 9: Although the United States does not have any Pacific bluefin tuna fisheries in the Convention Area, it does have a system in place that collects data on the few incidentally caught Pacific bluefin tuna in its other fisheries (e.g. longline) in a timely and consistent manner.



Paragraph 10: The United States monitors the international trade of Pacific bluefin tuna through its Highly Migratory Species International Trade Permit (HMS ITP) program. All importers, exporters and re-exporters of Pacific bluefin tuna products are required to hold an HMS ITP. Domestic regulations (50 CFR 300 Subpart M) require that each import, export or re-export of Pacific bluefin tuna be accompanied by a bluefin tuna catch document (BCD) (please see attachment) containing information on area of harvest, product information, and trade information. Copies of BCDs and re-export certificates are required to be submitted to NOAA Fisheries within 24 hours of a trade. NOAA Fisheries maintains a database with information on imports, exports, and re-exports of Pacific bluefin tuna. For calendar year 2020, 1,014 mt of bluefin tuna caught in the Pacific Ocean were imported to the United States, with 960 mt coming from Mexico and 52 mt from Japan, and 1 mt from New Zealand. 1 mt of bluefin tuna caught in the Pacific Ocean in 2020 were exported from the United States.

Paragraph 12: The United States plans to collaborate with Mexico, Japan and other interested parties during the upcoming meetings of the IATTC and WCPFC's Northern Committee.

If you have any questions about this information please contact Valerie Post at +1 808-725-5034 or valerie.post@noaa.gov.

Sincerely,

Tom Graham Chief, International Fisheries Division

Attachment

cc: Rebecca Wintering, U.S. Department of State Archie Soliai, American Samoa Department of Marine and Wildlife Resources Anthony Benavente, CNMI Department of Land and Natural Resources Chelsa Muna-Brecht, Guam Department of Agriculture Attachment 1. Fishing Effort by vessels fishing for Pacific bluefin and catches of Pacific bluefin in the Convention Area.

Table 1. Fishing effort by vessels fishing for Pacific bluefin tuna in the area north of 20°N in the Convention Area

Fishery	Unit of fishing effort (e.g., sets, fishing days, vessels)	2002	2003	2004	2017	2018	2019	2020
Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not
Applicable	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable

## Table 2. Catches (mt), including discards, of Pacific bluefin tuna<sup>1</sup> in the Convention Area

	2002		2003		2004		2017		2018		2019		2020	
Fishery	<30kg	≥30kg												
American Samoa	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
Longline														
United States	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Longline														

<sup>1</sup> Pacific bluefin tuna catches have been reported on longline logsheets for the American Samoa fishery, however the species may be misidentified.

