

SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE FOURTEENTH REGULAR SESSION

Busan, Republic of Korea 8-16 August 2018

ANNUAL REPORT TO THE COMMISSION PART 1: INFORMATION ON FISHERIES, RESEARCH, AND STATISTICS

WCPFC-SC14-AR/CNM-30

ECUADOR

The Commission for the Conservation and Management of Highly Migratory Fish Stocks in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean

Scientific Committee Fourth Regular Session

Port Moresby, Papua New Guinea 11–22 August 2008

ANNUAL REPORT TO THE COMMISSION PART 1: INFORMATION ON FISHERIES, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

Purpose: To provide relevant information to the Commission on fishing activities of CCMs and cooperating non-CCMs, including management and compliance issues. The report should include all fishing activities for highly migratory species being undertaken within the Convention Area as required by the Convention and decisions by the Commission.

PART 1. INFORMATION ON FISHERIES, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

(Summary information for the <u>previous year</u>, complementary to data submitted¹)

Part 1 of the Annual Report is due one-month prior to the annual regular session of the Scientific Committee.

Part 1 of the Annual Report shall include the following, completed box at the front of the report.

Scientific data was provided to the Commission in accordance with the decision relating to the provision of scientific data to the Commission by 30 April 2xxx

YES

If no, please indicate the reason(s) and intended actions:

ANNUAL FISHERIES INFORMATION

Essential information

E2201		
	Annual catch and effort by primary	Purse-Seine:
Ι	species and gear in the WCPFC	Annual catch 2017: 13571 MT
	Convention Area	Annual catch 2016: 3932 MT
		Annual catch 2015: 11378 MT
		Annual catch 2014: 17216 MT
	Number of vessels by gear type and	2017: 4 Purse-seine vessels; Guayatuna
II	size (fleet structure)	Uno, Guayatuna Dos, Panama Tuna. San
		Andrés >1500.
		2016: 3 purse-seine vessels >1500
		2015: 7 purse-seine vessels >1500
		2014: 11 purse-seine vessels >1500
III	Fishing patterns (catch by time/area)	Ecuadorian vessels perform activities in a
		geographical range between: 04°40'N – 06°38'S
		latitude, and $128^{\circ}00'W - 157^{\circ}58'W$ longitude.
	Estimated total catches of non-target,	Non-Target species:
IV	associated and dependent species	Silky Shark: 538
	(Individuals)	White-tip Shark: 5
		Whale Shark: 1

¹Catch/effort and scientific data in un-aggregated form supplied separately to the Commission in accordance with Scientific Data to be provided to the Commission.

Useful information

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V	The WCP fishing trends of Ecuadorian vessels depends on fishing days bought for the coastal country. As predicted in the 2016 AR Part1 the total catch increased by four times,
	possibly due to the increase of the number of vessels active on 2017. No transshipments
	were reported during 2017.
VI	Our fleet aim mainly for tuna, in order to storage them in the freezing wells. That fish is
	sold in the local market of Ecuador and also exported to foreign markets.
VII	Disposal of catch (fresh/frozen/other)/market destination (export/domestic)
VIII	Ecuador has fishing facilities, which allow adequate control and monitoring of fishing
	vessels landings, and also has many processing facilities which allow to produce around
	500.000 tons.
IX	Ecuador wants to be a Member of the Commission in order to fully cooperate, and fish in
	high seas to increase our participation in the Convention Area.

RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

X	Summary of observer and port sampling programmes (scientific data)
XI	Research activities (tunas, other species, species of special interest, oceanographic
	influences, etc.)
XII	Statistical data collection systems in use (describe)
XIII	Data coverage of catch, effort and size data for all species (Logsheets and release table
	attached).

Annex 1. Suggested layout for PART 1 of the Annual Report to the Commission

ction	Sections in Annual Report
1*	ABSTRACT/SUMMARY
	Ecuadorian purse-seiner vessels have been fishing in the Western-Central Pacific (WCP) waters since 2014. In 2017 only four vessels were fishing in
	the WCP: Guayatuna Uno, Guayatuna Dos, Panama Tuna and San Andrés.
	These vessels aim for Yellow-fin, Big-eye and Skipjack tunas.
2*	Tabular Annual Fisheries Information (see below)
4	Attachements: Logsheets of the fishing vessels in 2017 provided by Operators.
3	Background
	Ecuadorian purse-seine vessels have been performing fishing
	activities since 2014 in the Convention Area and since then, seven
	vessels have been authorized to fish in the WCP waters.
4*	Flag State Reporting
	Since 2017 only four purse-seine vessels were fishing in the WCP, however
	five vessels had permission to fish in the WCP area, these vessels are also
	registered in the IATTC, and have permission to fish in the Eastern Pacific
	(EP). They aim to catch tunas and related species and to do so, they comply
	with the IATTC resolutions and the Conservative Management measures of
	the WCPFC. There are no more fisheries and no more vessels authorized b
	Ecuador to fish in the WCP.
5	Coastal State Reporting
	N/A
	N/A
	N/A
	N/A
6	
6	Socio-economic factors
6	
	Socio-economic factors N/A
6 7	Socio-economic factors N/A Disposal of catch
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* Essential information