

ELEVENTH REGULAR SESSION Faleata Sports Complex, Apia, SAMOA 1 - 5 December 2014

Japan proposal on SKJ TRP

WCPFC11-2014-DP-26 04 December 2014

Paper by Japan

Japan's proposal on WCPF SKJ TRP

Nature of SKJ Stock and SKJ Fisheries

Skipjack Catch in the Western central Pacific Ocean Ocean 180 170W 160W 150W 140W 130W 100°E 120°E 140'W 120'W 60'N 40'N Fishing area Distribution 20'N Spawning area 0 20°S SKIPJACK CATCH (MT 40°S 60°S 160W 130W

Stock exists almost entire WCPO, 40N to 40S

Skipjack distribution, spawning and fishing area in the Western central

• Most catch (more than 1.5 million t) comes from Tropical Zone

200

- Management interest of WCPFC seemed to have been focused on PS fisheries in equatorial zone
- Difficulties and plights of other area have seemed to be overlooked

SKJ stock is said to be healthy



$SB_{current}\xspace$ is twice as large as SB_{MSY}

	SKIPJACK		YELLOWFIN		BIGEYE	
	Volume (mt)	%	Volume (mt)	%	Volume (mt)	%
SB _{F=0}	6,303,358	100%	1,990,529	100%	1,613,855	100%
SB _{current}	3,052,995	48%	773,429	39%	265,599	16%
SB _{msy}	1,683,000	27%	728,300	37%	345,400	21%
MSY	1,532,000		586,400		108,520	

However, in reality, poor migration to northern area have been occurring. Japan's case;



Lengthy discussions on poor migration such as:

- Oceanic Change
- Yes, oceanic condition changes year by year, but catch volume has shown constant decline.
- No scientific evidence that poor migration has caused due to "over-catch in Tropical area" and associated "range contraction"
- Catch volumes between tropical PS and respective artisanal fisheries are so different !

PS tropical catch vs JPN's artisanal catch: 1,500,000t vs 3,000t Where SB is around 3,000,000t Several thousand tons of decreased catch in northern area cannot impact on gross stock assessment

<u>Need to understand that MSY approach does</u> <u>not perfect.</u>

MSY: Maximum Sustainable Yield

- But where is the "Yield" comes from?
- And where is the "Yield" harvested ?

Most "Yield" might be harvested before migration



Skipjack distribution, spawning and fishing area in the Western central

Skipjack Catch in the Western central Pacific Ocean



Resource should be recovered to the level local depletion has not been observed.



According to the recent research, there are 4 major SKJ migration route to Japan, and western route has decreased.



Conclusion

- Japan believes that local depletion problem can be solved among joint efforts of members situated in area 4 & 5.
- Until such time as effective management measures be introduced, TRP shall precautionary be set at 60% of the estimated recent average spawning biomass in the absence of fishing.

In addition to factors proposed by PNA + Tokelau,

This approach is also consistent with other principles set forth in the Convention.

- Stocks in their entirely (Art. 5)
- Interest of artisanal fisheries (Art. 5 (h))
- The historic catch in an area (Art. 10. 3 (c))
- The needs of coastal communities which are dependent mainly on fishing for the stock (Art. 10.3 (g))