

TROPICAL TUNA CONSERVATION & MANAGEMENT MEASURE

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SC recommendations for a new TT CMM include:



✓ Reduce FAD use

- ✓ Apply clear PS effort limits in all areas
- Reduce fishing mortality on bigeye tuna from the LL fishery
- Adopt management measures that apply to all sectors of the fishery
- LL bigeye reductions and FAD set reductions presented by SPC at SC9



Balance of Longline and Purse Seine Cuts





% BET overfishing removed relative to	Scalar on 2011		Contribution to reduction (%)	
status quo - 2011	LL catch	PS ASS effort	LL	PS ASS
100.12	1.19	0.47	-8.93	108.93
100.04	1.14	0.49	-5.1	105.1
99.96	1.09	0.51	-1.27	101.27
99.89	1.04	0.53	2.56	97.44
99.81	0.99	0.55	6.4	93.6
100.18	0.96	0.56	8.67	91.33
100.10	0.91	0.58	12.5	87.5
100.03	0.86	0.6	16.34	83.66
99.95	0.81	0.62	20.19	79.81
99.87	0.76	0.64	24.04	75.96
100.16	0.68	0.67	30.09	69.91
100.09	0.63	0.69	33.94	66.06
100.01	0.58	0.71	37.79	62.21
99.93	0.53	0.73	41.65	58.35
99.86	0.48	0.75	45.52	54.48
100.15	0.4	0.78	51.52	48.48
100.07	0.35	0.8	55.38	44.62
100.00	0.3	0.82	59.25	40.75
99.92	0.25	0.84	63.13	36.87
99.84	0.2	0.86	67.01	32.99

PNA Position



From SPC advice on combinations to remove BET overfishing:

✓ Around 32% reductions in LL catches

✓ Around 33% reductions in PS FAD effort

Equal balance of Longline and Purse Seine Cuts

Purse Seine Fishery Management

- Objective is to optimize skipjack utilization
- Bigeye bycatch to be managed by mitigation measures
- Clear PS effort limits across all zones and HS, based on 2010 levels
- PNA has set a limit for its EEZ of the 2010 level and the Commission needs to adopt a compatible limit for the High Seas
- Compatible High Seas limit of 2,190 days (now updated to 2,239 days)
- Allocated if there's agreement, otherwise WCPFC closes the HS when limit is reached
- Reinstating the closure of the Western High Seas pockets
- Limit of 4,659 days for Philippines fishing under special arrangement in HS, based on 2004 level

Bigeye Bycatch Mitigation



- The Commission cannot adopt a measure that risks transferring a disproportionate burden to Small Island Developing States
- For the short term, up to 2 months FAD closure extension to 5 months, or equivalent alternative
- Has to be part of a package that includes appropriate reductions in Longline Bigeye catches and effort
- Replaced in time by zone based FAD set limits
- Transfer payment to the Small Island Developing States for disproportionate burden

Disproportionate Burden



- The FAD measures apply largely in the waters of SIDS at substantial cost
- The FAD measures benefit longline bigeye fishery which is mainly outside SIDS waters, especially in High Seas
- The Commission cannot adopt such measures without removing the disproportionate burden

Transfer Payments



- To avoid transfer of a disproportionate burden
- As an interim arrangement until a system to transfer longline bigeye rights to SIDS can be implemented
- \$15 million per additional month of FAD closure or equivalent FAD set limit
- Based on appropriate share of the estimated \$20m/month cost of FAD closure to fishing in SIDS waters
- Very small in relation to benefits to major longline fleets from improved bigeye stock status
- Can be financed from range of sources, including fees on High Seas purse seining and longlining

FAD closure extension or equivalent alternative



- 4th and 5th month extension; or
- Equivalent alternative measure to FAD closure based on limits to FAD set numbers can be considered with improvements on effectiveness
- + High Seas FAD ban to address high bigeye catch rates in the high seas

reduce FAD effort by around 30%



Longline Fishery Management

- Longline Catch Limits
- Longline Effort Reductions

Longline Catch Limits



- Existing longline bigeye catch limits have failed to achieve 30% reduction of bigeye fishing mortality and have not been effective
- Latest summary data shows Longline bigeye catches have only been reduced by 7.3% since 2008 and are increasing
- Catch reductions largely due to falling biomass and catch rates, not reduced fishing
- 32% cut in Longline bigeye catches is needed

Longline Effort Reductions



- Tropical LL effort has increased by >30% recently
- Completely out of control in the High Seas
- Reductions in longline effort are necessary
- PNA proposes a 1 month high seas closure for each month of the FAD closure to distant water longline vessels that are not supporting SIDS development
- Alternative proposals?

Capacity Limits



- Capacity limits on non-SIDS fleets should be considered in the new CMM
- They must apply to Purse Seine fleets as well as Longline fleets

PNA CONCEPT



- Hard limits for High Seas Purse Seine effort
- Up to 5 month FAD closure or equivalent FAD set limit
- Compensation to SIDS of \$15million/additional month
- Western High Seas pockets closed
- High Seas FAD closure
- 30% reduction in Longline bigeye catch limits for the 5 major LL fleets
- Distant water High Seas Longline closure for the same period as FAD closure
- Purse Seine & Longline non-SIDS capacity limit

	Key Purse Seine Measures		Longline Measures	
	Purse Seine Effort	BET Bycatch Mitigation (3)	LL Catch Limit (2)	Longline Effort
	allocation, WCPFC	 4 month FAD closure or 3 months FAD closure + a FAD limit by fleet, equivalent to 4 months FAD closure (4) \$15m transfer to SIDS 5 month FAD closure or 	Additional 10% reduction on CMM-2012-01	4 month HS closure to distant water vessels 5 month HS closure to distant
Secretariat closes HS fishing (20N/20S) after 2,190 days excl. fixed	 + a FAD limit by fleet, equivalent to 5 months FAD closure (4) \$30m transfer to SIDS 	2012-01	water vessels	
2017	limit for Philippines HS effort under special arrangement	Seas FAD closure or	Additional 30% reduction on CMM 2012-01	6 month HS closure to distant water vessels



ARIGATOU GOZAIMASU