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**SUMMARY OF REPORTING RECEIVED BY WCPFC IN ACCORDANCE WITH
CMM 2012-01 AND CMM 2013-01**

**WCPFC -SC10-2014-MI-IP01¹
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Paper prepared by WCPFC Secretariat

¹ Update of WCPFC10-2013-10 rev6, and includes reporting under CMM 2013-01

SUMMARY OF REPORTING RECEIVED BY WCPFC IN ACCORDANCE WITH CMM 2012-01 AND CMM 2013-01

1. This paper summarises year to date reporting in 2014 by CCMs under CMM 2013-01 *Conservation and Management Measure for Bigeye, Yellowfin and Skipjack* and provides end of year reporting in 2013 for reporting by CCMs under CMM 2012-01 *Conservation and Management Measure for Bigeye, Yellowfin and Skipjack*.

Additional FAD Set Reduction Notifications and Reporting (CMM 2012-01 paragraph 11)

2. During 2013 and presently in 2014, a three month prohibition on setting FADs (FAD closure) by purse seine vessels during 1 July – 30 September was to be implemented by flag CCMs for their vessels within EEZs and high seas waters located 20N and 20S (CMM 2012-01 paragraph 11 and CMM 2013-01 paragraph 14). The rules that were to be applied in the high seas during the FAD closure are described in CMM 2009-02.²

3. In addition to the three month FAD closure, CCMs are to choose one of two options for additional FAD set reduction for their vessels: apply 4th month FAD closure (Oct 1 – 31) OR an annual FAD set limit (CMM 2012-01 paragraph 11 and CMM 2013-01 paragraph 16). A summary of the notifications received by WCPFC for 2013 is provided in Table 1, and Table 2 provides notifications for 2014 to date. Some CCMs are yet to advise of their choice for their vessels in 2013 and/or 2014.

4. SIDS are able to advise of certain vessels that are exempted from the additional FAD set reduction requirement, i.e. SIDS vessels that are exempted from the 4th month FAD closure or are to be managed outside of the annual FAD set limit for 3 years following their introduction (CMM 2012-01 paragraph 11 footnote 2 and CMM 2013-01 paragraph 16 footnote 3). Three CCMs have notified in 2013 and 2014, the vessels to be exempted are provided in footnotes to Table 1 and Table 2 respectively.

5. Most CCMs chose in 2013 and 2014 to have their flagged vessels implement the 4th month FAD closure (1- 31 October 2013). Three CCMs chose the alternative option of an annual limit on FAD sets in 2013 and four CCMs chose this option in 2014. In 2014, three CCMs have provided some reporting in response to the requirements set out in paragraph 19 of CMM 2013-01. The reported number of FAD sets compared to the FAD set limit is provided in the third column from the right, in Table 1 and the fourth column from the right in Table 2.

² TCC9 clarified that the references in CMM 2012-01 to CMM 2009-02 rules are to be taken to be specific for high seas waters of the Convention Area.

Table 1: Summary of Notifications and Reporting to WCPFC related to additional FAD Set reduction in the purse seine fishery operating 20N to 20S during 2013 (CMM 2012-01 paragraph 11) as at 3 August 2014

| FLAG CCMs | SIDS exemptions (footnote 2) 2013 | 2013 Choice of additional FAD Set Reduction option (para 11) | | 2013 CMM 2012-01 Attachment B Reporting | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | i) prohibit setting on FADs in Oct | ii) annual limit of FAD sets | Total reported FAD sets / Limit | Est. bigeye catch ³ | Time period for reporting |
| Australia | | YES | | | | |
| China | | YES | | | | |
| Ecuador | | | | | | |
| El Salvador | | YES | | | | |
| European Union | | YES: Rec'd 2 Apr | | | | |
| Federated States of Micronesia | 2 ⁴ | | YES | 132 / 606 (21.8%) | 139.5 Mt | 1 Jan – 24 Nov |
| Indonesia | | YES: Rec'd 3 May | | | | |
| Japan | | | YES | 995 / 1477 (67.37%) | 2127.4 Mt | 1 Jan – 31 Dec |
| Kiribati | 6 ⁵ | | YES | 241 / 301 (80.1%) | 1797.65 Mt | 1 Jan – 22 Nov |
| Republic of Korea | | YES | | | | |
| Marshall Islands | | | | | | |
| New Zealand | | YES | | | | |
| Papua New Guinea | | YES Rec'd 19 Jun ⁶ | | | | |
| Philippines | | YES Rec'd 28 May | | | | |
| Solomon Islands | 5 ⁷ | YES | | | | |
| Chinese Taipei | | YES | | | | |
| Tuvalu | | YES Rec'd 14 May | | | | |
| United States of America | | YES ⁸ | | | | |
| Vanuatu | | YES Rec'd 10 May | | | | |

³ At least one CCM has indicated that the reported figures are subject to correction when more information is available.

⁴ Two FSM flagged vessels: Queen Mary (IRCS: V6P88); Trinidad III (IRCS: V6P89)

⁵ One Japan flagged vessel: Wakaba 3 (IRCS JNBA); five Kiribati flagged vessels: Moamari (T3JG); Mariraoi (T3AF2); Tajjin 18 (T3EG); Maomaeu (T3BL2); Mataika (T3AA2)

⁶ Partial: Advises of implementation of additional FAD set reduction for PNG EEZ. Also indicates that because PNG has an existing FAD management plan for Anchored FADs, PNG will still allow fishing on Anchored FADs in the EEZ but not on floating/drifted objects.

⁷ Five Solomon Island flagged vessels: Solomon Jade (H4AB); Solomon Emerald (H4NF); Solomon Opal (H4AL); Solomon Pearl (H4NK); Solomon Ruby (H4AM).

⁸ The option identified may be subject to change.

Table 2: Summary of Notifications and Reporting to WCPFC related to additional FAD Set reduction in the purse seine fishery operating 20N to 20S during 2014 (CMM 2013-01 paragraph 16 and 19) - as at 3 August 2014

| FLAG CCMs | SIDS exemptions (footnote 3) 2014 | 2014 Choice of additional FAD Set Reduction option (para 16) | | 2014 FAD set Reporting (para 19) | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | a) prohibit setting on FADs in Oct | b) annual limit of FAD sets (Att A) | Reported FAD sets / Limit | Number of Total Sets | Est. bigeye catch ⁹ | Time period for reporting |
| Australia | | | | | | | |
| China | | YES | | | | | |
| Ecuador | | YES: Rec'd 2 July | | | | | |
| El Salvador | | YES: Rec'd 3 July | | | | | |
| European Union | | YES: Rec'd 30 Jun | | | | | |
| Federated States of Micronesia | 5 ¹⁰ | | YES | 78 / 604 (12.91%) | | 180.1 Mt | 1 Jan – 30 Jun |
| Indonesia | | | | | | | |
| Japan | | | YES | 494 / 2139 (23.9%) | 2058 | 1388.8 Mt | 1 Jan – 30 May |
| Kiribati | 9 ¹¹ | | YES | | | | |
| Republic of Korea | | | YES | 677 / 2286 (29.62%) | 3077 | 620.8 | 1 Jan – 30 June |
| Marshall Islands | | | | | | | |
| New Zealand | | YES | | | | | |
| Papua New Guinea | | | | | | | |
| Philippines | | | | | | | |
| Solomon Islands | 5 ¹² | YES: Rec'd 10 Jul | | | | | |
| Chinese Taipei | | YES | | | | | |
| Tuvalu | | | | | | | |
| United States of America | | YES | | | | | |
| Vanuatu | | | | | | | |

⁹ At least one CCM has indicated that the reported figures are subject to correction when more information is available.

¹⁰ Five FSM flagged vessels: Queen Mary (IRCS: V6P88); Trinidad III (IRCS: V6P89); Seipal (IRCS: V6P1164); Taiyo Pohnpei (IRCS: V6PTP); Taiyo Chuuk (IRCS: V6PTC)

¹¹ One Japan flagged vessel: Wakaba 3 (IRCS JNBA); three China-flagged vessels: Jin Hui No.1 (IRCS: BZVK); Jin Hui No.6 (IRCS: BIWK); Jin Hui No.7 (IRCS: BIWK); Jin Hui No.18 (IRCS: BZU8E); nine Kiribati flagged vessels: Moamari (T3JG); Mariraoi (T3AF2); Taijin 18 (T3EG); Moamaeu (T3BL2); Mataika (T3AA2); Marawa I (T3LM2); Mamautari (T3LW2); Maroraoi (T3LN2); Joon Discoverer (T3LB2).

¹² Five Solomon Island flagged vessels: Solomon Jade (H4AB); Solomon Emerald (H4NF); Solomon Opal (H4AL); Solomon Pearl (H4NK); Solomon Ruby (H4AM).

FAD Management Plans (CMM 2012-01, paragraph 24 and CMM 2013-01 paragraph 37)

FAD Management Plan

37. By 1 July 2014, CCMs fishing on the high seas shall submit to the Commission Management Plans for the use of FADs by their vessels on the high seas, if they have not done so. These Plans shall include strategies to limit the capture of small bigeye and yellowfin tuna associated with fishing on FADs, including implementation of the FAD closure pursuant to paragraphs 14 – 18. The Plans shall at a minimum meet the Suggested Guidelines for Preparation for FAD Management Plans for each CCM (Attachment E).

6. Table 3 lists the notifications that the WCPFC has received from CCMs for this requirement. Copies of FAD Management Plans and other notifications can be found on the WCPFC website at the following address: <https://www.wcpfc.int/conservation-and-management-obligations-other-data>

Table 3. List of the notifications that WCPFC has received to date, in response to CMM 2012-01 paragraph 24 and CMM 2013-01 paragraph 37 (and CMM 2008-01 paragraph 23).

| CCM | Submission Date |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Australia | 5 December 2007 |
| Belize | 8 July 2009 |
| China | 30 June 2013 |
| Ecuador | 25 July 2013 |
| European Union | 27 October 2010 |
| El Salvador | 27 March 2012 |
| Federated States of Micronesia | 1 July 2009 |
| Japan | 25 January 2008 |
| Kiribati | 27 June 2014 |
| Republic of Korea | 11 November 2011 |
| Republic of Marshall Islands | 1 July 2014 |
| New Zealand | 25 September 2008 |
| Papua New Guinea | 5 November 2007 |
| Philippines | 30 June 2014 |
| Solomon Islands | 1 July 2008 |
| Chinese Taipei | 1 July 2009 |
| United States of America ¹³ | 20 August 2013 |
| Vanuatu | 30 March 2012 |

Advice on purse seine catch or effort limits

7. CMM 2013-01 establishes purse seine EEZ limits for the members of the PNA (paragraph 20 of CMM 2013-01), and for CCMs that had more than 1500 days of purse seine effort which occurred its EEZ over the period 2006 – 2010 (paragraph 22). For other coastal State CCMs, with EEZs within the Convention Area they are to establish and notify limits, see paragraph 23:

23. Other coastal States within the Convention Area other than those referred to in paragraph 20 and paragraph 22 shall establish effort limits, or equivalent catch limits for purse seine fisheries within their EEZs that reflect the geographical distributions of skipjack, yellowfin, and bigeye tunas, and are

¹³ Previously provided a letter of notification of compatible legislation respecting FADs (Jun 30 2010)

consistent with the objectives for those species. Those coastal States that have already notified limits to the Commission shall restrict purse seine effort and/or catch within their EEZs in accordance with those limits. Those coastal State CCMs that have yet to notify limits to the Commission shall do so by 30 June 2014.

8. To date, thirteen CCMs have provided advice to WCPFC Secretariat in accordance with paragraph 23 of CMM 2013-01 (Table 4). Most CCMs did not report in Annual Report Part 2 for 2013 as required by paragraph 24. Table 4 may not be an exhaustive list of CCMs to which paragraph 22 - 24 applies.

Table 4. Summary of purse-seine EEZ limits applicable or notified in accordance with CMM 2013-01 (as notified under CMM 2012-01 paragraph 14 or CMM 2013-01 paragraph 23)

| CCM | Purse seine EEZ limits (notified or estimated) | CMM 2012-01 para 14 Date of receipt | WCPFC10 DP | CMM 2013-01 para 23 Date of receipt | CMM 2013-01 para 24 report Date of receipt |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| PNA EEZs | 43,926 days ¹⁴ | | | | 26 June |
| Indonesia | 3,374 days ¹⁵ | | | | |
| Philippines | 4,623 days ¹⁶ | | | | |
| Australia | 30,000Mt SKJ ¹⁷ | 15 Nov 2013 | DP19 | | |
| Cook Islands | 1,250 days ¹⁸ * | 14 Nov 2013 | DP20 | | |
| Fiji | 300 days* | 15 Nov 2013 | DP21 | | |
| French Polynesia | | | | | |
| Japan | 1500 days | 18 Nov 2013 | DP26 | 30 Jun 2014 | |
| Korea | 4,298 days | | | 30 Jun 2014 | |
| New Caledonia | 20,000Mt SKJ | | | 25 June 2014 | 30 Jun - partial |
| New Zealand | 40,000Mt SKJ | 15 Nov 2013 | DP18 | 25 July 2014 | 30 Jun - partial |
| Niue | 200 days ¹⁹ * | 16 Nov2013 | DP25 | | 1 July- partial |
| Samoa | 150 days | 13 Nov2013 | DP22 | | |
| Chinese Taipei | | | | | 1 July- partial |
| Tokelau | 1000 days ²⁰ | 4 Oct 2011 | DP28 | | |
| Tonga | 150 - 250 days* | 18 Nov2013 | DP27 | | |
| United States of America | 2,588 days ²¹ | 23 Oct 2013 | DP23 | | 28 Jun- partial |
| Vanuatu | 200 days | 15 Nov 2013 | DP24 | | 27 Jun- partial |
| Wallis and Futuna | | | | | |

* CCM also noted that it has a collective obligation as FFA non-PNA member of an additional limit of no more than 300 fishing days per annum for US Multilateral Treaty, with the ability of further fishing arranged on a bilateral basis.

¹⁴ SPC advice as at 11 July 2014 (Table 1) – estimated EEZ fishing days level in 2010

¹⁵ SPC advice as at 11 July 2014 (Table 1) – average of estimated EEZ fishing days effort in 2001-2004

¹⁶ SPC advice as at 11 July 2014 (Table 1) – average of estimated EEZ fishing days effort 2001-2004

¹⁷ and 600 Mt for bigeye and yellowfin tuna for purse seine vessels fishing

¹⁸ And a cumulative catch limit for skipjack tuna of 30,000 Mt in any consecutive four quarterly period.

¹⁹ And purse seine catch limit for skipjack tuna of 3000 Mt for the EEZ per annum, and combined bigeye and yellowfin purse seine catch limit of 1000 Mt

²⁰ or a catch limit of 30,000 tonnes on the purse seine fishery in our EEZ. This limit will begin to be implemented as of 1 January 2012.

²¹ applies to US EEZ combined and US fleet on high seas, currently developing regulations to establish limit for U.S. EEZ and will revise accordingly

Monthly reports of bigeye longline catches (CMM 2012-01 paragraph 27 and CMM 2013-01 paragraph 44)

9. CMM 2012-01 and CMM 2013-01 imposed bigeye longline catch limits for all CCMs, except SIDS. CCMs which were subject to limits in the relevant CMM Attachment F were required to provide monthly catches of bigeye tuna by their flagged vessels by the end of the following month. In 2014, CCMs with a limit of 2,000 Mt or less (to whom CMM 2013-01 paragraph 41 applies) were not required to submit monthly reports, although some CCMs have provided voluntary reporting. A summary of 2013 and 2014 monthly reported bigeye catches compared to the applicable CMM limits are shown in Table 5. It should be noted that many CCMs have advised the Secretariat at the time of providing their monthly reports that the reported catches are provisional estimates and maybe subject to revision.

Table 5: Summary of CCM reporting of bigeye longline catch by WCPFC in accordance with paragraph 27 of CMM 2012-01 paragraph 27 and CMM 2013-01 paragraph 44 - as at 3 August 2014

| FLAG CCMs | 2013 | | 2014 | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|
| | 2013 catch (Mt) / Limit ²² | % of limit | Catch / Limit (Mt) | Reporting Period | % of limit |
| Australia | 493 / 2000 | 24.7% | 2,000 | | |
| Belize | 114 / 803 ²³ | 14.1% | 803 | | |
| China | 10,672 / 10,673 | 100% | 5,151 / 9,398 | 1 Jan – 30 Jun | 54.8% |
| European Union | 42 / 2,000 | 2.1 % | 2,000 | | |
| Indonesia | _____ / 5,889 | _____ | _____ / 5,889 | _____ | _____ |
| Japan | 14,730 / 19,670 | 74.9% | 3,952 / 19,670 | 1 Jan – 30 Jun | 20.1% |
| Republic of Korea ²⁴ | 8,594 / 14,714 | 71.0% | 6,382 / 15,014 | 1 Jan – 30 Jun | 45.8% |
| New Zealand | 116 / 2,000 | 5.8% | 2,000 | | |
| Philippines | 168 / 2,000 | 8.4% | 2,000 | | |
| Chinese Taipei | 10,448 / 11,062 | 94.4% | 5,753 / 11,288 | 1 Jan – 30 Jun | 51.0% |
| United States of America | 3,704 / 3,763 | 98.4% | 2,232 / 3763 | 1 Jan – 30 Jun | 59.3% |

WCPFC – IATTC Overlap Area (WCPFC9 Decision, paragraph 80)

10. The WCPFC9 decision on the application of measures in the part of the WCPF Convention Area that overlaps with the IATTC Convention Area says that in the case of a WCPFC member who is also an IATTC member, and who has vessels on both records/register of IATTC and WCPFC, the corresponding flag Member shall decide and notify both organisations under which

²² Attachment F includes a footnote: “Korea and Chinese Taipei will voluntarily restrict its catch level at 2% less than the catch limits specified here in 2013.” The numbers shown in the table reflect the application of this reduction for these two CCMs.

²³ Report incomplete 1 Jan – 31 Aug 2013

²⁴ For Korea, the cumulative catch is for the part of the WCPF Convention Area which excludes overlap with IATTC Convention Area. Catches reported in overlap area for 2013 were 2353 Mt, and 1 Jan – 30 Jun 2014 were 241.5 Mt.

of the two Commissions those vessels shall operate when fishing in the overlap area with IATTC and WCPFC. If a CCM is a member of only one RFMO, the rules of the RFMO of which it is a member apply in the overlap area between WCPFC and IATTC, even if the CCM is a cooperating non-member of the other RFMO. (see WCPFC9 Summary Report, paragraph 80)

11. CMM 2013-01 paragraph 13 says:

The catch and effort limits in paragraphs 16 - 18 (FAD sets), paragraph 25 (high seas purse seine effort limits), paragraph 40 (bigeye longline catch), and paragraphs 28 and 43 (yellowfin purse seine effort and longline catch) shall be calculated from the relevant historical levels within the Convention Area except for those Member flag States who, consistent with the WCPFC9 decision (paragraph 80 of WCPFC9 Summary Report), notify of their choice to implement IATTC measures in the overlap area. For those Member flag States who choose to implement IATTC measures in the overlap area, the calculation of their limits for the Convention Area (excluding the overlap area) shall exclude historical catch or effort within the overlap area. Notwithstanding decisions on application of catch and/or effort limits, all other provisions of this measure apply to all vessels fishing in the overlap area.

12. The Secretariat has received no updated advice in 2014 from members since late 2013 of WCPFC member's choice of WCPFC/IATTC measures in the Overlap Area. In accordance with this WCPFC9 decision and the relevant notifications received by WCPFC to date the following three CCMs are able to exclude catches taken by certain vessels, from being counted against their CMM 2012-01/CMM 2013-01 bigeye longline catch limit:²⁵

- Belize – As a WCPFC Cooperating Non-Member which is a contracting party of IATTC;
- European Union – in accordance with letter received by WCPFC on 2 April 2013; and
- Republic of Korea – in accordance with advice received by WCPFC on 8th July 2013.

Of these three CCMs, to date only Korea has provided reports of total estimated catches by month of bigeye and yellowfin longline tuna for the overlap area with IATTC (the reported catches in the overlap area are provided in a footnote to Table 5).²⁶

Reporting of 2013 yellowfin catches by longline as at 31 October 2013 (CMM 2012-01 paragraph 28)

13. CMM 2012-01 paragraph 28 says:

Yellowfin

CCMs are encouraged to take measures not to increase their catch of yellowfin tuna. Each CCM shall report to WCPFC10 its 2013 catch of yellowfin tuna as of October 31.

²⁵ This is a subset of the list of notifications received for the overlap area, for a complete list CCMs can access the list on WCPFC Secure CCM side: <https://www.wcpfc.int/overlap-area-iattc> : Ecuador and El Salvador have both written to confirm the application of the IATTC rules to its purse seine vessels when operating within the overlap area between IATTC and WCPFC.

²⁶ The other two CCMs have provided information in a spreadsheet format, which probably could be used to derive an estimate of catches in the overlap area with IATTC.

14. At the time of writing the WCPFC Secretariat had received reports from eight CCMs; two are partial reports (Table 6). Table 6 will be updated as additional reports from CCMs are received.

Table 6. Summary of advice received to date from CCMs of their reported catches of yellowfin tuna in longline fisheries. (as at 3 August 2014)

| CCM | Date of receipt by WCPFC t | Reported Catch (Mt) | WCPFC-IATTC Overlap Area Catch (Mt) | Period covered by report |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Australia | 19 Nov 2013 | 799.8 | | 1 Jan – 31 Oct |
| Belize | 9 Oct 2013 | 8.1 | | 1 Jan – 30 Aug |
| China | 20 Nov 2013 | 3,132 | | 1 Jan – 31 Oct |
| French Polynesia | 1 Nov 2013 | 474 | | 1 Jan – 30 Sept |
| Japan ²⁷ | 20 Nov 2013 | 9,131.8 | | 1 Jan – 31 Oct |
| | 21 Nov 2013 | 4,909.5 | ?? | 1 Jan – 31 Oct |
| Republic of Korea | (revised 1 July 2014) | | | |
| New Caledonia ²⁸ | 22 Nov 2013 | 476 | | 1 Jan – 31 Oct |
| New Zealand ²⁹ | 25 Nov 2013 | 0.4 | | 1 Jan – 31 Oct |
| Niue ³⁰ | 16 Nov 2013 | 950 | | 1 Jan – 31 Oct |
| Philippines | 14 Apr 2014 | 26.1 | | 1 Jan – 31 Oct |
| Chinese Taipei | 23 Nov 2013 | 14,067.0 | | 1 Jan – 31 Oct |
| United States of America | 25 Nov 2013 | 931 ³¹ | | 1 Jan – 31 Oct |

Reporting of Other Commercial Fisheries (CMM 2012-01 paragraph 31 and CMM 2013-01 paragraph 48)

15. CMM 2013-01 paragraph 47 and 48 says:

Other commercial fisheries

47. CCMs shall take necessary measures to ensure that the total effort and capacity of their respective other commercial tuna fisheries for bigeye, yellowfin and skipjack tuna but excluding those fisheries taking less than 2,000 tonnes of bigeye, yellowfin, and skipjack, shall not exceed the average level for the period 2001-2004 or 2004.

²⁷ This is estimated catch mainly based on VMS data and subject to correction when more information is available

²⁸ Preliminary

²⁹ This is total yellowfin landed for the period 1 Jan 2013 - 31 Oct 2013 where the vessel is using fishing method Surface Longline.

³⁰ EEZ report

³¹ Catch is provisional: consists of 401 Mt for the American Samoa longline fishery; 530 Mt for the U.S. longline.

48. CCMs shall provide the Commission with estimates of fishing effort for these other fisheries or proposals for the provision of effort data for these fisheries for 2013 and future years.

16. To date, WCPFC understands the limit for other commercial fisheries for bigeye, yellowfin and skipjack tuna (excluding those taking less than 2,000 Mt of bigeye, yellowfin and skipjack), applies to four WCPFC members for certain of their other commercial fisheries. In 2014, these CCMs and any others to which the limit is applicable should provide the Commission with estimates of fishing effort for these fisheries for 2013, or proposals for provision of effort data for these fisheries for 2013 or future years.

Notifications of new large-scale purse seine vessels (larger than 24m) for which building approval has been granted (CMM 2013-01 paragraph 50)

17. CMM 2013-01 specifies limits on number purse seine vessels for some flag CCMs. Paragraph 49, 50 and 55 of CMM 2013-01 says:

Capacity Management – Purse Seine Vessels

49. Other than SIDS and Indonesia, CCMs shall not increase the number of purse seine vessels flying their flag larger than 24m with freezing capacity between 20N and 20S (hereinafter “LSPSVs”) above the current level.³²

50. The concerned CCMs shall ensure that any new LSPSV constructed or purchased to replace a previous vessel or vessels, shall have a carrying capacity or well volume no larger than the vessel(s) being replaced, or shall not increase the catch or effort in the Convention Area from the level of the vessels being replaced. In such case, the authorization of the replaced vessel shall be immediately revoked. Notwithstanding the first sentence in this paragraph, for those vessels for which building approval has already been granted and notified to the Commission before 1 March 2014, the construction of those vessels will be in accordance with existing regulations of the concerned CCMs.

55. Nothing in this measure shall restrict the ability of SIDS to construct or purchase vessels from other CCMs for their domestic fleets.

18. During 2013/2014 the WCPFC Secretariat has received and sent out by WCPFC Circular a number of notifications of new large-scale purse seine vessels (larger than 24m) that have been approved for building. Some of these notifications are relevant to the limits in CMM 2013-01 paragraph 49 and 50, and others were voluntary notifications related to new building approval for SIDS and Indonesia. A summary of these reports from CCMs will be provided in the update of this paper which will be submitted to TCC10.

³² China shall limit its number of flagged purse seine vessels to 20 vessels to accommodate vessels moving back under its flag from the flags of other CCMs.