

# **COMMISSION**

# **Twenty-First Regular Session**

28 November to 3 December 2024 Suva, Fiji (Hybrid)

**Development of a Crew Labour Standards Conservation and Management Measure** 

WCPFC21-2024-20 6 November 2024

Submitted by the Co-Chairs of the Labour Standards Intersessional Working Group

# **Executive Summary**

In 2024, there has been very good progress to develop the text of a binding measure on labour standards for crew on fishing vessels through two virtual workshops, email correspondence and a session at the Technical and Compliance Committee (TCC20), with the aim of submitting the CMM to WCPFC21 for adoption – as envisaged by WCPFC20.

The main outstanding issues include:

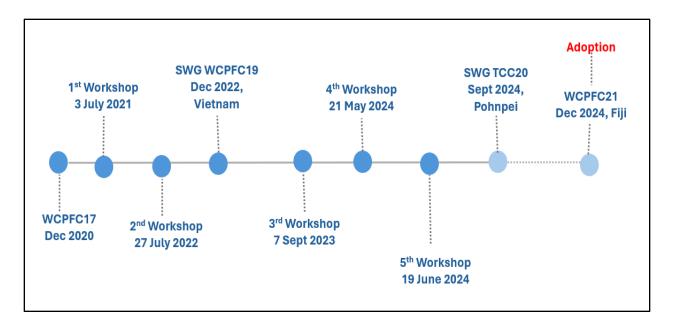
- the role of crew providers;
- breach of contract by crew members;
- informing the Secretariat on the death of a crew member (and the details to be provided);
- the question of ceasing all fishing operations if a crew member dies or is missing;
- whether there is a need for the owner and/or operator to inform the relevant embassy;
- the timing for notification of next of kin/designated contact if there is a missing crew member;
- the definition of "vicinity" for alerting other vessels for a search and rescue mission;
- the grounds for a port State to take action if it receives an allegation from a crew member;
- informing the Secretariat if a port CCM receives an allegation from a crew member;
- encouraging States providing crew to become a CNM;
- providing relevant contact points to the Secretariat;
- reporting requirements; and
- entry into force of the CMM.

# **Background**

In December 2020, following a proposal from Indonesia, WCPFC17 agreed to establish an intersessional process co-led by Indonesia and an FFA member to improve standards for crew on fishing vessels. FFA members subsequently appointed New Zealand to co-lead this work.

For Indonesia the work has been led by Ms Putuh Suadela. For New Zealand, the work has been led successively by Ms Emma Hodder, Ms Sarah McAvinchey and, now, Ms Heather Ward.

It has involved a number of virtual workshops, consultation by email, and sessions in the margins of TCC or WCPFC.



#### WCPFC20 in 2023:

"noted the overwhelming support of CCMs for further work in 2024 on crew labour standards and requested the Co-Chairs to work with interested CCMs to progress this work in 2024 so that a CMM on Crew Labour Standards can be adopted at WCPFC21."

For discussion of the work on a draft CMM at WCPFC20, see paragraphs 783 – 810 of WCPFC20 Summary Report: Rev01 WCPFC20 Summary Record FINAL 9 April 2024 (25).pdf

#### 2024 Workplan

In March 2024, the co-Chairs set out a workplan for 2024 - <u>Updated Labour Standards Workplan | WCPFC</u>. The workplan included multiple opportunities for email consultation on the text of the draft CCM on crew labour standards as well as two virtual workshops (21 May and 19 June 2024).

#### 21 May 2024 Workshop

- Documents prepared for the workshop can be found here: <u>Fourth Workshop on Labour</u>
   Standards for Crews on Fishing Vessels in WCPFC | WCPFC Meetings
- Following the 21 May workshop, the co-Chairs circulated notes of the discussion, co-Chairs' proposals on the text and an updated A3 version of the text: Work to develop a WCPFC CMM on labour standards onboard fishing vessels | Circulars

#### 19 June 2024 Workshop

 Documents prepared for the workshop can be found here: <u>Fifth Workshop on Labour Standards</u> for Crews on Fishing Vessels in WCPFC | WCPFC Meetings Following the 19 June workshop, the co-Chairs circulated notes of the discussion and an
updated A3 version of the text – and invited further comments. Progressing the CMM for
Labour Standards - Update and Next Steps | Circulars (wcpfc.int)

### Session at TCC20, 27 September 2024

- Documents prepared for the TCC20 discussion can be found here: <u>Labour Standards | WCPFC</u> Meetings
- Following discussion at TCC20, the co-Chairs circulated an updated A3 version of the text, along with the CMM 2013-06 assessment and the Audit Points check-list and invited comments by 1 November 2024. Notes on the Labour Standards Conservation and Management Measure | Circulars

#### Main changes and issues in the text

Over 2024, there has been very good progress on the development of a CMM on fishing vessel crew labour standards. This includes:

- New preambular paragraphs on other international treaties/standards: the 1995 International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Fishing Vessel Personnel; Cape Town Agreement of 2012; and an International Medical Guide for Ships.
  - Agreement still needed on reference to "Geneva Declaration on Human Rights at Sea;
     and proposal for a reference to the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations.
- Agreement on area of application (i.e. high seas, high seas + EEZs, 2 or more EEZs). [op.1]
- Outstanding issues relating to the role of crew providers (compared with flag State responsibility). New para 2 bis; new para 6 bis; and new para 13 bis from China. Note also new preambular para on art 23 (5) of the Convention on the control of nationals. See new op 4 bis text from co-Chairs to try and address the role of crew providers.
- Broad agreement on the **minimum conditions for crew** on board fishing vessels but outstanding issues on breach of contract by a crew member [op.5 (vii)]. [op.5]
- Broad agreement on obligations in the event of the **death of a crew member** but outstanding issues on informing the Secretariat as soon as practicable [chapeau] and the details to be provided [op 7 (f)]; the question of ceasing all fishing operations [op.7(a)]; and informing the relevant embassy [op7(b)]. **[op.7]**
- Remaining issues in the event a **crew member is missing or fallen overboard** relating to the appropriate time frame for the vessel owner/operator to notify next of kin or designated contact person [op.8 (c)]; the definition of the "vicinity" for alerting other vessels [op8.(d)]; and also the question of ceasing all fishing operations [op.8 (a)]. **[op.8**]

- Agreement on actions in the event of forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment.
   Some differences remain on the issue of an investigation and the role of a crew provider [op 9 (d)].
- Differences remain on the **grounds for a port CCM to notify a flag CCM** of an allegation of crew mistreatment, and whether the Secretariat should be informed [op.10 chapeau]. **[op.10]**
- Encouraging those States providing crew members that are CCMs, to become CNMs. [op13 bis]
- Establishment of specific **points of contact** within CCMs on the implementation of the CMM on crew labour standards. [new para 13 ter from China]
- Specification of annual reporting requirements [Op14]
- Date for **entry into force** of the CMM. **[op.15]**
- Agreement on particulars that could be included in a crew agreement. [Attachment 1]
- Agreement on **definitions**. [Attachment 2]

### **Attachments for consideration at WCPFC21**

- 1. Updated A3 version of the text including comments from CCMs provided by 1 November 2024.
- 2. CMM 2013-06 assessment.
- 3. Audit Points Checklist.



# CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT MEASURE ON CREW LABOUR STANDARDS

CMM 2024-XX

# **Key to Text column:**

Black text: Text where there have been no recent proposals for change or recent objections (i.e. during the 2024 processes). Text is presumed accepted for now unless there are new proposals.

[Red text]: Text that is still subject to discussion.

**Co-Chairs comments:** Comments and any proposed text [in red] is aimed at trying to resolve outstanding text and is open for discussion.

# NOTE THAT PARAGRAPH NUMBERS HAVE NOW BEEN CORRECTED – NUMBERS MAY BE DIFFERENT FROM EARLIER VERSIONS OF THIS DOCUMENT.

Para no	Text	Comments during TCC20 (27 Sept): Co-Chairs' proposals > TCC20. + comments provided by 1 Nov	Comments by 28 August 2024	Comments from 19 June workshop + comments received by 28 June	Comments from 21 May workshop + comments provided by 13 June	Comments by 3 May 2024	Background information
PREAM	MBULAR PARAGRAPHS						
	The Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC):				Chairs: This seems to be the usual starting point. Some CMMs add "in accordance with the Convention on the Conservation and Management of Highly Migratory Fish Stocks in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean (the Convention".		
PP1	Concerned about occurrences of poor labour conditions for crew members [IPNLF: and observers] onboard fishing vessels, forced or compulsory labour, and other forms of human trafficking, such as servitude, bonded labour, the worst forms of child labour and other human rights abuses;	JP & CN: expressed concern about IPNLF inclusion of "observers" in this pp – this is covered in the CMM on observer safety and is not covered in the operational paragraphs. Delete or []. WWF: Noted that observers are subject to similar conditions to crew on board vessels.  Chairs' comment: Since there were no comments on the US amendments (see column to the right), this has been	US: The US would like to offer some additional edits to preambular paragraph 1. Based on the language in the UN Protocol to Prevent, Suppress, and Punish Trafficking in Persons and the P029 - Protocol of 2014 to the Forced Labour Convention, 1930. "including forced or compulsory labour, and other mistreatment, such as and other forms of human trafficking, such as servitude, bonded labour, the worst forms of child labour and	US: PP1: Thanked co-Chairs for efforts. Small edit to pp1 – "instances" of poor labour did not read properly - sounded as if talking about specific incidents of forced labour. Suggest that "occurrences" of poor labour conditions might be better.	CA: Clarify the list - servitude, bonded labour, forced labour, child labour and other human rights abuses onboard fishing vessels. As drafted now, these aspects are considered in the context of human trafficking. Is that the intent?  US: Not the right formulation — concern about "on-going instances" and other language. Will offer to provide draft text for next meeting.  US: We appreciate the Chairs'	CA: seeks to clarify the list in this paragraph. As written, all items that follow human trafficking are considered in the context of instances of human trafficking only.	Convention C029 - Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29) (ilo.org)  Definition of forced labour specified in the ILO Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29) as: "For the purposes of this Convention, the term forced or compulsory labour shall mean all work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which the said person has not offered himself voluntarily".  ILO indicators of Forced

1

		accepted.	other human rights abuses".		new suggested text and have one	<u>Labour   International</u>
					suggestion, as noted below:	Labour Organization
		This draft CMM is specifically	IPNLF: Add "and observers"		"Concerned about occurrences of	Eleven ILO Indicators of Forced
		about conditions for crew – so	consistent with pp9.		poor labour conditions"	Labour:
		propose that IPNLF reference	Recommend harmonizing the		·	Abuse of vulnerability • Deception
		to observers is deleted as	reference to crew members			Restriction of movement •
		beyond scope. Note	"and observers" throughout			Isolation • Physical and sexual
			_			violence • Intimidation and threats
		observers are referred to in	the CMM. See also pp12.			Retention of identity documents
		pp 12 & 13.				Withholding of wages • Debt
						bondage • Abusive working and
						living conditions • Excessive
						overtime
						The Protocol for human
						trafficking (unodc.org)
						"Trafficking in persons" shall mean
						the recruitment, transportation,
						transfer, harbouring or receipt of
						persons, by means of the threat or
						use of force or other forms of
						coercion, of abduction, of fraud, of
						deception, of the abuse of power
						or of a position of vulnerability or
						of the giving or receiving of
						payments or benefits to achieve
						the consent of a person having
						control over another person, for
						the purpose of exploitation.
						Exploitation shall include, at a
						minimum, the exploitation of the
						prostitution of others or other
						forms of sexual exploitation, forced
						labour or services, slavery or
						practices similar to slavery,
						servitude or the removal of organs.
PP2	<b>Recalling</b> the importance of	Co-Chairs comment: No	CN: OK with references to	US: Noted that the Universal		
	respect for and protection of		ICCPR and ICESCR.	Declaration on Human Rights		
		suggested toxt incorporating a	reer it and ressert.			
	human rights, as set out in the	suggested text incorporating a	IDNE TI LIG III	from 1948 is a non-binding		
	Universal Declaration of	reference to the UDHR, but	IPNFL: The US position is	declaration. There are no		
	Human Rights 1948, and	also noting legally binding	correct to say that the UDHR	international obligations		
	enshrined in the International	ICCPR and ICESCR.	is non-binding and there are	"enshrined" in it. Suggest that		
			no international obligations	this should be replaced with a		
	Covenants on Civil and Political		enshrined compared to the	reference to the International		
	Rights and Economic, Social,		ICCPR and ICESCR.	Covenant on Civil and Political		
	and Cultural Rights of 1966;		Nonetheless, the removal of	Rights (ICCPR) and International		
			what is an internationally	Covenant on Economic, Social		
			recognised customary	and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) of		
			international human rights	1966. These are both binding		
				_		
			reference has the effect of	agreements.		
			explicitly removing the			
			preambular language of	CN: Several members want to		
			'human rights' in this CMM,	add references to other		
			the scope of which should be	Conventions, outside of the		
			wider than simply labour	WCPFC Convention, such as the		
			rights and other conventions	Vienna Convention and medical		
			listed. Retain the 'Universal	treatment on ships etc. Adding		
			Declaration of Human Rights	these references will delay the		
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			1948' as part of the explicit	process as we will need to		

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	discriminatory conditions of			international and domestic
	labour;			labour law.
				2. States shall in consultation and
				cooperation with indigenous
				peoples take specific measures to
				protect indigenous children from
				economic exploitation and from
				performing any work that is likely to be hazardous or to interfere
				with the child's education, or to
				be harmful to the child's health
				or physical, mental, spiritual,
				moral or social development,
				taking into account their special
				vulnerability and the importance
				of education for their
				empowerment.
				3. Indigenous individuals have the
				right not to be subjected to any
				discriminatory conditions of
				labour and, inter alia,
				employment or salary
				,
PP6	Further Recognizing the			UNCLOS+ANNEXES+RES.+A
	obligations in the United			GREEMENT
	Nations Convention on the Law			
				UNCLOs art 94 (1): Duties of the
	of the Sea (UNCLOS) relating to			flag State: Every State shall
	the duties of the flag State to			effectively exercise its jurisdiction
	ensure safety at sea, including			and control in administrative,
	through the manning of ships,			technical and social matters over
	labour conditions and the			ships flying its flag.
	training of crews, to render			
	assistance, and to ensure			UNCLOS art 94 (3) (b): the
				manning of ships, labour
	effective protection of human			conditions and the training of
	life and to cause an inquiry into			crews, taking into account the
	any loss of life or serious injury			applicable international
	to nationals of another State			instruments;
	which has been caused by a			UNCLOS art 94 (4) (b): that each
	marine casualty or incident of			ship is in the charge of a master
				and officers who possess
	navigation.			appropriate qualifications, in
				particular in seamanship,
				navigation, communications and
				marine engineering, and that the
				crew is appropriate in
				qualification and numbers for the
				type, size, machinery and
				equipment of the ship;
				UNCLOS art 94 (4) (c): that the
				master, officers and, to the
				extent appropriate, the crew are
				fully conversant with and
				required to observe the
				applicable international
				regulations concerning the safety
				of life at sea, the prevention of
				collisions, the prevention,
				reduction and control of marine
				pollution, and the maintenance
	1			of communications by radio.

				UNCLOS art 94 (6) and (7):
				6. A State which has clear
				grounds to believe that proper
				jurisdiction and control with
				respect to a ship have not been exercised may report the facts to
				the flag State. Upon receiving
				such a report, the flag State shall
				investigate the matter and, if
				appropriate, take any action
				necessary to remedy the situation.
				7. Each State shall cause an
				inquiry to be held by or before a
				suitably qualified person or
				persons into every marine
				casualty or incident of navigation
				on the high seas involving a ship flying its flag and causing loss of
				life or serious injury to nationals
				of another State or serious
				damage to ships or installations
				of another State or to the marine
				environment. The flag State and the other State shall cooperate in
				the conduct of any inquiry held
				by that other State into any such
				marine casualty or incident of
				navigation.
PP7	Noting the ILO Declaration on		US: Minor technical correction	ILO Declaration on
	Fundamental Principles and		- The ILO Declaration was amended in 2022.	<u>Fundamental Principles and</u>
	Rights at Work (1998,		"Noting the ILO Declaration on	Rights at Work
	amended 2022) and the ILO		Fundamental Principles and	International Labour
	C188 Work in Fishing		Rights at Work (1998,	<u>Organization</u>
	Convention (2007) and its		amended 2022)".	
	objective to ensure that fishers			C188 - Work in Fishing
	have decent conditions of			<u>Convention, 2007 (No. 188)</u>
	work on board fishing vessels			International Labour
	with regard to minimum			Organization (ilo.org)
	requirements for work on			
	board, conditions of service,			
	accommodation and food,			
	occupational safety and health			
	protection, medical care and			
	social security;			
	- W			
PP8	Recalling Article 32 of the			Convention on the Rights
	Convention on the Rights of			of the Child   OHCHR
	the Child, which requires State			UNCROC art 32: 1. States Parties
	parties to recognize the right of			recognize the right of the child to be protected from economic
	the child to be protected from			exploitation and from performing
	economic exploitation and			any work that is likely to be
	from performing any work that			hazardous or to interfere with the
	is likely to be hazardous or to			child's education, or to be harmful
	interfere with the child's			to the child's health or physical, mental, spiritual, moral or social
	education, or to be harmful to			development.
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	the child's health or physical,				2. States Parties shall take
	mental, spiritual, moral or				legislative, administrative, social
	social development;				and educational measures to
	, see an experience,				ensure the implementation of the
					present article. To this end, and
					having regard to the relevant
					provisions of other international
					instruments, States Parties shall in
					particular:
					(a) Provide for a minimum age or
					minimum ages for admission to
					employment;
					(b) Provide for appropriate
					regulation of the hours and
					conditions of employment;
					(c) Provide for appropriate
					penalties or other sanctions to ensure the effective enforcement
					of the present article. <b>ILO 188</b> art 9 stipulates that young
					persons carrying out activities
					which could jeopardize the health,
					safety, or morals of young persons
					on board fishing vessels should not
					be less than 18 years. ILO 188 (art
					31 ©): the obligations of fishing
					vessel owners, fishers and others
					concerned, due account being
					taken of the safety and health of
					fishers under the age of 18.
					ILO C182 (worst forms of child
					labour) defines a child as under 18
					years. ILO C 138 (Min Age) specifies
					a minimum age of 15 years for
					employment (art 2 (3)) but 18 years
					if employment might jeopardise
					health, safety or morals (art 3 (1)).
					Where there is specific training or
					instruction, this age may be 16 (art
					3 (3)).
PP9	Noting the 1995 International	CN: OK with ref to 1995	CN: Several members want to	ID: Suggest inclusion in the	
1,13		STCW-F Convention	add references to other	preambular paragraphs of	
	Convention on Standards of	31CVV-1 CONVENTION		additional three standards: (i)	
	Training, Certification and		Conventions, outside of the	` '	
	Watchkeeping for Fishing		WCPFC Convention, such as the	1995 International Convention on	
	Vessel Personnel which		Vienna Convention and medical	Standards of Training,	
	promotes safety at sea for the		treatment on ships etc. Adding	Certification and Watchkeeping	
	crews of fishing vessels by		these references will delay the	for Fishing Vessel Personnel	
			process as we will need to	1995-STCW.pdf (nus.edu.sg); (ii)	
	setting certification and		check the position of China –	Cape Town Agreement of 2012	
	minimum training standards.		require more time to engage	on the Implementation of the	
			with other departments. These	Provisions of the Torremolinos	
			references should stay in [ .]	Protocol of 1993 Relating to the	
			until we can provide feedback	Torremolinos International	
			at the next meeting. China is	Convention for the Safety of	
			not a member of the	Fishing Vessels, 1977	
			International Medical Guide for	(Agreement) Session (imo.org);	
			Ships.	and (iii) in relation to the issue of	
			Silips.	burial at sea, the International	
ĺ				Medical Guide for Ships, untitled	

					(who.int).	
PP10	Noting the Cape Town Agreement of 2012 on the Implementation of the Provisions of the Torremolinos Protocol of 1993 Relating to the Torremolinos International Convention for the Safety of Fishing Vessels, 1977 which sets minimum safety requirements for fishing vessels of 24 metres in length.		CN: OK with ref to Cape Town Agreement.	CN: Several members want to add references to other Conventions, outside of the WCPFC Convention, such as the Vienna Convention and medical treatment on ships etc. Adding these references will delay the process as we will need to check the position of China – require more time to engage with other departments. These references should stay in [.] until we can provide feedback at the next meeting. China is not a member of the International Medical Guide for Ships.	ID: see above.	
PP11	Noting the guidance on death at sea, including burial at sea, set out in the International Medical Guide for Ships.		CN: OK with reference to International Medical Guide to Ships.	US: New pp on death at sea: Suggested "Noting" rather than "Recalling" to make all three new PPs consistent.  CN: Several members want to add references to other Conventions, outside of the WCPFC Convention, such as the Vienna Convention and medical treatment on ships etc. Adding these references will delay the process as we will need to check the position of China – require more time to engage with other departments. These references should stay in [.] until we can provide feedback at the next meeting. China is not a member of the International Medical Guide for Ships.	US: Change the first word from "Recalling" to "Noting."	
PP11 bis	[ID: Noting the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations 1963, including the ?????]	ID: Noted importance of informing Embassy/Consulate to act as a liaison, so that family members can be informed of incidents, particularly, given internet issues or language barriers. No text provided.  CN: Need a corresponding operative paragraph. Noted previous proposals to refer to informing relevant Embassy – but in practice this is difficult.	Co-Chairs' comment: The intention of the ID proposal is not clear. The Vienna Convention sets out some responsibilities that could be relevant [e.g. role of the receiving State (i.e. coastal or port State), if there is an accident involving a vessel from the sending State (i.e. flag State) in the territorial seas or internal waters of the coastal/port State, to inform	ID: New PP: Propose to add an additional international instrument - the Vienna Convention (1963) on consular relations. In article 37 of this Convention, there is a responsibility for the sending State to inform or to notify their foreign mission if there is a problem with their crew in another jurisdiction.  CN: Several members want to		Vienna Convention on Consular Relations, 1963 (un.org)  Article 37: Information in cases of deaths, guardianship or trusteeship, wrecks and air accidents: (relevant excerpts only)  If the relevant information is available to the competent authorities of the receiving

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		·	add references to other		State, such authorities shall
			Conventions, outside of the		have the duty:
			WCPFC Convention, such as the		(a) in the case of the
I -		<u> </u>	Vienna Convention and medical		death of a national of
			treatment on ships etc. Adding		the sending State, to
			these references will delay the		inform without delay
			process as we will need to		the consular post in
l l			check the position of China –		whose district the
			require more time to engage		death occurred;
			with other departments. These		(c) if a vessel, having
	sponding operational		references should stay in [ .]		the nationality of the
paragra	raphs.		until we can provide feedback		sending State, is
			at the next meeting. China is		wrecked or runs
			not a member of the		aground in the
			International Medical Guide for		territorial sea or
			Ships.		internal waters of the
					receiving State, or if
					an aircraft registered
					in the sending State
					suffers an accident
					on the territory of
					the receiving State,
					to inform without
					delay the consular
					post nearest to the
					scene of the
					occurrence.
					Article 5: Consular functions:
					(k) exercising rights of
					supervision and inspection
					provided for in the laws and
					regulations of the sending
					State in respect of vessels
					having the nationality of the
					sending State, and of aircraft
					registered in that State, and in
					respect of their crews;
					respect of their crews,
					/D
					(I) extending assistance to
					vessels and aircraft
					mentioned in subparagraph
					(k) of this article, and to their
					crews, taking statements
					regarding the voyage of a
					vessel, examining and
					stamping the ship's papers,
					and, without prejudice to the
					powers of the authorities of
					the receiving State,
					conducting investigations into
					any incidents which occurred
					during the voyage, and
					settling disputes of any kind
					between the master, the
					officers and the seamen
					insofar as this may be

					authorized by the laws and regulations of the sending State;
PP12	Acknowledging the important role played by crew members and observers in assisting the conduct of fishing vessel operations in compliance with WCPFC Conservation and Management Measures, and the essential role that crew members and observers play in contributing to effective fishing operations;				
PP13	Recalling efforts that CCMs have made in recent years in improving the conditions and welfare of observers on board fishing vessels, including the adoption of CMM 2017-03, "Conservation and Management Measures for the Protection of WCPFC Regional Observer Programme Observers," and acknowledging the equal importance of the welfare of crew members;				CMM 2017-03 - Conservation and Management Measure for the protection of WCPFC Regional Observer Programme Observers Monitoring and Evaluation
PP14	Recalling Article 23 (5) of the Convention on the Conservation and Management of Highly Migratory Fish Stocks in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean (the Convention), which requires each member of the Commission, to the greatest extent possible, at the request of any other member, and when provided with the relevant information, to investigate any alleged violation by its nationals, or fishing vessels owned or controlled by its nationals, of the provisions of this Convention or any conservation and		CN: At the last meeting, we asked for the crew provider CCM to take some responsibility – but the reaction from other CCMs was that this was not appropriate. After some review – propose a more appropriate way for CCMs to control their nationals – suggest this be added to the PP section, and other suggestions for the operational paragraphs.	CN: new proposal.	Art 23 (5): Each member of the Commission shall, to the greatest extent possible, take measures to ensure that its nationals, and fishing vessels owned or controlled by its nationals fishing in the Convention Area, comply with the provisions of this Convention. To this end, members of the Commission may enter into agreements with States whose flags such vessels are flying to facilitate such enforcement. Each member of the Commission shall, to the greatest extent possible, at the request of any other member, and when provided with the relevant information, investigate any alleged violation by its nationals, or fishing vessels owned or controlled by

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	management measure					its nationals, of the provisions of
	adopted by the Commission.					this Convention or any
						conservation and management
						measure adopted by the
						Commission. A report on the
						progress of the investigation,
						including details of any action
						taken or proposed to be taken in
						relation to the alleged violation,
						shall be provided to the member
						making the request and to the
						Commission as soon as
						practicable and in any case
						within two months of such
						request and a report on the
						outcome of the investigation
						shall be provided when the
						investigation is completed.
PP15	<b>Recognising</b> that Pacific Island				CA: suggests spelling out FFA	Minimum Terms and
11.20	Forum Fisheries Agency (FFA)				the first time it is used in the	Conditions - Pacific Islands
	members have adopted				measure.	Forum Fisheries Agency FFA –
	1				medsare.	see part IV.
	Harmonised Minimum Terms					
	and Conditions for Access by					
	Fishing Vessels, which include					
	crew employment conditions					
	on fishing vessels licensed to					
	fish in their Exclusive Economic					
	Zones;					
PP16	<b>Mindful</b> that CCMs have a	CN: Observers are not crew	IPNFL: Add "and observers"			
1110	legitimate interest in	members. Put in [ ].	consistent with pp9.			
	-	members. rue in [ ].	Recommend harmonizing			
	increasing the participation of		the reference to crew			
	their labour force in the	Co-Chairs' comment: This	members "and observers"			
	crewing of vessels that catch	draft CMM is specifically	throughout the CMM.			
	highly migratory fish stocks in	about conditions for crew –				
	their waters in the Convention	so propose that IPNFL				
	area, and that CCMs are	reference to observers is				
	interested in promoting safe					
	and decent employment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	conditions for their national	12 & 13.				
	and non-national crews [IPNFL:					
	and observers];					
	ana observ <del>ersj</del> ,					
PP17	<b>Recalling</b> Resolution 2018-01,				CA: suggests we use the same	Resolution 2018-01 -
	Labour Standards for Crew on				template used for CMMs used	Resolution on Labour
	Fishing Vessels, adopted by				3 paragraphs above.	Standards for Crew on Fishing
	WCPFC which encouraged				" Resolution 2018-01,	Vessels   Monitoring and
	CCMs to implement measures,				Labour Standards for Crew on	Evaluation (wcpfc.int)
	consistent with generally				Fishing Vessels,"	
	accepted international				,	
	1					
1						
	minimum standards for crew on fishing vessels, where					

PP18	applicable, to ensure fair working conditions on board for all crew working on fishing vessels flying their flag and operating within the Convention area;  Adopts the following conservation and management measure in accordance with Article 10 of the Convention on the Conservation and Management of Highly Migratory Fish Stocks in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean:					
OP 1	This measure shall apply to the following categories of fishing vessels authorized to fish in the Convention Area:  i) vessels fishing exclusively on the high seas in the Convention Area; and  ii) vessels fishing on the high seas and in coastal State EEZs; and  iii) vessels fishing in the EEZs of two or more coastal States.	AREA OF APPLICATION	US: We looked at the US drafting again for para 1 and realized that we had not drafted it as clearly as it could be. It would make more sense to talk about EEZs – this might also resolve the issue related to territorial seas and archipelagic waters (see OP2). These edits do not change the intent of the paragraph – just makes it more clear.	CN: Flexible – but prefer that CMM only cover HS. FFA already has regulation for crew standards in EEZs, as a condition for licenses. If the CMM only deals with labour standard on HS then this would reduce the workload for all CCMs.  US: Some flexibility on options. But strong preference is that EEZ should be included – live with OP1 or 2nd ALT. Do not prefer 1st ALT. Some conditions for operation of EEZs. Convention Area covers both HS and EEZs – maintain it that way. Important for US to have some applicability to EEZs.  KR: para (iv) of 2nd ALT – this is not a category – more appropriate to have as a stand alone para. US: fine to have as a stand alone para – this para comes from para 2 of the observer safety measure (CMM 2017-03].  JP: flexible with the three options. Option 1 is clear – recognises which vessels are subject to the obligation – can check with the WCPFC RFV. Other two options could be workable. If focus on HS – then ALT 1 could be candidate. ALT 2 is similar to observer obligation – can go along with that. Vessels operating only in EEZs should be excluded – that is important. On that basis JP is flexible.  CT: In beginning there were only two options – HS OR HS & EEZ. But also need to focus on what kind of vessels are covered by the CMM. CT prefer that only include vessels on the	JP: It is critical for Japan to maintain "registered on the WCPFC Record of Fishing Vessels" text in case Option 1 is pursued. 1Alt and 2 Alt are also acceptable for Japan. JP: Japan does not support the addition of this text "for the duration of the vessel's trip", because some vessels might move to IATTC or IOTC area where WCPFC measures should not be applicable.  CT: We prefer 1st alternative text "This Measure applies to all fishing vessels fishing for highly migratory fish stocks in the Convention area in areas beyond national jurisdiction.".	CMM 2018-06 - Conservation and Management Measure on the Record of Fishing Vessels and Authorization to Fish   Monitoring and Evaluation (wcpfc.int)  Para 12: The Commission shall, in accordance with article 24(7) of the Convention and based on the information provided to the Commission in accordance with the Convention and these procedures, establish and maintain its own record of fishing vessels authorized to fish in the Convention Area beyond the national jurisdiction of the member of the Commission whose flag the vessel is flying. Such record shall be known as the WCPFC Record of Fishing Vessels (the "Record")

		WCPFC RFV – i.e. OP1. On US test	
		(ALT 2) – have similar ideas – but will	
		consult to check common	
		understanding of the intention and	
		what vessels would be covered.	
		CN: Similar view to JP – if vessel	
		operating only in its own jurisdiction,	
		then it should be excluded. Just as	
		for VMC With record to OD1 and	
		for VMS. With regard to OP1 and	
		reference to WCPFC RFV – more than	
		60 Chinese vessels on RFV which only	
		operate in China's EEZ. So would	
		have difficulty with that reference.	
		PNG FIA: 2nd ALT is ideal. Need to	
		consider crew being transported by	
		FVs in different parts of the	
		Convention Area. Noting also	
		reference to migrant workers.	
		ID: Clarify ALT 2 whether CCM fit in	
		either category or in all categories?	
		US: Clarify – don't pick amongst the	
		options – the CCM would apply to	
		any vessel operating in any one of	
		those categories (i.e. if a vessel fishes	
		only in HS, the CMM would apply; if	
		the vessel fishes in HS and in 1 or	
		more EEZ, the CCM would apply; if	
		the vessel fishes in 2 or more EEZs,	
		the CCM would apply).	
		the ecivi would apply).	
		Many Many Late Control	
		<b>US:</b> We thank the Co-Chairs for	
		offering suggestions that	
		incorporate previous U.S.	
		proposals. We would like to offer	
		the following editorial	
		suggestions to further clarify the	
		text and also address the concern	
		regarding territorial and	
		archipelagic waters.	
		1. This measure shall apply to	
		the following categories of	
		fishing vessels authorized to	
		fish in the Convention Area:	
		Jish in the convention Area.	
		i. vessels fishing	
		exclusively on the high	
		seas in the Convention	
		Area; and	
		i. vessels fishing on the	
		high seas and in coastal	
		State EEZs <del>waters while</del>	
		under the jurisdiction of	
		<del>one or more coastal</del>	
		<del>States</del> ; and	
		2.2.2.0, 22	
		i. vessels fishing in the EEZs	
		of two or more	
1			
		coastal States <del>under the</del>	
		coastal States <del>under the</del> <del>national jurisdiction of</del>	

	T			
			<del>two or more coastal</del>	
			<del>States</del> .	
			Global Law Alliance: We had	
			strongly prefer Option 1 as	
			presented in the paper discussed	
			during the May meeting (Circular	
			No.: 2024/25 of 16 May 2024)	
			while recognizing that WCPFC	
			CMMs typically don't apply in	
			territorial seas and archipelagic	
			waters. We don't see why labour	
			standards should apply only some	
			of the time.	
			Concerning the element of the	
			current option as submitted by	
			the United States, we note that	
			all WCPFC members will need to	
			adopt labour standards to fulfil	
			their obligations of sub-	
			paragraph (iii) because,	
			presumably, some vessels will	
			fish for WCPFC stocks in that	
			member's EEZ while also fishing	
			in another member's EEZ.	
			Consequently, we are unsatisfied	
			with the application of the CMM	
			to vessels fishing under the	
			national jurisdiction of <b>two or</b>	
			more coastal States. We are not	
			convinced that fishing in the	
			waters of two or more coastal	
			States somehow	
			"internationalizes" fishing by that	
			vessel, thereby making	
			application of the CMM	
			acceptable. The WCPFC has clear	
			authority to apply CMMs to	
			fishing that takes place within the	
			EEZ of a single WCPFC member. It	
			should apply to all EEZs for any	
			catch of WCPFC stocks. We do	
			agree, however, with making the	
			paragraph previously identified	
			as sub-paragraph (iv) as a stand-	
			alone paragraph.	
OD2	Nothing in this managers about	VP. Mo now soo the factority	KR: Reiterate previous comments.	
OP2	Nothing in this measure shall	KR: We now see the footnote	CMM would not apply to the	
	prejudice the rights of	that the CCM "does not apply	territorial waters – no matter which	
	relevant CCMs to enforce their	to territorial seas or	three options for para 1. If not the	
	laws with respect to the safety	archipelagic waters" - and we	case – KR would need to reserve the	
	of crew consistent with	appreciate that.	right to introduce a new position of	
	international law.*		change its existing position.	
	THE THE TOTAL TOTAL	<b>US:</b> [In response to co-Chair's	LGL (Penny Ridings): Understanding	
	*Footpoto, It is	question] We don't have a	is that WCPFC CMMs do not normally	
	*Footnote: It is	problem keeping the footnote –	apply to the TS. Convention Area is	
	<u> </u>			

	understood that this CMM			had thought that US	very broad – difficulty between the	
	does not apply to			amendments might have	text of the Convention and the	
	territorial seas or			resolved the issue – but can	understanding that the Convention	
	archipelagic waters.			keep the footnote if that is the	Area does not normally apply to the TS. To ensure it is absolutely clear –	
	di cinpelagie waters.			preference.	useful to have in the CMM a specific	
					exclusion for TS and AW – that would	
					make it very clear with no ambiguity.	
					Or have that understanding as part of	
					the meeting record to help with the	
					interpretation.	
					KR: Can go along with either two	
					options. Will consider a specific text	
					by next meeting.	
					ID: Agree on specific exclusions	
					relating to territorial seas.	
New	<b>CN:</b> CCMs shall ensure that	CN: Fishing vessels and	CN: The reason for adding 2			
	1 *	company names must be	bis is that fishing vessels have			
para	its crew providers to a fishing	registered with WCPFC for	a registration system,			
<b>  .</b>	vessel operating within the	transparency. Propose that	including the name of the			
2 bis	area set out in paragraph 1	crew providers which provide	master and the address of the			
	with non-national crew	non-national crew to vessels	vessel owner(s) - Crew			
	register with WCPFC.]	should be registered. Flag	providers that provide non-			
		CCMs have no power to	national crew should also be			
		manage crew providers that	registered. At present, the			
		are not within their	fisheries authority of some			
		jurisdiction. WCPFC may be	CCMs providing non-national			
		the first RFMO to have a	crew do not have the power			
		binding measure – need to	to manage their crew			
		manage the issue of crew	providers in some degree.			
		providers. ID has more than	With the registration system,			
		200 crew providers – but they	the fisheries authority can			
		are not guaranteed by the ID	cancel the WCPFC registration			
		fishing authorities. There are	of crew providers that			
		CN crew providers which only	committed serious violations			
		provide CN nationals to CN	of the crew CMM. The other			
		flagged vessels – in this case,	CCMs can also recommend its			
		there would be no need to	enterprises to cooperate with			
		register the crew provider.	WCPFC registered companies			
		There may also be language	to avoid unnecessary			
		issues. Need to establish	intermediate process, reduce			
		criteria for crew provider to	intermediate costs, and			
		cooperate with fishing	ensure that non-national crew			
		authorities.	get reasonable remuneration.			
		addionacs.	It would extend the scope for			
		CT: Could consider – but	the crew providers to be			
		question about how it would	registered - our intention is			
		work at the operational level.	crew providers that provide			
		A definition of crew provider	non-national crew need to be			
		may be required. Crew	registered, i.e. if Chinese crew			
		providers may recruit both	providers provide Chinese			
		national and non-national	crew to Japanese vessels, that			
		crew.	needs to be registered, the			
		0.000	same for crew providers in			
		JP: As noted by CT, need	Indonesia, Viet Nam and the			
		further consideration as to	Philippines if these crew			
		.a. the consideration as to	providers provide crew to			
L			providers provide crew to			

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		how to implement. Reserve	other CCMs' vessels operating			
		position.	within the areas set out in			
			paragraph 1. But if Chinese			
		EU: Reserve position – not	crew providers provide			
		clear about intent and how	Chinese crew to Chinese			
		this would work in practice.	vessels operating within the			
		Challenges flag State	areas set out in paragraph 1			
		responsibility.	they do not need to be			
			registered in WCPFC, and the			
		<b>US:</b> Echo others' comments –	same to Indonesia, Viet Nam			
		need to better understand	and the Philippine and other			
		how this would work in	CCMs with crew providers			
		practice. May be better	providing crew to its own			
		handled through a domestic	flagged vessels. We are willing			
		process than through the	to discuss adding additional			
		WCPFC.	language if CCMs can agree			
			with registration in WCPFC.			
		RoK: Like others, need more				
		time to consider. Note				
		relevance to observer				
		providers. It is up to a CCM to				
		comply with all provisions –				
		unclear how registering a				
		crew provider would help.				
		Co-Chairs' comment: There				
		does not appear to be support				
		for this paragraph. Many				
		vessels have crews comprised				
		of a range of nationalities.				
		The role of a crew provider				
		does not preclude the flag				
		CCM responsibility to ensure				
		decent conditions on board				
		the fishing vessel. Propose				
		deletion. But see proposal for				
		crew providers in OP 4 bis.				
		JP: Support deletion.				
		'				
OP3	In addition to the			<b>US</b> : The US edit to the language	CN: 2: No difficulty with para 2.	
3. 3	requirements of this Measure,			is to make clear that this	China's national regulations from	
	CCMs are encouraged to make			paragraph is non-binding, but	2020 cover crew on fishing	
	•			the rest of the measure is	vessels. In April – new	
	every effort to have relevant			binding. We did not feel	regulations were issues to cover	
	national legislation which fully			comfortable with "In order to	non-national crew – this has been	
	extends to all crew* members			give effect to this measure". In	translated into English and	
	working on fishing vessels			addition to the things that are	emailed to the Secretariat to	
	flying their flag in the areas set			already required in this	provide to the co-Chairs.	
	out in paragraph 1.			measure, in this para, we are	provide to the co-change	
				also encouraging CCMs to have	CN: 2: Para 2 – CCMs are	
	*Footnote: Crew			national legislation. The US	"encouraged" to have national	
				also propose to delete "all" in	legislation. There may be a way	
	includes persons of			the footnote, as there may be	to make this stronger. If CCM is	
	any age on board a			people on board the vessel who	adopted – there should be an	
	fishing vessel.			might not be crew members,	Audit Point for this obligation.	
<u> </u>	<u>l</u>	l		might not be crew members,	Addit Folint for this obligation.	

such as the captain or an Can come back to this. observer. The crew could be of any age – but it might not PNG FIA: 2: Footnote to para 2 in include everybody on board the relating to crew "includes all persons of any age" - needs rewording – should include "all **CN**: No difficulties with the US persons of age", instead of "any suggestion to delete "all" in the age", i.e. excludes children, footnote. We would like to includes mature people. amend "any age" in the footnote to "any legislated age" US: 2: Concerned with that edit or "any lawful age". For China the text was worded to that means those below the age deliberately ensure that if of 18 years are not legitimate. children aboard, they would be If "any age" China has legal included and covered by any problems. national legislation – not excluded. Need to be subject to **US**: The US understanding of the protections. the footnote was that we were trying to capture crew CN: 2: China has a compulsory members on board the vessel requirement for people to above who were under what might be 18 years to be employed on considered to be lawful ages, fishing vessel. So difficult to i.e. in the event that there include crew of "any age". might be child labour occurring on the vessel. The China edit **US**: We believe that the phrase "In addition to the requirements would undo the intent of the footnote. of" is necessary to include. We also believe the footnote needs CN: Understand the intention of clarification, as there would be persons on a vessel who are not the footnote now – if that is the case, will *not* propose "any crew. lawful age". In order to give effect to this Measure, In addition to the requirement of this measure, CCMs are encouraged to make every effort to have relevant national legislation which fully extends to all crew\* members working on fishing vessels flying their flag in the areas set out in paragraph 1. \*Footnote 1: Crew includes all-persons of any age on board a fishing vessel. **Global Law Alliance:** strongly agrees with the retention in paragraph 2 of footnote 1 and its inclusion of persons of "any age." This ensures that whatever a State has adopted as the age requirements for employment on a fishing vessel that the standards apply.

004	CCMs may adopt locally	CNI. It is OV that a CCNI "may"	CN: 3: Para 3 is linked with area of	
OP4	CCMs may adopt legally	CN: It is OK that a CCM "may" adopt legally binding	application. If WCPFC decides that	
	binding mechanisms, such as		vessels operating solely in EEZ are	
	licensing conditions, for	mechanisms. But "may" is	not excluded from the CCM – then	
	vessels fishing solely within its	difficult for an Audit Point –	the language should be "shall" adopt	
	exclusive economic zone.	propose that "may" is changed	legal binding mechanisms. But if	
		to "shall" – to make this	WCPFC decides to exclude vessels	
		obligation compulsory. To	operating exclusively in EEZ – then	
		implement this measure, CCMs	the language should only be "may".	
		should have a legal mechanism.		
		In addition, a missing element is	US: 3: If it is decided that vessels	
		the focal point for each CCM.	fishing solely in EEZ are included in	
		In order to implement this	the CMM, then para 3 is not needed.	
		CMM, each CCM should notify	Para 3 is only necessary if we exclude vessels which fish solely in their own	
		to the Secretariat a contact	EEZs. Para 3 is an encouragement for	
		point. As labour standards are	CCMs to do something with those	
		a new issue, existing contact	vessels in zone. We will need to	
		points for each CCM may not be	finalise para 1 before can decide on	
		appropriate.	para 2 & 3.	
		JP: This para is in relation to		
		those vessels fishing solely		
		within an EEZ. This is outside of		
		the scope of para 1. Para 3		
		exists to address those vessels –		
		so amending the para to "shall"		
		would not work. "Encourage"		
		or "may adopt" is suitable.		
		Japan would like to maintain		
		this para as "may".		
		CT: Echo Japan's comment – a		
		similar understanding of para 3.		
		It relates to fishing solely within		
		an EEZ – it should not be a		
		binding obligation - "may"		
		should suffice.		
		CN: Thanks for the Japan and		
		the Chinese intervention. If that		
		is the intention, the paragraph		
		should be amended: "in order		
		to give effect to this measure,		
		for vessels fishing solely within		
		its EEZ, CCMs may adopt legally		
		binding mechanisms, such as		
		licensing conditions". Giving		
		effect to international		
		instruments is very wide. This		
		would make it clearer.		
		ID: Seek clarification on this		
		para - does it mean for vessels		
		fishing solely within its EEZ that		
		there is an exemption from this		

	1				
			measure, but they have to		
			adopt a legally binding		
			mechanism?		
			Co-Chair: Commented that		
			para 1 provides for vessels		
			fishing exclusively on high seas,		
			vessels fishing on high seas and		
			EEZs, and vessels fishing in 2 or		
			more EEZs – but the CMM does		
			not cover vessels fishing		
			exclusively in one EEZ. Para 3		
			provides for that situation.		
			JP: China's suggestion should be		
			subject to further		
			consideration. Japan's		
			preference is to maintain the		
			para as originally proposed by		
			the co-Chairs. If China still has		
			concerns, another way may be		
			to delete the first part of the sentence, "in addition to the		
			requirements of this measure".		
			It would then just say that		
			"CCMs may adopt legally		
			binding mechanisms, such as		
			license conditions, for vessels		
			fishing solely within an EEZ".		
			The phrase "in addition to the		
			requirements of this measure"		
			may be confusing given that		
			fishing solely within an EEZ is		
			outside of the scope of the		
			CMM. The para would		
			encourage CCMs to take		
			compatible measures for fishing		
			solely within its EEZ.		
			CN: Agree with Japan's		
			suggestion – para 3 can be		
			simple.		
			US: Think that "in addition to		
			the requirements of this		
			measure" came from the US		
			originally. If the preference is		
			to remove this language, we are		
			fine with that.		
654	F.C. Chaire	Co Chaire agreement A			
OP4		Co-Chairs comment: A new			
bis	shoot and so make story	proposal to cover off the need			
	chore to chare that owners	for vessel owners and/or			
	and/or operators or hishing	operators to engage closely			
		with crew providers to implement the conditions in			
		implement the conditions in			

T											
	measure, as specified in	the measure.									
	paragraph 1, liaise with any										
	crew providers, as appropriate,	JP: supports Co-Chair's									
	in order to effectively	suggestion to add this									
	implement all requirements	paragraph as an alternative to									
	set out in this measure.]	New para 2 bis above.									
0.010110	-	NC ON DOADD FIGURE	A VECCEL C								
IVIININ	MINIMUM WORKING CONDITIONS ON BOARD FISHING VESSELS										
OP5	CCMs shall [ensure] [require]	JP: add "as specified in	Co-Chairs: simple chapeau as	US: Japan and the United	JP: The new inserted text,	JP: Japan still prefers to maintain					
	that owners and/or	paragraph 1".	discussed at 19 June	States trying to accomplish the	"fishing vessels authorized to fly	this text "in areas beyond national					
	operators of fishing vessels		workshop.	same thing. We are	their flag in the areas referred to	jurisdiction", pending the text in the paragraph 1.					
	covered by this measure, as	Co-Chairs' comment: Noting		comfortable with either	in paragraph 1" is not consistent	the paragraph 1.					
	specified in paragraph 1:	the EU proposal to change		language. They are both trying	with the language in paragraph 1.	PNG Fishing Industry:					
		"ensure" to "require" in para 7		to do the same thing. Whatever	So, we suggest slight	*4. j) If migrant fishers are					
		chapeau, this has also been		is decided here, should then be	modification:	employed, such fishers shall be					
		changed in para 5 chapeau,		used again later (e.g. para 5).	"fishing vessels flying their flag	given the same level of access as					
		para 6 chapeau, para 8 chapeau & para 9 chapeau & para 9 chapeau for		JP: Can go along with the US	and subject to paragraph 1"	nationals are given to measures for worker protection, collective					
		consistency for these		suggestion. Having this kind of	Or "fishing vessels flying their flag	bargaining, training and health &					
		obligations.		provision for each paragraph	and authorized to fish in the	safety.					
		obligations.		could create confusion in the	Convention Area as specified in	Right to Freedom of Association					
				latter part of this CMM. Maybe	paragraph 1"	4. k) There shall be a non-					
				one paragraph could cover all		discrimination policy and					
				of the elements in this CMM.	<b>US</b> : We have some concerns	procedure that promotes equal treatment and opportunities for all					
				The scope of the CMM is clearly	with the new text proposed by	fishers regardless of race, colour,					
				defined in paragraph 1. Do not	the Chairs' and would like the	sex, language, belief system,					
				need additional language, such	text to read as follows:	religion,					
				as "subject to paragraph 1" in	"CCMs shall ensure that owners	political opinion, sexual					
				paragraph 4. With regard to	and/or operators of fishing	orientation, property or national					
				"CCMs shall ensure that owners	vessels authorized to fly their flag	origin *4. I) Provide protection to crew					
				and/or operators of their	operating in the areas referred to	right of Whistle Blowing					
				fishing vessels authorised to fly	in paragraph 1:"						
				their flag" – we just need a	For a section of						
				simple explanation. If use same							
				language as in paragraph 1, this	sub-paras would revert to						
				could create complexity in the	"provide", ensure", etc. ]						
				text.	Global Law Alliance: The						
				Co-Chair: Will consider possible	changes to the chapeau of						
				language – we are in agreement	paragraph 4 help clarify the						
				on the scope of the CMM as set	paragraph.						
				out in para 1 – we may not							
				need to reiterate that scope in							
				every subsequent paragraph –							
				we could go with a simpler							
				chapeau.							
5(i)	(i) Provide crew				Change to "Providing"	CA: suggests considering a					
	members a safe					footnote to expand on what					
	working environment					may fall under welfare, safety					
	where the welfare,					and health of crew, including					
	occupational safety					ensuring the physical integrity					
	and health of crews is					of crew, sexual abuse, etc.					
	effectively protected.										
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5 (ii)	(ii) Ensure there is no forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment on fishing vessels.		See proposed Attachment 2 for definitions.  Global Law Alliance: The revisions to paragraph 4(ii) are excellent.	JP: With regard to "involuntary or compulsory labour", Japan suggests using a consistent phrase throughout this CMM.	
5 (iii)	(iii) Provide terms of employment, that are set out in a written contract or agreement, in a form and language that facilitates the crew member's understanding of the terms, is agreed by the crew member prior to departure on the fishing trip, and signed by both the crew member and the owner and/or operator. The written contract or agreement shall be made available to the crew member and, upon request, authorised officers, in accordance with national law and practice. A CCM may allow the owner and/or operator to use the particulars in Attachment 1 as a guideline for crew contracts or agreements.	JP: Generally fine with co- Chair's proposal – but some duplication with regard to making the contract available to the crew member. Suggest that the first reference to "which is made available to the crew member" is deleted, since this is addressed in the 2nd sentence.	CN: (iii) regarding contract or agreement with crew member. Chapeau relates to owner and/or operator of FV. Difficulty because have non-national crew — over half of the crews operating in the WCPFC area. The contract is therefore between non-national crew and the manning company, located in the source country for the crew. The flag State cannot deal with that company located in another country. Contract is signed between crew and manning company — always a problem for the flag CCM. This obligation should be a joint obligation between the flag CCM and the CCM where the manning company is located. Important element for this delegation.  CN: (iii): (i) and (ii) are obligations for the flag State as the crew are operating on the vessel. But problem with (iii): flag CCM cannot manage the manning company which is located in another country. The crew's contract is with the manning company.  US: (iii): Understand the point that China is making. But, as noted before, at WCPFC we can only bind the member countries to WCPFC CMMs. So flag States can make requirements for the vessels that we flag — even if there is a manning company involved. We can still require the Capt and the owner of the fishing vessel to have obligations for the crew contract/agreement. Recognise the existence of manning agencies — but they are not bound by WCPFC. Need to focus on what we can actually bind. Important element of protecting the crew on vessels. Some questions relating to	FFA: Noting the practicality of keeping the contract on the vessel and different languages will be of no use to authorised officers during inspection. Delete "original or a copy of the" and "be carried on board and be"; add "made" available and "upon request, authorised officers".  WWF: It seems like the "employer" should be specified for clarity's sake. Given the frequency with which a crewing agency is used, it should be specified that the employer, which technically should be the vessel where the work is occurring, should be held responsible for any breach of an employment agreement. Given the transiency of crewing agencies, they should not be considered the "employer" if we intend to provide any level of genuine protection for crew.	

		"employer" terminology. Need to	
		focus on the flag State and what we	
		can manage under WCPFC.	
		CN: (iii): Understand US. Not	
		removing (iii). Noted China's new	
		regulation relating to non-national	
		crews on China flagged vessels. Have	
		already requested vessel owner	
		and/or operators to do this. This is	
		no problem. But consider that the	
		obligation should be a joint one – for	
		both the flag CCM and the CCM in	
		which the manning company is	
		located (e.g. PH, ID, VN). Examples	
		where the manning company has	
		gone bankrupt – in that case, how	
		are the salaries for the crew paid? In	
		this case, the CCM of the manning	
		company which has gone bankrupt	
		should have a responsibility.	
		RMI: (iii): responsibility – owner,	
		operator or a third party? Very clear	
		in UNCLOS art 94 (3) (b). And also ILO	
		Convention 188. Support the US.	
		CN: (iii): Understand it is the primary	
		obligation of the flag State to ensure	
		safety of crew – but we are now	
		talking about detailed conditions	
		(e.g. contracts) – these are agreed	
		between the crew and the manning	
		company prior to the departure of	
		the vessel on the fishing trip. So the	
		obligation is that of the manning	
		company and that CCM. At that	
		point, the obligation of the flag State	
		has not started.	
		US: (iii): Important point. No such	
		thing as manning CCM in WCPFC	
		Convention, UNCLOS or elsewhere.	
		This is the responsibility of the flag	
		State – responsibility of	
		owner/operator to do right thing for	
		their crew. As flag States, we can put	
		requirements in place for	
		owners/operators related to the	
		manning companies. There are no	
		manning CCM at WCPFC – there is no	
		ability to bind them through WCPFC	
		CMMs.	
		CN: (iii): Understand that it is the	
		obligation of the flag State. Our	
		legislation has already set that. But if	
		the flag State ask the	
		owner/operator to carry the	
		responsibility, and the crew enter	
		onto the vessel – but do not have a	
		written contract or do not	
		understand the terms of the contract	
		(with the manning company). How	
		do we make a judgment? Who has	
		the power? That is why we think it	
		should be a joint obligation. Based	
		on current international law, we	
		on carrent international law, we	

	<del>,</del>	 			·
			know there is no reference to a		
			manning company. But since we are		
			talking of a new measure, we need to		
			create the term relating to manning		
			company – otherwise this new		
			measure will be meaningless.		
			Global Law Alliance: We strongly		
			support the comments made by		
			the US concerning paragraph		
			4(iii). States adopt all kinds of		
			standards that foreign companies		
			must comply with if they want		
			their products or services to be		
			used in those other States. This is		
			no different. Moreover, the flag		
			State is under an obligation to		
			exercise effectively its jurisdiction		
			and control over the vessels it		
			flags, including with respect to		
			manning of ships and labour		
			conditions. UNCLOS, art. 94.		
			Thus, it can — and must —		
			establish systems to ensure that		
			the captain/vessel owner verifies		
			that all crew have contracts that		
			meet the standards included in		
			the CMM.		
5 (iv)	(iv) Provide crew			<b>WWF:</b> Employing vessels must	
3 (10)	members decent			be required to carry all	
				necessary food to keep crew	
	working and living			sustained and healthy for the	
	conditions on board			duration of the deployment.	
	fishing vessels,			duration of the deployment.	
	including access to				
	clean or potable				
	freshwater and food <sup>1</sup> ,				
	occupational safety				
	and health protection,				
	medical care, rest				
	periods and sleeping				
	quarters, and				
	conditions that				
	facilitate minimum				
	standards of health				
	and hygiene;				
	und hygiene,				
	*Fastuate 3: F==-!				
	*Footnote 2: Food				
	must be in a quantity				
	and quality sufficient				
	to satisfy the dietary				
	needs of individuals,				
	free from adverse				
1	liee iioiii auveise				
	substances, and				

		acceptable within a given culture.					
5 (v)	(v)	Provide crew members, in accordance with the flag CCM's standards or regulations, with decent and regular remuneration (for example monthly or quarterly) that is accessible by crew as well as appropriate insurance for the crew;	RoK, JP, CN support language provided by CT ["in accordance with flag CCM's standards or regulations"].	ID: Would like to explore possibility to deal with cases where the crew member does not have insurance, even though they are working in dangerous conditions. Would like a clause to make it compulsory to have health and life insurance for crew members, in addition to the contract, to ensure the health and safety of crew is protected.  Co-Chair: Noted reference to insurance in para 4 (v) and aspects of Attachment 1.  CT: Happy with co-Chairs' text — but want to insert text "in accordance with the flag CCM's standards or regulations" to ensure that the amount or the frequency of remuneration is not lower than the CCM's domestic regulation or standards.  CA: Thank CT for their text — addresses CA's concerns about the need for qualifiers for remuneration raised at last workshop. Need to review this internally.  CN: Need more time to consider suggested language from CT. This may be an issue for China, if regular remuneration to the nonnational crew member must be provided in accordance with China's standards. Put in [ ] for time being.	CN: (v) question on who provides the "documented" evidence of regular remuneration? Suggest this should be deleted – requires judgement – an additional Audit Point. Chair:  US: (v): want to ensure that crew are paid fairly. Language is circular. Some terminology is hard to verify in a binding paragraph. Don't want to lose important aspects of this para: decent and regular remuneration (crew at sea for months); accessible by crew (able to be used by crew and sent to family etc).  CN: (v) – remuneration accessible by crew. Under China's new regulations – asked owner to request that manning company establish separate bank account for each crew member. But have not raised in this context. Understand that this would be difficult for other CCMs. Intention – accessible – again, this should be a joint obligation. Manning company have obligation to establish bank account for the crew – flag CMM cannot control the situation. This is a joint obligation.  CA: (v): aim was to add qualifiers to (v). Understand US comments on circular – so take that back. Good to have a minimum period for regular remuneration so can assess this. Important that there are independent means of accessing remuneration if onboard vessels for a long time – crew may need to transfer money to family etc.  JP: (v) accessible to crew through "independent means" – what does this mean? The bank transfer record and documentation of money transfer are independent. Otherwise it is confusing. CA proposed minimum regular remuneration of x months – but this depends on the contract between the crew and the manning company – depends on the fishing practice. Prefer original language – "for example, monthly or quarterly" – should not define the intervals for remuneration – depends on members' domestic laws etc.  CT: (v): similar to JP – difficulties with regard to "independent means". CCM's obligation is to require the owner/operator to provide remuneration as per the contract,	CA: proposes the following text (in red). Canada suggests decent and regular remuneration be better supported.  - decent can be framed in the context of no less than is required by national law/legislation.  - regular should be supported by a minimum time frame, rather than examples. It is also important that crew members have independent means to access their bank accounts while at sea, to have full control and oversight of the money being paid to them throughout their employment.  PNG Fishing Industry: List of Crew Labour Rights  *4.i) Provide protection for Migrant workers that is relevant worker documentation (e.g., passport, work permit, visa, etc.) shall be reviewed to ensure that all fishers meet legal requirements for employment in the applicable jurisdiction in the CMM especially on foreign flagged vessels and chartered or Locally based foreign boats.	

			consistent with domestic laws or		
			regulations. May create an issue for		
			the CMS process – who decides on		
			regular, decent etc? The text should		
			simply ask CCMs to take all measures		
			to require the owner/operators to		
			ensure contracts with crew meet the		
			legal requirements. CT can provide		
			some proposed language.		
			Some proposed language.		
			CT: We want to be set the treet		
			CT: We propose to insert the text		
			into paragraph 4(v) to ensure		
			that neither the amount nor the		
			frequency of remuneration and		
			insurance is less than the CCM's		
			domestic regulations or		
			standards. Add: [, in accordance		
			with the flag CCM's standards or		
			regulations, with]		
			Clobal Law Allianas In		
			Global Law Alliance: In		
			paragraph 4(v), a little more		
			specificity as to the frequency of		
			payment would be helpful		
			because "regular remuneration"		
			could be interpreted as yearly.		
			Perhaps " (for example,		
			monthly but in no cases less		
			frequently than quarterly)"		
			i ileuueiiliv liiaii uuai lei ivi		
			Trequently than quarterly)		
5 (vi)	(vi) Provide crew			CA: recommends we include	
5 (vi)	(vi) Provide crew		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws	CA: recommends we include	
5 (vi)	(vi) Provide crew members regular		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete	'independent communication	
5 (vi)	members regular		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing	'independent communication devices' to allow free and	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete	'independent communication	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to disembark consistent		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing company provide the salary to	'independent communication devices' to allow free and unfettered ability to contact	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to disembark consistent with laws of the flag		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing company provide the salary to the manning company (not to the	'independent communication devices' to allow free and unfettered ability to contact home/ government agency	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to disembark consistent		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing company provide the salary to the manning company (not to the individual crew) – flag CCM	'independent communication devices' to allow free and unfettered ability to contact	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to disembark consistent with laws of the flag CCM, unfettered		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing company provide the salary to the manning company (not to the individual crew) – flag CCM cannot control the salary	'independent communication devices' to allow free and unfettered ability to contact home/ government agency	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to disembark consistent with laws of the flag CCM, unfettered access to their identity		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing company provide the salary to the manning company (not to the individual crew) – flag CCM cannot control the salary payment – can only ask the	'independent communication devices' to allow free and unfettered ability to contact home/ government agency	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to disembark consistent with laws of the flag CCM, unfettered access to their identity documents, ability to		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing company provide the salary to the manning company (not to the individual crew) – flag CCM cannot control the salary payment – can only ask the fishing company to provide the	'independent communication devices' to allow free and unfettered ability to contact home/ government agency	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to disembark consistent with laws of the flag CCM, unfettered access to their identity		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing company provide the salary to the manning company (not to the individual crew) – flag CCM cannot control the salary payment – can only ask the	'independent communication devices' to allow free and unfettered ability to contact home/ government agency	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to disembark consistent with laws of the flag CCM, unfettered access to their identity documents, ability to terminate the contract		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing company provide the salary to the manning company (not to the individual crew) – flag CCM cannot control the salary payment – can only ask the fishing company to provide the salary as contracted between the	'independent communication devices' to allow free and unfettered ability to contact home/ government agency	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to disembark consistent with laws of the flag CCM, unfettered access to their identity documents, ability to terminate the contract of employment and		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing company provide the salary to the manning company (not to the individual crew) – flag CCM cannot control the salary payment – can only ask the fishing company to provide the salary as contracted between the crew and the manning company.	'independent communication devices' to allow free and unfettered ability to contact home/ government agency	
5 (vi)	members regular opportunity to disembark consistent with laws of the flag CCM, unfettered access to their identity documents, ability to terminate the contract of employment and seek repatriation, and		CN: (vi): consistent with the laws of the flag CCM – delete "national" and State. Fishing company provide the salary to the manning company (not to the individual crew) – flag CCM cannot control the salary payment – can only ask the fishing company to provide the salary as contracted between the	'independent communication devices' to allow free and unfettered ability to contact home/ government agency	
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RoK: delete: force the owner and/or operator to terminate the contract and] justify a legal dismissal under a flag CCM's domestic regulations.]  Operators would not be responsible for repatriation in the event that a crew member has carried out illegal activities justifying dismissal. See proposed text (footnote no longer needed).  A legal dismissal. In CT's domestic regulation, firing or dismissing an employee due to breach of contract or financial issues, are both legal dismissals. We are looking for proper language to refer to this extreme circumstance. We			<del>contract or</del> ] illegal			CT: CT's idea is to use a breach			
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owner and/or operator to terminate the contract and] justify a legal dismissal under a flag CCM's domestic regulations.]  The seponsible for repatriation in the event that a crew member has carried out illegal activities justifying dismissal. See proposed text (footnote no longer needed).  The seponsible for repatriation in the event that a crew member has carried out illegal activities justifying dismissals. See proposed text (footnote no longer needed).  We are looking for proper language to refer to this extreme circumstance. We			• •	operators would not be					
the event that a crew member has carried out illegal activities justifying dismissal. See proposed text (footnote no longer needed).  the event that a crew member has carried out illegal activities justifying dismissal. See proposed text (footnote no longer needed).  the event that a crew member has carried out illegal activities justifying dismissal. See proposed text (footnote no longer needed).  We are looking for proper language to refer to this extreme circumstance. We				responsible for repatriation in		_			
the contract and justify a legal dismissal under a flag CCM's domestic regulations.]  has carried out illegal activities justifying dismissal. See proposed text (footnote no longer needed).  has carried out illegal activities justifying dismissals. See proposed text (footnote no longer needed).  We are looking for proper language to refer to this extreme circumstance. We									
justify a legal dismissal under a flag CCM's domestic regulations.]  justifying dismissal. See proposed text (footnote no longer needed).  justifying dismissal. See proposed text (footnote no longer needed).  We are looking for proper language to refer to this extreme circumstance. We			•						
justify a legal dismissal under a flag CCM's domestic regulations.]    Description of the state			the contract and]						
under a flag CCM's domestic regulations.]  We are looking for proper language to refer to this extreme circumstance. We			justify a legal dismissal			_			
domestic regulations.]  domestic regulations.]  language to refer to this extreme circumstance. We			• •						
ID. In the first contains			-	ionger needed).					
JP: In the first sentence, hone that LIS may be able to			uomestic regulations.]	ID. In the first seet					
Hope that 65 may be table to		<u> </u>		אב: In the first sentence,		hope that US may be able to			

		Japan suggests addition of	assist with some text.			
		"e.g. food and				
		accommodation" for	US: We will discuss with			
		clarification. Also, Japan	colleagues on the side to come			
		supports CT's addition of	up with alternative text but			
		exception, rather than Co-	otherwise we are good with the			
		Chair's, because it is	co-Chair's proposal.			
		consistent with generally				
		adopted approach in	CT: During the last meeting [19			
		contracts.	June], we provided a provision			
			which stated that 'except in			
			cases of an employee's breach			
			of contract.' We understand			
			some CCMs' concerns regarding			
			the broad scenario applicable			
			to 'breach of contract'.			
			Therefore, we have provided a			
			footnote to narrow down the			
			scenarios. We would also like to			
			emphasize that this does not			
			cover early termination sought			
			by the employers due to their			
			management strategy or			
			financial status, which is			
			generally known as a 'layoff'.			
ODC	CCM a shall for surel frequirel	Co-Chairs' comment: Noting	Co-Chairs: As for para 4	ID. Cincilar to paragraph 4	JP: "Within the WCPF Convention	Not also which has a true
OP6	CCMs shall [ensure] [require]	the EU proposal to change	-	JP: Similar to paragraph 4	Area" should be updated consistent	Not clear why these two
	that owners and/or		chapeau – simpler language	chapeau, we suggest revisions	with the Area of Application in	components in para 5 are
	operators of fishing vessels	"ensure" to "require" in para 7	proposed.	to the newly inserted text to	paragraph 1.	separated from para 4?
	covered by this measure:	chapeau, this has also been		be consistent with paragraph		
		changed in para 5 chapeau,		1.	CA: recommends the following	
		para 6 chapeau, para 8		"fishing vessels flying their flag	text:	
		chapeau & para 9 chapeau for		and subject to paragraph 1"	"CCMs shall ensure that owners	
		consistency for these		Or .	and operators of their fishing	
		obligations.		"fishing vessels flying their flag	vessels authorized to fly their	
				, , ,	flag within [agreed scope]:"	
				and authorized to fish in the	5 15 17	
				Convention Area as specified		
				in paragraph 1"		
				Global Law Alliance: The		
				changes appear acceptable.		
6(a)				CN: 5 (a): Details of the crew's	CA: suggests this paragraph be	
	(a) Carry aboard a record of			next of kin/contact for the crew	rewritten as follows:	
	the provided contact			before the crew member	"Carry aboard and maintain a	
	details of each crew			embarks on the vessel – this is	record of the contact details of	
	member's next of kin or			the responsibility of the manning	each crew member's next of kin	
				company. Although we can ask	or designated contact person	
	designated contact			the owner to do this. But the	before the crew member	
	person; and			owner of the fishing company has	embarks on a vessel and share	
				no idea how to contact the crew	this information with flag CCM	
				next of kin/contact – it is the	before crew member embarks	
				manning company's role – that is	on vessel."	
				current practice.		
				JP: 5 (a): "verified or updated"	Per CT previous comment	
İ				next of kin/contact details, and	regarding difficulty reaching	

training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on hoard the vessel, with	raining would include r the young crew as well
This is not necessary — as long as available that is OK. If a problem occurs — it is not necessary to share this information with the flag CCM ahead of crew embarking. Return to original language.  US: 5 (a): Agree with IP — no need to share information with flag CCM before crew embarks. Do we need "verified". Now we der" verified". Now we will be maintain — but can't expect it to be verified.  CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  FFA: Delete reference to the lastic Safety Training of the instruction for all the crew members working on board the versel, with the flag CCM before crew embarks.  On-board training and/or instruction for all the crew members working certification and Watch keeping	r the young crew as well
This is not necessary — as long as available that is OK. If a problem occurs — it is not necessary to share this information with the flag CCM head of crew embarking. Return to original language.  US: 5 (a): Agree with JP — no need to share information with flag CCM before crew embarks.  Do we need "verified"? What does that mean? Information should be maintain — but can't expect it to be verified.  CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  FFA: Delete reference to the lastic Gardeny Training of the instruction for all the crew members working on board the versel, with the flag CCM before crew embarks.  On-board training, Certification and Watch keeping (see para 4.)	r the young crew as well
available that is OK. If a problem occurs – it is not necessary to share this information with the flag CCM ahead of crew embarking. Return to original language.  US: S (a): Agree with JP – no need to share information with flag CCM before crew embarks.  Do we need "verified"? What does that mean? Information should be maintain – but can't expect it to be verified.  CT: S (a): Support US and JP comments.    FFA: Delete reference to the Basic Safety Training of the International Convention on Standards of Training, on hoard the versel, with	r the young crew as well
occurs – it is not necessary to share this information with the flag CCM ahead of crew embarking. Return to original language.  US: 5 (a): Agree with JP – no need to share information with flag CCM before crew embarks. Do we need "verified?" What does that mean? Information should be maintain – but can't expect it to be verified.  CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  (b) Provide onboard safety training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on heard the vessel with	r the young crew as well
share this information with the flag CCM ahead of crew embarking. Return to original language.  US: 5 (a): Agree with JP – no need to share information with flag CCM before crew embarks. Do we need "verified"? What does that mean? Information should be maintain – but can't expect it to be verified.  CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  (b) Provide onboard safety training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on board the vessel, with	r the young crew as well
flag CCM ahead of crew embarking. Return to original language.  US: 5 (a): Agree with JP – no need to share information with flag CCM before crew embarks.  Do we need "verified"? What does that mean? Information should be maintain – but can't expect it to be verified.  CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  FFA: Delete reference to the Basic Safety Training of the International Convention on Standards of Training, or heard the vessel with	r the young crew as well
embarking. Return to original language.  US: 5 (a): Agree with JP – no need to share information with flag CCM before crew embarks. Do we need "verified"? What does that meet this standard.  Do we need "verified"? What does that meet this standard.  (CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  (b) Provide onboard safety training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on heard the vessel with be not and the vessel with the provided of the part of the crew members working on heard the vessel with the part of t	r the young crew as well
Ianguage.   US: 5 (a): Agree with JP - no need to share information with flag CCM before crew embarks. Do we need "verified"? What does that mean? Information should be maintain – but can't expect it to be verified.   CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.      6(b)   (b)   Provide onboard safety training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on pand the vessel with   Description on Standards of Training, Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Convention on Standards of Training   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Convention on Standards of Training   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Convention on Standards of Training   Certification and Watch keeping   Certification and Convention on Standards of Certification and Convention on Standards of Certification and Convention on Standards of Certification and Certification a	r the young crew as well
US: 5 (a): Agree with JP – no need to share information with flag CCM before crew embars. Do we need "verified"? What does that mean? Information should be maintain – but can't expect it to be verified.  CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  6(b) (b) Provide onboard safety training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on heard the vessel with	r the young crew as well
need to share information with flag CCM before crew embarks. Do we need "verified"? What does that mean? Information should be maintain – but can't expect it to be verified.  CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  FFA: Delete reference to the Basic Safety Training of the International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watch keeping	r the young crew as well
flag CCM before crew embarks. Do we need "verified"? What does that mean? Information should be maintain – but can't expect if to be verified. CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  FFA: Delete reference to the Basic Safety Training of the International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watch keeping	r the young crew as well
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does that mean? Information should be maintain – but can't expect it to be verified.  CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  FFA: Delete reference to the Basic Safety Training of the International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watch keeping	r the young crew as well
should be maintain – but can't expect it to be verified.  CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  FFA: Delete reference to the Basic Safety Training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on board the vessel with	r the young crew as well
expect it to be verified.  CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP comments.  FFA: Delete reference to the training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on board the vessel with	r the young crew as well
6(b) (b) Provide onboard safety training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on board the vessel with	r the young crew as well
6(b) Provide onboard safety training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on board the vessel, with	r the young crew as well
6(b) (b) Provide onboard safety training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on board the vessel, with	r the young crew as well
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training and/or instruction for all the crew members working on board the vessel, with	r the young crew as well
instruction for all the crew members working on board the vessel, with (see para 4)	
instruction for all the crew members working on board the vessel, with	
crew members working on hoard the vessel, with Certification and Watch keeping	(viii).
on hoard the vessel, with	
on board the vessel, with	
Tor Fishing Vessel Personnel	
consideration given to  (STCW-F) and add "for training"	
relevant international of fishers".	
guidelines and standards	
for training of fishers.	
New [CN: proposed entire 6 bis] US: Provided new chapeau CN: Last three meetings, CN has CN: new proposal.	
para [CCMs shall ensure that [US: relating to crew provider said that, especially for the non-	
6 bis any its] nationals that are responsibilities and footnote.	
o bis any its jindustrials that are	
comments to avoid confusion the flog CCM but also involve	
vessels covered by this and duplication, US suggests the CCM of the crew provider.	
deletion of (iii) on sea safety  But there was negative	
training as covered in 6 (b); feedback on this from other	
[US: Notwithstanding the deletion of (iv) on crew CCMs. Looking for a way to	
requirements of Paragraph 4, member next of kin contact address this issue. Before the	
when crew members are details as covered in 6 (a); and crew embark on the fishing	
supplied by a crew provider,* deletion of (v) on death of a vessel, there must be training.	
chifting (vi) to paragraph 0 (d)	
crew provider shall:]  shifting (vi) to paragraph 9 (d).  crew provider (1st contract) —	
the crew provider then makes a	
[US: *footnote: "Crew CN: It is appropriate for CCMs contract with the fishing contract with the	
Provider" means a person or	
do their job. Frovided	
different definition of the	
work on fishing vessels, [RoK: provider. There are contracts WCPFC Legal: It is a bit	
handles administrative tasks between the crew member awkward to provide a response	
such as such as contracts, and the crew provider, to this proposal by China before	
visas, travel arrangements] between the crew provider CCMs have had an opportunity	
and provides them to fishing and the flag CCM, and to provide their views. A few	
between the flag CCM and comments from a legal	
fishing companies. The crew perspective. There are	

vessels that pay for this service.]

[CN: \* footnote: a "crew provider" refers to an entity or individual responsible for recruiting, hiring, and supplying crew members for fishing vessels. These providers often specialize in sourcing skilled and unskilled labor for various roles on the vessel, such as deckhands, engineers, and cooks. Crew providers may handle administrative tasks such as contracts, visas, travel arrangements, and compliance with labor regulations to ensure that the crew is available and ready to work.]

i. [Provide terms of employment, that are set out in a written contract or agreement, which is made available to the crew member, in a form and language that facilitates the crew member's understanding of the terms, and is agreed by the crew member prior to departure on the fishing trip;]

[Co-Chairs' comment: How does this contract relate to the contract between the owner/operator of the vessel and crew member required in para 5 (iii)? Would this lead to duplicative obligations? Consistent with US proposal, propose delete.]

member does not have a contract with the fishing company (owner and/or operator of the vessel). Does not see (iii) and (iv) as a duplication. Need to separate the role of crew provider and the flag CCM.

**RoK:** US text provides clarity with regard to duplications. US definition of crew provider is more precise – but could add to the US definition that crew providers "handle administrative tasks.....". Reserve position on crew providers – need internal consultation. 6 (i) duplicates requirements from para 4 – are the terms of employment the same? 6 (iv) - who would the crew provider give the crew member's contact details to?

EU: Need more time on this issue. Duplication and lack of clarity. Different obligations for different entities in this CMM. Need to consider the implications for monitoring compliance etc.

Co-Chairs' comments: With the proposed deletions by the US and the earlier comments from the Co-Chairs – this does not leave any sub-paragraphs below the chapeau. Propose that this para 6 bis is deleted – but see proposed para 4 bis encouraging flag CCMs to make every effort to ensure that vessel owner and/or operators liaise with crew providers on the implementation of this measure.

JP: It is difficult for Japan to accept the addition of this new paragraph, even with the US suggested amendment of Chapeau. Japan has a similar concern to those expressed in Co-Chair's comment

references to crew providers in the text, but there is no definition of what precisely a crew provider is. Some assistance can be gained from the ILO Convention C. 188, as well as the Maritime Labour Convention. CCMs might consider drawing on those Conventions if they decide to have a reference to crew providers. China has referred to article 23 (5) of the WCPFC Convention, which is known as the "nationals" provision. It provides that "each member of the Commission shall, to the greatest extent possible, take measures to ensure that its nationals and fishing vessels owned or controlled by its nationals fishing in the Convention Area, comply with the provisions of this Convention". This provision is used by a number of countries to look at those nationals that are controlling fishing vessels in a way, it is in addition to the flag State jurisdiction. As mentioned by the US and RMI during the last workshop, the UNCLOS, as well as the WCPFC Convention, place responsibility on the flag States. However, if CCMs want to make some provision for obligations on CCMs that provide crew to service fishing vessels, then that is a matter for CCMs to decide. I would note, however, that any such provision would only apply to CCMs – there are a number of crew providers in countries which are outside the WCPFC membership. This would create or potentially create a hole whereby some crew providers would be covered by a provision in the CMM but crew providers not from WCPFC CCMs would be excluded. That would cause a potential imbalance in the measure. This is really a matter for CCMs.

**US**: It has been an important

ii.	[In cooperation with	(duplicative obligation). In	issue for China to find a way to	
	the owner and/or	the case of Japan, we do not	put some responsibility onto	
	operator of the vessel,	recognize any presence of	the crew providers and, as	
	provide crew	crew provider in its nationals,	noted by the Legal Adviser, this	
	members	and we have no legally	has been an area where the US	
		binding framework regulating	has had some concern with	
	documented decent	crew provider. We assume	prior drafting. The CN drafting	
	and regular	this is the case for many	is moving in the right direction,	
	remuneration, for	CCMs.	by focusing on binding	
	example monthly or		obligations for CCMs – this is	
	quarterly, as well as		how we typically formulate	
	appropriate insurance		measures at WCPFC. We also	
	for the crew;]		have the provision in the	
			WCPFC Convention art 23 (5)	
[Co-	Chairs' comment: How		focused on nationals. We	
_	this remuneration		suggest an edit to the chapeau	
	irement relate to the		with regard to "any nationals" –	
-	gations of owners and/or		this should be changed to "its	
_	rators in paragraph 5 (v)?		nationals" so that it is clear that	
	sistent with US proposal,		it is the nationals of the CCM	
l			we are talking about. We need to ensure consistent	
prop	oose delete.]:			
			understanding – this new para would be in addition to, and not	
iii.	[US: Ensure crew		instead of, what we have in	
	members have		Paragraph 4 (where the	
	completed basic pre-		responsibility is placed on	
	sea safety training;]		owners and operators of	
			vessels). We are still thinking	
iv.	[US: Provide to the		about this new para – we need	
	<del>owner and/or</del>		to make sure any edits to the	
	operator of the vessel		sub-paras are similar to the	
	the contact details of		similar text in paragraph 4 for	
	each crew member's		consistency, i.e. that we are not	
	next of kin or		setting out separate standards	
	designated contact		for crew providers from owners	
	person before the		and/or operators of fishing	
	crew member		vessels – unless there is a	
	embarks on a vessel;		situation where it would make	
	55a. No 511 a ¥65561/j		sense to have different	
v.	[US: In the event a		standards. We do appreciate	
٧.	crew member dies,		the effort by China to try to address the issue of crew	
	seek the view of the		providers in a way that is	
	crew member's next		consistent with how we draft	
			WCPFC obligations. We also	
	of kin or designated		note the point from the Legal	
	contact person on the		Adviser that it does create a	
	treatment of bodies of		loophole for crew providers	
	<del>deceased crew;</del> ] and		that are not from CCMs. We	
			would need to be careful that	
_	Chairs' comments: How		we are not creating an	
	this relate to obligations		incentive for vessel	
of th	ne owner and/or operator		owners/operators to use crew	
			providers from other countries	
			that are not party to WCPFC to	
			avoid these obligations. This is	

	in para 7 (e)? Consistent with		why it is essential to create the			
	US proposal, propose delete.]		obligations for vessel			
	or proposal, propose defete.]		owners/operators in paragraph			
	ui (IIC) manua ta O (A). I :		4.			
	vi. [US: move to 9 (d): In					
	the event of forced		<b>CN</b> : On the last point regarding			
	labour or compulsory		a country that is not a CCM,			
	labour and other		which would not be subject to			
	mistreatment of crew		the obligation in the CMM if it			
	on fishing vessels,		is adopted. This could be			
	gather evidence from		countries such as Singapore,			
	any crew member that		Myanmar, North Korea. Could			
	•		develop some language for			
	the crew provider has		non-CCMs – e.g. non-CCMs			
	a contract with.]		should not provide a crew			
			provider service – although the			
	[Co-Chairs' comments: How		WCPFC would welcome these			
	does this relate to obligations		non-CCMs to apply for			
	of the owner and/or operator		cooperating member status.			
	in Para 9 (d) and other aspects		Maybe some language could be			
	of that paragraph? Consistent		drafted along these lines.			
	with US proposal, propose		araited along these lines.			
			ID: Regarding the contract or			
	merge with para 9.]		agreement, is there any			
			possibility that the agent or the			
			owner of the vessel should			
			notify this contract, or to			
			provide a copy to the relevant			
			authorities, either in Indonesia			
			or to the Indonesian mission			
			(Embassy or Consulate) at the			
			destination country. Need a			
			paragraph or sub-paragraph on this.			
			ID: Thank China for the new			
			para. Important to strengthen			
			the flag State responsibilities on			
			these matters. This is the way			
			to make this CMM effective, to			
			establish joint collaboration			
			with crew providers. Need to			
			consider how to improve the			
			crew providers' practices – but			
			also important that this para			
			does not undermine the flag			
			State responsibilities.			
IN THE	E EVENT OF A CREW MEMI	BER'S DEATH				
007	In the event a grow manifest	CT: It is easier and mare	CN: para 6 (a): At the last	ID: changay//b): Drafer that	JP: Japan still believes that this	<u>CMM 2017-03 CMM on</u>
OP7	In the event a crew member	CT: It is easier and more	CN: para 6 (a): At the last	JP: chapeau/(b): Prefer that	reporting requirement to the	protection of WCPFC ROP
	dies [WWF: or suffers a serious	practical for the flag CCM to	meeting, CN suggested deletion	"must be reported to the	Secretariat is deleted. It also	observers.pdf
	injury], the flag CCM shall [CT,	communicate to the	of "all" fishing operations –	Secretariat" should be deleted	supports the idea to consider para	<u> </u>
	RoK, CN, JP, WWF: inform the	Secretariat, rather than the	should be in [].	from the para. During a crucial	3 and 4 of CMM2017-03 on	3. In the event that a WCPFC ROP
	Secretariat as soon as	owner and/or operator.	CT. none C (C). This is a second	emergency situation – the vessel	observer safety.	observer dies, is missing or
	practicable][ <b>ID:</b> without	ID. marfon information (1)	CT: para 6 (f): This states that	and relevant flag authorities are		presumed fallen overboard, the
		ID: prefer informing the	the flag CCM shall require the	busy. The information can be	JP: Japan suggests maintaining the	CCM to which the fishing vessel is

delay], and ensure [EU:
require] that the owner and/or
operators of the fishing vessel:

- (a) [JP: delete op 7 (a) entirely] RoK, JP, CN: immediately] ceases [CN: all] fishing operations as soon as practicable;]
- (b) immediately notifies the flag CCM and the crew member's next of kin or designated contact person [ID: or the relevant embassy];
- (c) cooperates fully in all official investigations, and preserves any potential evidence and the personal effects and, if not needed by other crew, the quarters of the deceased crew member:
- (d) returns to port if required by the flag CCM for the official investigation and departs only when clearance is received from the flag CCM authorities;
- (e) preserves the body for the purposes of an autopsy, investigation, and/or repatriation. Bodies of deceased crew should not be buried at sea or disposed of in any other manner unless specifically authorized by the flag CCM's national regulation, or next of kin; and
- [(f) CT: informs the Secretariat of the death of a crew member and circumstances within one week.]
- [(f) JP: delete WWF: Submit

Secretariat "without delay" – less subjective than "as soon as practicable". The information needs to be escalated to the Secretariat. Add "relevant embassy" as an option to 6 (b).

CT: On 6 (b): Not every CCM has a relevant embassy in other CCMs' territories.

**RoK:** Prefer "as soon as practicable" in the chapeau for the flag CCM to inform the Secretariat. Delete "immediately" in 6 (a).

CN: Prefer CT language. Need an explanation as to what the Secretariat will do with the information - what are its duties? On 6 (a) delete "all" and "immediately". While the language is from the observer CMM, we have learned from Audit Points – clarity is needed. Does it mean that the vessel should switch off its engine? What about processing on board? Need to avoid future disputes. On 6 (b) – questioned whether it was practical for the owner and/or operator to inform a relevant embassy - it should be the flag CCM or the crew provider.

JP: difficulty with the need to inform the Secretariat – but can go along with "as soon as practicable". On 6 (a) – delete "immediately". On 6 (b) – agree with CT, there is not always an embassy available.

**WWF**: support informing Secretariat "as soon as practicable". Need to set out relevant details required by the Secretariat. It is important to collect this information to understand the scale and scope of the problem.

owner/operator of the fishing vessel to inform the Secretariat of the death of a crew member and circumstances within one week. It would be more practical to require the flag CCM to report to the Secretariat, rather than the owner/operator of the fishing vessel. Also requiring this within one week is a tight timeframe, considering the circumstances of the crew members' death - they may not be conducting a rescue or search mission that requires the Secretariat's coordination. Suggest a requirement in para 6, in the event a crew member dies, the flag CCM shall ensure that the owner/operator inform the Secretariat as soon as practicable.

**CN:** para 6 (f): Second the proposal made by CT. We want to ensure that information provided to the Secretariat is from the owner/operator of the fishing vessel – not from the flag CCM.

Co-Chairs comment: As a result of CN and CT comments, there remains a question as to who should inform the Secretariat as soon as practicable? The flag CCM or the owner and/or operator of the vessel? If the former, then it should be CT's amendment to the chapeau. If the latter, it should be an amendment to para (f): informs the Secretariat of the death of a crew member as soon as practicable.

reported to the Secretariat on annual basis (in an annual report) – rather than immediately during an emergency event – this is not practical.

JP: (e): Japan's domestic regulation and also international regulations allow for dead bodies to be buried at sea – in case of epidemic disease. In many cases, the dead body will be retained on FV – but in some cases, there is no choice but to allow the body to be buried at sea – so that is why we would like to keep the language "unless specifically authorised by a domestic regulation and/or international standards".

CN: chapeau/(b)/ (e): Agree with JP on reporting to the Secretariat. On dead body – the intention of a family member is very important the family member may not agree to receive the body. There have been many cases where the next of kin do not want the body transferred back home, given the cost. Important to keep the reference to burial at sea if requested by the next of kin, and confirmed by the manning company which has a contract with the crew member. This is the current practice. **US**: chapeau/(b): Keep language

about reporting to the Secretariat this is consistent with measure for observer safety CMM 2017-03 para 6. No reason why there should be a different notification requirement for crew members. Fine to require further notification from flag CCM in the annual report. It is general practice to notify the Secretariat (e.g. HSBI, observer safety). The report does not need to be burdensome – there is no temporal element (i.e. it does not need to be an immediate report) there is some flexibility if the vessel operator is busy dealing with the crew death. In any case, it is hoped that crew deaths are infrequent – so it should not be a large burden.

text: "unless specifically authorized by a domestic regulation [or next of kin] and/or international standards"

**CA:** suggests this paragraph be placed after paragraph 6 so that we are not referencing future sub-paragraphs.

**WWF:** ...Add at the direction of the next of kin... If a family member wants a deceased relative brought home, it is their decision and right to have that occur, not the employer. A family member should have SOLE discretion to decide whether a relative may be buried at sea.

flagged shall ensure that the fishing vessel:

- a. immediately ceases all fishing operations;
- b. immediately commences search and rescue if the observer is missing or presumed fallen overboard, and searches for at least 72 hours, unless the observer is found sooner, or unless instructed by the flag CCM to continue searching2;
- c. immediately notifies the flag CCM;
- d. immediately alerts other vessels in the vicinity by using all available means of communication;
- e. cooperates fully in any search and rescue operation
- f. whether or not the search is successful, return the vessels for further investigation to the nearest port, as agreed by the flag CCM and the observer provider;
- g. provides the report to the observer provider and appropriate authorities on the incident; and
- h. cooperates fully in any and all official investigations, and preserves any potential evidence and the personal effects and quarters of the deceased or missing observer.
- 4. Paragraphs 3(a), (c) and (h) apply in the event that an observer dies. In addition, the flag CCM shall require that the fishing vessel ensure that the body is well-preserved for the purposes of an autopsy and investigation.

## International Medical Guide for Ships:

untitled (who.int)

What to do (excerpt only) If the dead person was ill on board, consult any records that were made of the nature and course of the illness and the treatment given. If the person was injured, investigate and record the circumstances of the injury or injuries. If the circumstances of death were unusual, sudden, or unknown, or if there is any possibility of criminal intent, a post-mortem examination is indispensable. You may be suspected of concealing a crime if

the following information as soon as practicable to the Secretariat electronically:

- 1. Time and Date of Incident
- Name of Person Subject to Serious Injury or
   Dooth
- Nature of Incident (serious injury or death)
- 4. Vessel Name
- 5. IMO Number
- 6. Captain's Name
- 7. Vessel Master's Name
- 8. Vessel Location and Activity
- 9. Initial Actions Taken (by master/crew)
- Any Additional Details of Incident (Type of injury, how injury occurred, whether person was evacuated, what medical treatment was provided, etc.)
- 11. Remedial Actions Taken (by master/crew)]

Request an addition to Para 6 to also include "serious injury" and detail of required information to be submitted under a new sub-para (f). Per legal requirements in similar occupational safety and health contexts "serious injury" must be defined as "an injury that— (A) is life threatening; (B) results in permanent impairment of a body function or permanent damage to a body structure; or (C) necessitates medical or surgical intervention to preclude permanent impairment of a body function or permanent damage to a body structure." The WCPFC Secretariat should be tasked to note the time and date of the receipt of any reports and compile and include this information in a public annual report. We note that this information is critically important to understand the scope and scale of injuries and fatalities at sea and assess how to reduce occupational safety and health risks to fishing crew. We further note that this should be a relatively low reporting burden on the premise that serious injuries and deaths should be relatively infrequent.

EU: replace "ensure" with "require" in chapeau. Co-Chairs' note: Note this has also been changed in para 5 chapeau, para 6 chapeau, para 8 chapeau & para 9 chapeau for consistency for these obligations.

Co-Chairs' comments: On the chapeau, propose to accept "inform the Secretariat as soon as practicable" in the chapeau – and delete para (f). Delete "without delay" and accept "require".

JP: chapeau/(b): There are only one observer on board; but there are many crew on board and some are quite old – so death could happen quite often.

Immediate reporting to the Secretariat is not needed – it is burdensome to the vessel and flag States. Need to focus on protecting decent working conditions for crew members – instant reporting to Secretariat is not necessary.

CN: chapeau/(b): support JP. If

the language is "report to the Secretariat" – then our understanding is that this is annual reporting.

CN: (d): With regard to the vessel required to return to port, there is a reference to clearance from the port CCM ahead of departure. But this is not necessary. The vessel has returned to port at the request of the flag CCM. So clearance to depart port only relates to the flag CCM not the port CCM. Suggest reference to port CCM be deleted.

JP: (d): Agree China. When FV enters or exits from a port clearance from the port State is necessary. But the essence of this para is that the flag State requires the vessel to enter port until the investigation is completed. Port authorities can control the FV while it is at port but there is no need to refer to port CCM authorities as well. RMI: chapeau/(b): Agreement with the US on reporting to Secretariat, and also next of kin. NR: (e): [From chat]: Suggest delete the reference to "next of kin" [in relation to burial at sea] as this would defeat the purpose of investigation to determine the cause of death. Para 6 must include somewhere a requirement for communication or notification to next of kin. CN: (e): On comments regarding next of kin and implications for the investigation. Once the

vessel is dealing with the dead

a person is buried at sea under these circumstances: • to preserve the body for examination put it in a body bag and then in a refrigerator or coldstore; ● failing this, place the body in a bath in which you have put a large amount of ice. ■ Only if the ship is not near a port and the body cannot be kept on board because it poses a risk of infection should you proceed to burial at sea: • seek medical advice to confirm that it is dangerous to keep the body on board and record this advice in

BURIAL AT SEA (excerpt only)
Burial at sea should be
considered a last resort; always
take the body to the next port if
you can. The body may be buried
at sea if there is no suspicion of
foul play and it is not possible to
keep the body safely on board, or
if the next-of-kin have so
requested (be wary of agreeing to
requests of this type if you cannot
be sure of the cause of death).

			[ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	On <b>6 (a)</b> , if there is consensus		body (e.g. burial at sea etc), the		
	on deleting "immediately", is		investigation has been		
	there agreement on retaining		completed. If only the next of kin		
	the rest of the paragraph		can receive the dead body – this		
	(ceases all fishing operations		is a problem if the next of kin in		
	as soon as practicable)?		another country has no desire to		
			receive the dead body. But this		
	On para <b>6 (b),</b> if there is an		has nothing to do with the		
	obligation for the owner		investigation – which should		
	and/or operator to		already be completed. The		
	immediately notify the flag		intention of the next of kin is very		
	CCM, then it would be the		important.		
			•		
	responsibility of the flag CCM		ID: What happens in the case		
	to inform their relevant		that the owner cannot fill their		
	Embassy if there was one in a		responsibility for the families of		
	nearby coastal State that		the crew member and do not pay		
	could provide assistance.		compensation. What happens to		
	That action could be left to		the owner of the FV? What		
	the discretion of the flag CCM.		procedures are there to prevent		
	Propose to delete "or the		this happening in the future?		
	relevant embassy".		Chair: obligation on the flag CCM.		
			Welcome language from ID.		
	JP: op 7 (a): Japan suggests		3.10		
	deleting this item. This item is		JP: Thank you for proposing new		
	necessary only in case that		paragraph [6 (f)]. However, we		
	crew is missing or presumed		still think that reporting to the		
	fallen overboard, which is		Secretariat is low priority.		
	addressed in OP8 (a). We		Reporting through the Annual		
	understand that this text		report is enough.		
	originates from paragraph 3.a.				
	of CMM2017-03, which was		Global Law Alliance: We think		
	meaningful because the		the chairs have nicely balanced		
	paragraph addressed "In the		the views of members who		
	event that WCPFC ROP		commented on this item. The		
	observer dies, is missing or		changes are acceptable.		
	presumed fallen overboard".				
	JP: op7 (f): Japan does not				
	support addition of this				
	detailed notification				
	requirement, and believes				
	that annual reporting				
	requirement in OP14 offers				
	sufficient opportunity for the				
	Secretariat to make detailed				
	analysis of the compliance.				
		01/5006100			
IN THE EVENT A CREW MEMBER	R IS MISSING OR FALLEN	OVERBOARD			
000	Co Chaird			C4	Chana 2017 02 Chan
OP8 In the event that a crew	I		Global Law Alliance: The	CA: suggests including owners	<u>CMM 2017-03 CMM on</u>
member is missing or	Noting the EU proposal to		changes to para 7 appear	and operators here as well as	protection of WCPFC ROP
presumed fallen overboard,	change "ensure" to		acceptable.	some of the items below may	<u>observers.pdf</u>
the flag CCM shall [ensure]	"require" in para 7 chapeau,			be carried out by owners are	
[require] that the owner	this has also been changed			well.	5. In the event that a WCPFC ROP
[require] that the owner					observer suffers from a serious

1	T					
1	and/or operator of the fishing	in para 5 chapeau, para 6				illness or injury that threatens his or
	vessel:	chapeau, para 8 chapeau &				her health or safety, the CCM to
		para 9 chapeau for				which the fishing vessel is flagged
		consistency for these				shall ensure that the fishing vessel:
		obligations.				a. immediately ceases fishing
						operations; b. immediately notifies the flag CCM
						c. takes all reasonable actions to
						care for the observer and provide
						any medical treatment available
						and possible on board the vessel;
						d. where directed by the observer
						provider, if not already directed by
						the flag CCM, facilitates the
						disembarkation and transport of
						the observer to a medical facility
						equipped to provide the required
						care, as soon as practicable; and
						e. cooperates fully in any and all
						official investigations into the cause
						of the illness or injury.
						6. For the purposes of paragraphs
						3 through 5, the flag CCM shall
						ensure that the appropriate
						Maritime Rescue Coordination
						Centre 3, observer provider and
						Secretariat are immediately
						notified.
8 (a)	(a) [ROK, JP, CN: immediately]	Co-Chairs comment: para 8	CN: As above, "all" should be in	RMI: (a): "as soon as	<b>WWF:</b> So what is practicable?	Article 1 (d) of the WCPFC
	ceases [CN: all] fishing	(a) will be amended	[].	practicable" is the only option	Does that mean you can	Convention defines "fishing":
	operations as soon as	consistent with the outcome				
	operations as soon as			given operational requirements.	spend the next 2 hours	(1) ((5) )
	practicable:	of discussion on 7 (a).	<b>WWF:</b> Would like to	given operational requirements. <b>PNG FIA</b> : (a): agree with RMI.	spend the next 2 hours hauling or setting before even	(d) "fishing" means:
1	practicable;		WWF: Would like to understand the reasoning for		=	(i) searching for,
	practicable;			PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" –	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI.	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for,
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI.  CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary.  There may be some processes on	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary.	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish; (ii) attempting to search
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish; (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues.	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating,
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;  (iv) placing, searching
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be a fishing operation that could	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;  (iv) placing, searching for or recovering fish
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be a fishing operation that could not be terminated in order to	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;  (iv) placing, searching
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be a fishing operation that could	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;  (iv) placing, searching for or recovering fish aggregating devices or
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues.  Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be a fishing operation that could not be terminated in order to save the life of an individual?	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;  (iv) placing, searching for or recovering fish aggregating devices or associated electronic
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be a fishing operation that could not be terminated in order to save the life of an individual?	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;  (iv) placing, searching for or recovering fish aggregating devices or associated electronic equipment such as radio beacons;
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be a fishing operation that could not be terminated in order to save the life of an individual?  CN: If "all" fishing operations are to cease, we need a	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;  (iv) placing, searching for or recovering fish aggregating devices or associated electronic equipment such as radio beacons;  (v) any operations at
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be a fishing operation that could not be terminated in order to save the life of an individual?  CN: If "all" fishing operations are to cease, we need a definition of what is a fishing	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;  (iv) placing, searching for or recovering fish aggregating devices or associated electronic equipment such as radio beacons;  (v) any operations at sea directly in support
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues.  Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be a fishing operation that could not be terminated in order to save the life of an individual?  CN: If "all" fishing operations are to cease, we need a definition of what is a fishing operation. For example, does it	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;  (iv) placing, searching for or recovering fish aggregating devices or associated electronic equipment such as radio beacons;  (v) any operations at sea directly in support of, or in preparation
	practicable;		understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be a fishing operation that could not be terminated in order to save the life of an individual?  CN: If "all" fishing operations are to cease, we need a definition of what is a fishing	PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can	hauling or setting before even	(i) searching for, catching, taking or harvesting fish;  (ii) attempting to search for, catch, take or harvest fish;  (iii) engaging in any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or harvesting of fish for any purpose;  (iv) placing, searching for or recovering fish aggregating devices or associated electronic equipment such as radio beacons;  (v) any operations at sea directly in support

	fishing operation include all	subparagraphs (i) to
	activities relating to capture,	(iv), including
	processing, searching for fish –	transhipment;
	they all must be ceased? This	
	may not be necessary. We	(vi) use of any other
	need a definition of "fishing	vessel, vehicle, aircraft
		or hovercraft, for any
	operations" – otherwise it is a	activity described in
	problem – deleting "all" might	subparagraphs (i) to (v)
	be better.	except for emergencies
		involving the health and
	JP: Similar view to CN and CT	safety of the crew or
	on use of "immediately" – it	the safety of a vessel.
	may be too strong. Suggest the	
	phrase "as soon as practicable"	
	for para 7 (c ). On para 7 (a),	
	ceasing "all" fishing operations	
	could be confusing. Longliners	
	set their longlines in the ocean	
	– it is impossible to retrieve this	
	gear immediately. Setting	
	fishing lines can be interpreted	
	as fishing operations. In a	
	hectic situation, it may not be	
	possible to cease "all" fishing	
	operations – deleting "all"	
	would avoid confusion and	
	would not damage the purpose	
	of this paragraph.	
	<b>WWF:</b> Appreciate the feedback	
	from China, Chinese, Taipei and	
	Japan. With respect to ceasing	
	"all" fishing operations (7 (a)),	
	CCMs have previously agreed to	
	the same language in CMM	
	2017-03 on observers.	
	Paragraph 3 of that CMM has	
	the same language. It seems	
	odd to create a different	
	standard for observers from	
	crew on fishing vessels.	
	Struggling to identify a	
	circumstance where human life	
	would not be more important	
	than ceasing fishing operations.	
	than ceasing naming operations.	
	CNL Have also should be the	
	CN: Have also checked CMM	
	2017-03 – and inclusion of	
	ceasing "all" fishing operations.	
	But at that time, there was no	
	Audit Point. Lesson learned	
	from Audit Points – if we	
	continue to use "all" then will	
	be a problem, given different	
	interpretations of what is a	
	fishing operation. Deletion of	
	"all" does not dilute the	
	aii does not dilute the	

8 (b)	(b) immediately notifies the responsible Rescue Coordination Center (RCC) to report the incident time and location and commences search and rescue for at least 72 hours unless the crew member is found sooner, or unless instructed by the flag CCM to continue searching; <sup>2</sup> *Footnote: In the event of force majeure, flag CCMs may allow their vessels to cease search and rescue operations before 72 hours have elapsed.		meaning to rescue the human life. With regard to the existing CMM on observers (CMM 2017-03), CN also considers that "all" is not necessary. If "all" is included, there may be different interpretations by flag CCMs – could be clarified through the Audit Point.  ID: para 7 (b) and (h): This paragraph does not include the role of the port State. Once the fishing vessel ceases fishing operations, the vessel will return to port and will need to coordinate with the port State. The port State will inform the local mission [Embassy/Consulate] about the situation relating to a crew member of that nationality. After (or maybe at the same time as) immediately notifying the Rescue Coordination Centre (7 (b)), the owner/operator must notify the port State authorities.  JP: In 7 (b), the owner/operator to the Rescue Coordination Centre. In that event, the RCC will notify relevant coastal States and also fishing vessels operating in the vicinity. It is not necessary to have the additional notification to the port State. Para 7 (b) covers the Indonesian concern.			
8 (c )	(c) immediately notifies the flag CCM and [CT: notifies]	CT: This is about time sensitivity. It is most urgent to notify the flag CCM to	CT: We understand that to notify the flag CCM immediately is to enable them	CA: (c) – the way it was drafted, "if appropriate" applied to all (i.e. flag CCM, relevant authorities	CA: suggests rewording to 'and if appropriate, crew provider' because 'if appropriate' applies	
	the crew member's next of kin or designated contact person [CT: as soon as practicable after the	convene the search and rescue operation. Next of kin/designated contact persons can be informed	to coordinate the search and rescue mission. However, we do not understand the need to inform the crew members' next	and the crew provider) – when "if appropriate" should only apply to the crew provider.  CN: (c): Notification to the flag	only to crew provider.  We may also include an obligation on the flag CCM to	
	search and rescue operation has ceased];	afterwards. The flag CCM would contact the Secretariat.  Co-Chairs' comment: if no further comments, CT's	of kin or designated contact person immediately – they cannot assist with the search and rescue mission – which is a time sensitive task. The crew	CMM and relevant authorities. What is meant by relevant authorities? FV should only notify flag CCM and, if appropriate, the crew provider. 7	connect with next of kin and/or designated contact person should the owner and/or operator not be able to notify them immediately.	

amendments could be	members' next of kin or	(b) already requires the FV to	
accepted.	designated contact person	notify the RCC.	
	could be informed after the	JP: ( c): similar concern to CN.	
	search and rescue mission is	Scope of "relevant authorities" is	
	finished. If the crew member is	obscure. Add "if appropriate"	
	found, then there is no	prior to both relevant authorities	
	necessity to inform the crew	and crew provider. Notification	
	-		
	members' next of kin or	to the flag CCM is necessary.	
	designated contact person.	US: (c ): Comfortable to remove	
		"relevant authorities" if	
	CT: To clarify, CT does not have	necessary. But, as already	
	a problem with notifying the	explained, crew provider does	
	flag CCM immediately – but it is	not have a special role and has no	
	more practical to notify the	standing at WCPFC. The	
	next of kin or designated	reference to crew provider	
	contact person as soon as	should be removed. Need to add	
	practicable or after the search	back a reference to the	
	and rescue mission.	notification to the next of kin or	
		designated contact person.	
	CT:. In regard to WWF's	NR: (c): Need to reconsider use	
	comments, CT did not make	of term "crew provider". Labour	
	comments about para 7 (a). CT	is not a commodity – working to	
	comments were only about	protect and support people.	
	para 7 (c ). Agree, however,	<b>CN</b> : (c): Have a problem with the	
	that need some consistency	US suggestion to add in the	
	with language from CMM 2017-	notification from the flag CCM to	
	03. Para 3 of this CCM, when	the next of kin or designated	
	an observer dies is missing or	contact person. In the current	
	presumed fallen overboard, the	practice, the FV has no	
	requirement is to immediately	information about the crew	
	notify the flag CCM – which is	member's next of kin, especially	
	reasonable because search and	for non-nationals. This	
	rescue mission are very time	information is handled only by	
	sensitive. No problem with the	the manning company. This is a	
	requirement to notify the next	practical difficulty.	
	of kin or designated contact –	CT: (c ): On US suggestion - in	
	but need to consider whether	some cases, may not know who is	
	this is required "immediately"	the next of kin – so need to add	
	when the focus is on the search	in also "designated contact	
	and rescue mission.	person".	
	and rescue mission.	CN: (c): No difficulties on adding	
	ID: Suggest the phress "as seen	"or designated contact person".	
	JP: Suggest the phrase "as soon		
	as practicable" for para 7 (c ).	Propose that each CCM should	
		report to Secretariat the	
		designated contact person for	
		crew members. If that is the	
		case, then can go along with this.	
		<b>US</b> : ( c): In para 5 (a) – the	
		designated contact person is	
		referred to – with the flag CCMs	
		ensuring that owner and/or	
		operator maintain a list of crew	
		member's next of kin or	
		designated contact person. That	
		information is available for use in	
		the event of an emergency.	

CN: add "to the extent UNCLOS: Article 98: Duty to 8 (d) (d) [CN: to the extent CN: It is difficult for a vessel **CN:** With regard to other to make the judgement about possible". Due to there is no vessels "in the vicinity" - maybe render assistance possible,] immediately this will be resolved by the 1. Every State shall require the other vessels in the vicinity, definition of "vicinity, it alerts other vessels [CN: in without a definition. should be difficult to assess Audit Point – what is the master of a ship flying its flag, the vicinity] regarding the distance (nautical miles) to the obligation. If no vessel in so far as he can do so status of the crew member EU: Clear obligations under receives such alerts in the sodefine "in the vicinity". Use without serious danger to the by using all available SOLAS. In the event of a called vicinity, the fishing other words (e.g. "nearby"?). ship, the crew or the means of communication; missing crew member, this Possibly use "available means passengers: vessel in question shall be non triggers the vessel to send of communication" to define compliant, but the fishing signals to vessels within the vessel may argue it did send the distance – but range. communication can be global alerts, but within a short so this is difficult for the flag distance. In order to avoid this Co-Chairs' comments: See situation, we suggest to add CCM. "in the vicinity" should previous comment in column be [ ]. "to the extent possible". to the right. Propose that CN Maybe "to the extent comments "to the extent **CN**: There is a problem that, possible" is not the best way possible" is deleted and possibly in the future, fishing to address our concern - we remove the [] around "in the vessels may indicate that they may discuss it to seek some vicinity". The obligation for a did not receive any information better ideas to address the from the fishing vessel about vessel to alert other vessels in unclear vicinity, such as within the vicinity is an existing the search and rescue mission. 50 nm or 100 nm or SSB(single Need to consider some kind of international obligation (see side band) range(200 nm). blue column to the far right). limit – otherwise nearby fishing As noted, vessels receiving vessels may be in trouble. If Co-Chairs' comment: the this signal have a duty to there is an unfortunate event obligation is on flag CCMs to render assistance – to the a fishing vessel may ask the ensure that owners and/or extent that they can do so master of a vessel which it is operators immediately alert safely. familiar with (e.g. in the same other vessels in the vicinity. If fishing group) to help. We need the vessel did not send any to consider this. alerts at all, the vessel would be non-compliant in the 2. Every coastal State shall context of this CMM. promote the establishment, Presumably flag CCMs would operation and maintenance of also have other legal an adequate and effective processes in respect of vessel search and rescue service owners and/or operators who regarding safety on and over did not take adequate action the sea and, where to carry out a search and circumstances so require, by rescue mission in the event way of mutual regional that a crew member had arrangements cooperate with fallen overboard. The vessels neighbouring States for this which receive the signal then purpose. have a duty to render assistance under UNCLOS (art International Convention on the 98) and SOLAS (Chapt V, Reg Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) 33), although there are 1974: Chapter V (Safety of factors that the receiving Navigation): Regulation 33 vessel can take into account (Distress messages: obligations (e.g. if there is a danger). and procedures): SOLAS-E.indb (arcticportal.org)

(a) to render

assistance to any

person found at sea in

(b) to proceed with all

possible speed to the

distress, if informed of

assistance, in so far as

(c) after a collision, to

the other ship, its crew

and its passengers and,

inform the other ship

of the name of his own

ship, its port of registry

and the nearest port at

which it will call.

1. The master of a ship at sea which is in a position to be able to provide assistance on receiving a signal from

render assistance to

where possible, to

rescue of persons in

their need of

such action may

expected of him;

reasonably be

danger of being lost;

			any source that persons are
			in distress at sea, is bound
			to proceed with all speed
			to their assistance, if
			possible informing them or
			the search and rescue
			service that the ship is
			doing so. <b>If the ship</b>
			receiving the distress alert
			is unable or, in the special
			circumstances of the case,
			considers it unreasonable
			or unnecessary to proceed
			to their assistance, the
			master must enter in the
			log-book the reason for
			failing to proceed to the
			assistance of the persons
			in distress, taking into
			account the
			recommendation of the
			Organization, to inform the
			appropriate search and
			rescue service accordingly.
			2. The master of a ship in
			distress or the search and
			rescue service concerned,
			after consultation, so far as
			may be possible, with the
			masters of ships which
			answer the distress alert,
			has the right to requisition
			one or more of those ships
			as the master of the ship in
			distress or the search and
			rescue service considers
			best able to render
			assistance, and it shall be
			the duty of the master or
			masters of the ship or ships
			requisitioned to comply
			with the requisition by
			continuing to proceed with
			all speed to the assistance
			of persons in distress.
			3. Masters of ships shall be
			released from the
			obligation imposed by
			paragraph 1 on learning
			that their ships have not
			been requisitioned and
			that one or more other
			ships have been
			requisitioned and are
			complying with the
			requisition. This decision
			shall, if possible be

					communicated to the other requisitioned ships and to the search and rescue service.  4. The master of a ship shall be released from the obligation imposed by paragraph 1 and, if his ship has been requisitioned, from the obligation imposed by paragraph 2 on being informed by the persons in distress or by the search and rescue service or by the master of another ship which has reached such persons that assistance is no longer necessary."
8 (e )	(e) cooperates fully in any search and rescue operation;				
8 (f)	(f) provides a report about the incident to the appropriate authorities of the flag CCM and other appropriate authorities on the incident if requested;				
8 (g)	(g) cooperates fully in all official investigations, and preserves any potential evidence and the personal effects and, if not needed by other crew, the quarters of the missing crew member;			JP: In our understanding, at the previous WS, it was concluded that the phrase "if not needed by other crew" should go before "quarters" to clarify the meaning. See our suggested edit.  FFA: Suggest deletion of "if not needed by other crew".	
8 (h)	(h) returns to port if required by the flag CCM for the official investigation and departs only when clearance is received from the flag CCM authorities;		JP: (h): As suggested for para 6 – only flag CCM authorities is required in this para – the reference to port CCM authorities is not necessary – should be deleted.	JP: Japan supports "flag CCM".  CA: Note that paragraph needs to be reworded for grammatical purposes.  This paragraph also places many obligations on the port CCM under a paragraph that speaks to flag CCM obligations.  No suggested text at this time.	

						FFA: added "and": so it reads "relevant port and flag CCM"	
IN TH	In the event that a flag CCM	ND OTHER MISTREATM	CA: notes that poor and forced lab this section. Our preference would forced labour throughout. Also, Canada suggests the sub-head in response to [poor and forced] lab mistreatment of crew'.  CN: chapeau: Difficult to include	Art 2 (1) of ILO Co29: For the purposes of this Convention the term forced or compulsory labour shall mean all work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which the said person has not offered himself voluntarily.  CMM 2017-03 CMM on			
	has reasonable grounds to believe, based on information such as port state notifications, electronic monitoring, observer reports, high seas boarding inspection reports or information provided by a crew member, that a crew member's health and safety is endangered or that a crew member has been subject to forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment, the flag CCM shall [ensure] [require] that the owner and/or operator of the fishing vessel:			ID: ID would like to keep the reference to "poor labour conditions". ID often receives reports that poor labour conditions have led to sickness. Is there some paragraph that can refer to poor labour conditions?  Co-Chair: Advised on the proposal to go with consistent language throughout the text — and these terms are defined in Attachment 2.  US: Our preference, as the co-Chair has suggested, is to retain the consistent language throughout the text rather than to add back in terms such as "poor labour conditions".  JP: Like the US, JP would like to maintain the wording within the scope for this section, focused on forced labour and other mistreatment. We have discussed the definitions for these terms [Attachment 2], with the definition of mistreatment including the "failure to provide crew members with decent working and living conditions on board fishing vessels". Hope this addresses ID's concern.	reference to HSBI – HSBI should be conducted based on multiple language questionnaire module. But current HSBI module is old (adopted in 2006) – there is no inclusion of issues related to crew standards. It needs to be updated – it is currently impossible to recognise information provided through current HSBI practices.  US: chapeau: In response to CN, the HSBI questionnaire may not be up to date – but that would be true in response to any new CMM – the HSBI questionnaire needs to be updated and this can be a separate action item – that is not a reason to remove the reference to information obtained through HSBI on crew mistreatment. HSBI can address obligations from any binding CMMs. Not great to remove indicators of forced labour in the latter part of the chapeau paragraph. It is helpful to understand what is meant by "forced labour" – members had expressed a desire to specify these elements. This is going backwards on what was previously agreed.  RMI: chapeau: forced labour has clear prescribed indicators which are internationally accepted – listing of detail in this para is unnecessary.  Chair: chapeau: Note the eleven ILO indicators of forced labour: Abuse of vulnerability • Deception • Restriction of movement • Isolation • Physical and sexual violence • Intimidation and threats • Retention of identity documents • Withholding of wages • Debt bondage • Abusive working and living conditions • Excessive overtime.  CN: chapeau: Not requesting the removal of HSBI – just expressing concern about the old questionnaire. Do we need to also consider use of information obtained from EM as	JP: Japan does not support the addition of "port State" here.  CA: requests that HSBI reports also be included and that we reframe as follows:  " In the event that a flag CCM has reasonable grounds to believe, based on credible information such as port state notifications, information provided by a crew member or HSBI reports, that"  FFA: Suggest deletion of " such as having been denied access to potable water, adequate food toilets, rest, medical attention, or restriction of movement." Forced labour has prescribed indicators and mistreatment should be covered by the conditions in the CMM.	protection of WCPFC ROP observers.pdf  8. In the event that there are reasonable grounds to believe a WCPFC ROP observer has been assaulted, intimidated, threatened, or harassed such that their health or safety is endangered and the observer or the observer provider indicates to the CCM to which the fishing vessel is flagged that they wish for the observer to be removed from the fishing vessel, the CCM to which the fishing vessel is flagged shall ensure that the fishing vessel:  a. immediately takes action to preserve the safety of the observer and mitigate and resolve the situation on board;  b. notifies the flag CCM and the observer provider of the situation, including the status and location of the observer, as soon as possible;  c. facilitates the safe disembarkation of the observer in a manner and place, as agreed by the flag CCM and the observer provider, that facilitates access to any needed medical treatment; and d. cooperates fully in any and all official investigations into the incident.

	1	<u> </u>				
				well as observer reports? This information would be useful. Need		
				to make it easy for industry to		
				understand what forced labour looks		
				like – suggest that the eleven		
				indicators are included as an Annex.		
				US: chapeau: fine with addition of EM and observer reports and fine		
				with adding indicators of forced		
				labour to an annex.		
				Global Law Alliance: The		
				changes to para 8 appear		
				acceptable.		
9 (a)	(a) immediately takes action					
J (a)	to preserve the safety of					
	the crew member and					
	mitigate and resolve the					
	_					
	situation on board;					
9 (b)	(b) immediately provides the					
	flag CCM's designated					
	authorities with a report					
	on the situation,					
	remedies provided,					
	including the status and					
	location of the crew					
	member, as soon as					
	possible;					
9 (c)	(c) facilitates the safe					
	disembarkation of the					
	crew member in a					
	manner and place, as					
	agreed by the flag CCM					
	and crew member,					
	including access to any					
	needed medical					
	treatment at the expense					
	of the owner and/or					
	operator; and					
9 (d)	(d) cooperates fully in any	US: Move para 6 bis (vi) to para 8		CN: (d): "independent and	WWF:Independent and	
	and all official	(d) and amend: "When crew		individual" access to crew members –	individual access	
	investigations into the	members are supplied by a		we understand this to mean opportunities for 1:1 interview with		
	incident, including by	crew provider, who is a		crew members – in that case, no		
	providing independent	national of a CCM, that CCM		difficulties.		
	and individual access to	shall ensure that the crew				
	all crew members	provider coordinate gathering any evidence from any crew				
	remaining on the vessel.	member that it has a contract				
	[US: moved from 6 bis (vi)	with:"				
	to 8 (d): When crew	, with				
	to o (u). When crew	Co-Chairs' comment: This				

	members are supplied	para is about the obligation of				
	by a crew provider,	the flag CCM to				
	who is a national of a	ensure/require that the				
	CCM, that CCM shall	owner and/or operator carry				
		out certain responsibilities in				
	ensure that the crew	the event that they are				
	provider coordinate	informed there may be				
	gathering any evidence	mistreatment of a crew				
	from any crew member	member. For para 9 (d), this				
	that it has a contract	requires the owner and/or				
		operator to cooperate in any				
	with.]	inquiry. Given that any				
		incident presumably took				
		place on the vessel, it is not				
		clear what role a crew				
		provider could play in this				
		instance – that is not already				
		covered by the proposed 4				
		bis?. Suggest, therefore, that				
		the US amendment is not				
		required here.				
		JP: Japan does not support				
		the US suggested addition of				
		binding measure for crew				
		provider (to coordinate				
		evidence gathering), for the				
		reasons explained above.				
9 (e )	(e) facilitates access of the	Co-Chairs comment: no		CN: (e): difficult for the	JP: Japan does not support the	
	<del>crew member by the port</del>	further comments - accept		owner/operator to assist the crew to an embassy – they have no ability to	addition of this text because the	
	<del>State to the nearest</del>	deletion?		do that. Suggest entire paragraph is [	responsibility of the port State is unclear.	
	[support organisation,]			1.	uncicui.	
	embassy or consulate			1.	FFA: add "support organisation"	
	consistent with their				and "where available".	
	nationality, [where					
	, ,					
	<del>available]</del>					
6545		IB. average and CT	CT. CT. annual Lile		ID-We suggest this sale ( 1 by	CNANA 2047 C2 CNANA
OP10	In the event that, after	JP: support CT amendments.	CT: CT proposed the text as a	<b>Us</b> : chapeau 9: Do not support	JP: We suggest this edit (addition of	CMM 2017-03 CMM on
	disembarkation from a fishing	Reasonable grounds are	response to previous discussion	addition of "with reasonable	"with reasonable evidence") to establish an objective process and	protection of WCPFC ROP
	vessel, a crew member reports	required – a crew member	– we do not want to place	evidence" – we are talking about	avoid a situation that a crew	<u>observers.pdf</u>
	to the port CCM an allegation	saying something is not	unnecessary burden on the	allegations which need to be investigated – we don't want to put	member's unfounded claim creates	10. In the event that often
	of forced or compulsory labour	enough.	Secretariat or the port CCM	the bar that high. This is information	undue burden to the relevant	10. In the event that, after disembarkation from a fishing
	and other mistreatment while	[ ,	regarding notifications from	which should simply be transmitted	authority.	vessel of a WCPFC ROP observer,
	on board the fishing vessel,	RoK: Investigation needs	crew members, including from	to the flag CCM for their		an observer provider identifies—
	[CT, RoK, JP, CN: with	evidence.	false allegations. Hence the	investigation.	JP: To use consistent terms with	such as during the course of
			requirement for "reasonable	JP: chapeau 9: If crew member	paragraph 8. Same applies to other	debriefing the observer—a
	reasonable grounds and/or	CN: agree. With regard to	ground and/or supporting	indicates it wants to embark without	places of the document. [Delete	possible violation involving
	supporting information,] the	notification to the Secretariat	information" so that the port	good reason, then the need for	"poor labour conditions" and add	assault or harassment of the
I	port CCM shall notify, in	– a separate paragraph may	CCM can provide information to	investigation here could be	"forced labour and/or"]	observer while on board the
			the flag CCM.	burdensome – that's why added		fishing vessel, the observer
	writing, the flag CCM. [CT: and	be required with regard to	the hag ccivi.		IP: We see value in the	
		be required with regard to their responsibilities.		"with reasonable evidence". There	JP: We see value in the establishment of good	provider shall notify, in writing,
	writing, the flag CCM. [CT: and the Secretariat]. Upon	their responsibilities.	JP: JP originally proposed	"with reasonable evidence". There may be other ways, e.g. with	JP: We see value in the establishment of good communication between port state	provider shall notify, in writing, the flag CCM and the Secretariat,
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	allegations, including through information provided by the crew member (and crew provider where relevant), port CCM, and crew on the fishing vessel and take any appropriate action in response to the results of the investigation; and				
10(b)	(b) cooperate fully in any other investigation conducted, including providing the flag CCM's investigation report to the crew provider and port CCM.				
OP11	In the event a port CCM is notified by a flag CCM that a crew member may have experienced forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment, the port CCM shall facilitate entry to port of the fishing vessel to allow disembarkation of the crew member to the extent possible under national law and assist in any investigations if so requested by the flag CCM.		Global Law Alliance: The changes to para 10 appear acceptable.	FFA: delete "requests to disembark from a fishing vessel due to poor labour conditions" and add "may have experienced indications of forced labour" or "systemic" mistreatment.	
OP12	CCMs shall cooperate and provide support in relation to cases of forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment on fishing vessels, including facilitating evidence gathering from crew providers in their jurisdiction or from their nationals, where possible.		US: Don't understand deletion of this para: important to promote cooperation on the investigation of crew cases and gathering of evidence – important component of the measure.  CN: agree with US. Important element, especially for nonnational crew. Need cooperation.  NR: reason for deletion was that this is already covered by art 25 of the Convention. But happy to retain the para.  CN: note position of FFA – if covered by art 25, then don't need this para.	FFA: remove as covered under art 25 of the Convention	CMM 2017-03 CMM on protection of WCPFC ROP observers.pdf  13. Where requested relevant observer providers, and CCMs shall cooperate in each other's investigations including providing their incident reports for any incidents indicated in paragraphs 3 through 8 to facilitate any investigations as appropriate.

					Global Law Alliance: agrees with		
					the retention of this paragraph as it emphasizes the need to		
					cooperate with regard to the		
					concerns at issue in this CMM.		
SPECIA	AL REQUIREMENTS OF DEV	/FLOPING STATES	CA: If title recommendation incommendation	orporated above, Canada suggests	removing this sub-header.		
JI LCI/	AL REQUIREWENTS OF DE	VELOTING STATES		. , , ,	, and the second		
			FFA: amend heading to reflect p	para 12.			
OP13	To implement this Measure,				CN: Prefer "encourage" – if it is	FFA: delete "encouraged"	
	developed CCMs are				"required" then this becomes a	and replace with "required".	
	encouraged to make efforts				condition for implementation of		
	and consider options to assist				this CMM. If developed CCMs did		
	developing CCMs, both flag				not provide assistance, then that would be a reason for the		
	CCMs and coastal CCMs,				developing CCM not to		
	including working with local				implement the CCM.		
	industries (which includes				KR: Usual phrase is "special		
	crew providers) to help them				requirements of SIDS and		
	meet the standards in this				territories". Preference is for		
	Measure.				"encourage" – if it is to be a		
					binding requirement, then		
					replace "developing CCMs" with		
					"SIDS and territories".		
					<b>US</b> : prefer to keep as		
					"encourage" – if push to make it		
					a requirement, agree with KR.		
					Easiest solution is to keep it as		
					"encourage".		
New	[CN: States that are interested	EU: Need to further reflect.	CN: new para added.				
<b>– 13</b>	in providing crew to the	20. Need to further reflect.	Cit. New para added.				
bis	fisheries referred to in						
DIS	paragraph 1 but are not						
	currently members or						
	•						
	cooperating non-members of						
	WCPFC, are encouraged to						
	apply to be cooperating non-						
	members of the Commission.]						
Nous	[CN: Within and month ofter	CN: This is a new measure	CN: now para added				
New	[CN: Within one month after	covering a new field – CCMs	CN: new para added.				
- 13	the entry into force of this	may need to provide different					
ter	measure, CCMs shall inform	contact points.					
	the Secretariat of its						
	designated contact point(s) in						
	connection with the						
	implementation of this						
	measure.]						
REPOI	RTING						
OP14	CCMs shall advise the	Co-Chairs Comment: Note			<b>US</b> : 13: ok with deletion of "through the relevant national legislation".	JP: The way to examine the compliance of the measure should	
	Commission (in Part 2 of their	that the only other current			the relevant national legislation .	compliance of the measure should	

Annual Report) on implementation of this Measure, [Co-Chairs: including for flag CCMs to report on the implementation of obligations in the event that a crew member dies (paragraph 7); is missing or fallen overboard (paragraph 8); there are allegations of forced or compulsory labour or the implementation of this process of the reference of the process of the process of the process of the reference of the process of the process of the process of the process of the process of the process of the process of t	
implementation of this Measure, [Co-Chairs: including for flag CCMs to report on the implementation of obligations in the event that a crew member dies (paragraph 7); is missing or fallen overboard (paragraph 8); there are allegations of forced or compulsory labour or	
Measure, [Co-Chairs: including for flag CCMs to report on the implementation of obligations in the event that a crew member dies (paragraph 7); is missing or fallen overboard (paragraph 8); there are allegations of forced or compulsory labour or later the paragraph 1 to report on the implementation obligations are treated as Report obligations, given that the required action is triggered by an event.  When a crew member dies. Note comparable Audit Points for implementation obligations: 2 elements (i) national binding mechanism and (ii) a process for monitoring and addressing any infringements. So the reference to implementation in para 13 implicitly refers to both these elements.  Us: 13: agree – that's why we are flexible. But we would not want the deletion of "enforcement" to imply	
including for flag CCMs to report on the implementation of obligations in the event that a crew member dies (paragraph 7); is missing or fallen overboard (paragraph 8); there are allegations of forced or compulsory labour or	
report on the implementation of obligations in the event that a crew member dies (paragraph 7); is missing or fallen overboard (paragraph 8); there are allegations of forced or compulsory labour or	
of obligations in the event that a crew member dies (paragraph 7); is missing or fallen overboard (paragraph 8); there are allegations of forced or compulsory labour or	
a crew member dies (paragraph 7); is missing or fallen overboard (paragraph 8); there are allegations of forced or compulsory labour or	
that the required action is triggered by an event.  It is therefore proposed that this Reporting obligation forced or compulsory labour or that the required action is triggered by an event.  It is therefore proposed that this Reporting obligation that the required action is triggered by an event.  It is therefore proposed that this Reporting obligation that the required action is triggered by an event.  It is therefore proposed that this Reporting obligation that the required action is triggered by an event.  It is therefore proposed that this Reporting obligation that the required action is triggered by an event.  It is therefore proposed that this Reporting obligation that the required action is triggered by an event.	
(paragraph 7); is missing or fallen overboard (paragraph 8); there are allegations of forced or compulsory labour or	
fallen overboard (paragraph 8); there are allegations of forced or compulsory labour or  forced or compulsory labour or  ferefers to both these elements.  US: 13: agree – that's why we are this Reporting obligation flexible. But we would not want the deletion of "enforcement" to imply	
forced or compulsory labour or this Reporting obligation this Reporting obligation deletion of "enforcement" to imply	
forced or compulsory labour or this Reporting obligation this Reporting obligation flexible. But we would not want the deletion of "enforcement" to imply	
deletion of "enforcement" to imply	
flag CCMs (and, as applicable, that we do not expect members to	
port CCMs, to report on the port CCMs) should report to	
port CCMs to report on the the Secretariat on their the Secretariat on their	
implementation of obligations implementation of actions if Global Law Alliance: We prefer	
the situations in paras 7, 8, 9,	
allegations of forced or 10 and 11 (port CCMs) occur.	
Compulcon, Jahour or other	
mictrostment (paragraph 10.9)	
Instreatment (paragraph 10 & legislation."	
14 This measure will take effect PNA + TK: Concerned about CT: There is a lot of text that US: 14: Would like reference to	
(1000) La la [1] US described	
on X January, [2026] [2028]. implementation. Reserve position. May require has not yet been finalized — and it is unclear how much three year delay for implementation.	
delayed entry into force and legislation may be required. At	
Would like to have the possibility of	
the entions for the year for the	
i callel date.	
CMM to take effect in [ ].	
Co-Chairs comments: For further discussion.  US: No new suggestion – but a	
further discussion.  US: No new suggestion – but a lot of concern with the idea	
that we might not have this	
measure come into effect until	
2028, if we are able to get	
agreement on it by the end of	
2024. That would be	
unacceptable to the US to delay	
4 years on a measure that is	
talking about the health and	
safety of human beings. I	
understand that we need to	
leave the date in [ ]. But 2028 is	
really not an acceptable target	
date for implementation.	
WWF: Support the intervention	
WWF: Support the intervention of the US. I do not think anyone	
WWF: Support the intervention of the US. I do not think anyone here would suggest that a lot of	
WWF: Support the intervention of the US. I do not think anyone here would suggest that a lot of what is contained in the draft	
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WWF: Support the intervention of the US. I do not think anyone here would suggest that a lot of what is contained in the draft	
WWF: Support the intervention of the US. I do not think anyone here would suggest that a lot of what is contained in the draft CMM is not already happening.	
WWF: Support the intervention of the US. I do not think anyone here would suggest that a lot of what is contained in the draft CMM is not already happening. This is really aimed at affecting	
WWF: Support the intervention of the US. I do not think anyone here would suggest that a lot of what is contained in the draft CMM is not already happening. This is really aimed at affecting those who might not be	

		year. This is about basic human welfare – and we should place a priority on this. All of the interventions at the Commission meeting in Rarotonga emphasized the importance of addressing this issue.  CT: Appreciate the interventions of US and WWF. To clarify, CT is not suggesting that the measure is not fully implemented until 2028. We just want to ensure that every CCM has sufficient time to conduct the legislation work before this CMM takes effect – to ensure some options and flexibility. We can accept both [2026] or [2028].	
ATTACHMENT 1: PARTICULARS THAT MAY BE INCLUDED IN A CREW AGREEMENT	JP: Have been working on the understanding that this attachment relating to the crew agreement would not be mandatory – but rather voluntary guidelines. That's why we have agreed on para 4 (iii) – where the attachment is referred to as a guideline. Having the attachment as a legal requirement is extremely difficult, almost impossible. If it is insisted, then the attachment would need to be simplified. These guidelines are important – so preference is to retain "may" rather than "shall".  US: Want the attachment to be non-binding. This was a deliberate decision in our discussions – to avoid getting bogged down in the negotiation over what could be binding – but to have these important elements highlighted anyway as something that can be referred to. Down the line, maybe we could look at making it binding. But right now, that would mean looking at all the elements of the attachment all over again. Don't want to get in the middle of individual private contracts – encourage them to remain non-binding. Would over-complicate things.  CN: Current practice for CN tuna vessels – there are three contracts for non-national crew. (i) between foreign crew and foreign manning company; (ii) between Chinese manning company and foreign manning company; and (iii) between Chinese manning company and Chinese fishing company. It is very difficult to reach agreement on this Attachment. Support JP and US on it being non-binding.  CT: echo comments. In previous discussions, clear that CCMs need flexibility to implement the CCM in different ways. Every CCM should be able to implement. If the attachment is mandatory, we will need to look at it again – prolong the discussion.  RMI: disappointing. The attachment provides the very basics of a contract – minimum 20 elements. It is a contract that those involved as crew should expect. Wanted it compulsory. Reality that many crew members change vessels through		

			-		
		carrier vessels.			
		Global Law Alliance: Like RMI, we express our disap			
		that these minimum elements are non-binding. The	revisions to		
		the 20 elements appear to be acceptable.			
1	The crew's family name and				
	other names, date of birth or				
	age, and birthplace.				
	age, and birtiplace.				
2	The place at which and date				
-	on which the agreement was				
	concluded.				
3	The details of the crew			JP: Add "or designated contact	
3				person" to be consistent with (now	
	member's next of kin or			deleted, but possibly reinserted	
	designated contact person in			text of) 7(iii)	
	the event of an emergency.				
4	The name of the fishing			RMI: If the crew changes vessels	
	vessel or vessels and the			that are not identified, these	
	registration number of the			must be added into the contract	
	vessel or vessels on board			by way as an amendment	
	which the crew undertakes				
	to work. If the crew member				
	changes vessels, this should				
	be updated by the vessel				
	owner and/or operator in				
	the written contract or				
	agreement with the crew				
	member.				
_	The years and address of the			JP: Add "and/or operator" to be	
5	The name and address of the			consistent with the modified text in	
	vessel owner and/or operator,			the chapeau of the paragraph 4.	
	or other party to the			the chapeau of the paragraph 4.	
	agreement with the crew				
	member.				
6	Starting date and duration of				
	contract.				
7	The voyage or voyages to be				
	undertaken, if this can be				
	determined at the time of				
	making the agreement.				
8	The capacity in which the areas				
0	The capacity in which the crew				
	is to be employed or engaged.				
9	If possible, the place at which			RMI: Add "This should include	
9	If possible, the place at which			details of the carrier delivering	
	and date on which the crew			the crew to its vessel, if the crew	
	member is required to report			and dress to his vessel, if the crew	

-			 	
	on board for service. This		is to board at sea."	
	should include details of the			
	carrier delivering the crew			
	member to the fishing vessel,			
	if the crew member boards			
	the fishing vessel at sea.			
10	The provisions to be supplied			
	to the crew, any in-kind			
	payments of a limited			
	proportion of the			
	remuneration, the amount of			
	wages, or the amount of the			
	share and the method of			
	calculating such share if			
	remuneration is to be on a			
	share basis, or the amount of			
	the wage and share and the			
	method of calculating the			
	latter if remuneration is to be			
	on a combined basis, and any			
	agreed minimum wage, and			
	periodicity and form of			
	payments.			
11	The termination of the		JP: as above (para 5 of	
	agreement and the conditions		Attachment). Add "and/or	
	thereof, namely:		operator" to be consistent with the	
			modified text in the chapeau of the	
	i. if the agreement		paragraph 4.	
	has been made for			
	a definite period,			
	the date fixed for			
	its expiry, unless			
	agreed by mutual			
	consensus;			
	ii. if the agreement			
	has been made for			
	a voyage, the port			
	of destination and			
	the time which has			
	to expire after			
	arrival before the			
	crew shall be			
	discharged; and			
	iii. if the agreement			
	has been made for			
	an indefinite			
	period, the			
	conditions which			
	shall entitle either			
	party to rescind it,			
	party to resonant,			

as well as the required period of notice for rescission, provided that such period shall not be less for fishing vessel owner and/or operator or other party to the agreement with the crew member.  12 The right of termination by the crew member in the event					 	
notice for rescission, provided that such period shall not be less for fishing vessel owner and/or operator or other party to the agreement with the crew member.						
rescission, provided that such period shall not be less for fishing vessel owner and/or operator or other party to the agreement with the crew member.		required period of				
provided that such period shall not be less for fishing vessel owner and/or operator or other party to the agreement with the crew member.		notice for				
period shall not be less for fishing vessel owner and/or operator or other party to the agreement with the crew member.  12 The right of termination by		rescission,				
period shall not be less for fishing vessel owner and/or operator or other party to the agreement with the crew member.  12 The right of termination by		provided that such				
less for fishing vessel owner and/or operator or other party to the agreement with the crew member.  12 The right of termination by						
vessel owner and/or operator or other party to the agreement with the crew member.  12 The right of termination by						
and/or operator or other party to the agreement with the crew member.  12 The right of termination by						
other party to the agreement with the crew member.  12 The right of termination by						
agreement with the crew member.  12 The right of termination by						
the crew member.  12 The right of termination by						
12 The right of termination by						
		the crew member.				
	12	The right of termination by				
of forced or compulsory						
labour and other						
mistreatment, and to clearly						
account for deductions made						
against the crew member's						
wages for any in-kind						
contributions.		contributions.				
The protection that will cover JP: To use consistent term	13	The protection that will cover				
the crew member in the event throughout the document. Delete						
of forced or compulsory						
labour and other					and/or mistreatment".	
mistreatment, sickness, injury						
or death in connection with						
service.		service.				
		1				
14 The amount of paid annual	14					
leave or the formula used for						
calculating leave, where						
applicable.		applicable.				
15 The health and social benefits	15	The health and social benefits				
coverage and benefits to be						
provided to the crew member						
by the fishing vessel owner						
and/or operator, or other						
party or parties to the crew	1					
member's work agreement, as		I mambar c work agreement ac '	,			
applicable.			l i		 	
		applicable.				

16	The crew member's entitlement to repatriation and terms of repatriation.					
17	Information on crew members' rights and access to complaint or dispute mechanisms and legal support.				JP: Japan requests a clarification on what this part ("including a reference to the collective bargaining agreement where applicable") is referring to.	
18	The minimum periods of rest, in accordance with national laws, regulation or other measures.					
19	[Contact information for accessing legal support, and/or disputes mechanism.]	Co-Chair's comment: delete?			JP: With addition of paragraph 17, we don't need to have paragraph 19, in particular assess to legal support.	
20	Full protection of the health and safety and morals of young crew members, including ensuring young crew members have received adequate specific instruction or vocational training and have completed basic pre-sea safety training.			US: 4 (viii) – language should be removed – proposed for annex. CN: 4 (viii): agree with US on (viii) to the annex. Also basic pre-sea safety training happens before the crew is on the vessel – so this is another joint obligation. RMI: 4 (viii): FFA would like to retain (viii) in the text, not the annex.	CA: suggests that we also include that crew be equipped/outfitted with industry standard safety equipment and clothing to minimize risk of injury.	

ATTACHMENT 2: DEFINITIONS	
Forced or compulsory labour is all work or service which is exacted from any person under the threat of a penalty and for which the person has not offered himself or herself voluntarily.  [ILO CO29 on Forced Labour Convention CO29 - Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29) (ilo.org)]	
<ul> <li>Indicators of forced or compulsory labour</li> <li>Abuse of vulnerability - taking advantage of a worker's vulnerable position.</li> <li>Deception - failure to deliver what has been promised to the worker, either verbally or in writing.</li> <li>Restriction of movement.</li> <li>Isolation – denying a worker contact with the outside world.</li> </ul>	

<ul> <li>Physical and sexual violence.</li> <li>Intimidation and threats.</li> <li>Retention of identity documents.</li> <li>Withholding of wages.</li> <li>Debt bondage.</li> <li>Abusive working and living conditions.</li> <li>Excessive overtime.</li> </ul>	
The existence of forced or compulsory labour may be evidenced by the presence of a single indicator, or several indicators taken together, in a given situation. Overall, the set of eleven indicators covers the main possible elements of a forced labour situation, and hence provides the basis to assess whether or not an individual worker is a victim of this crime.  ILO indicators of Forced Labour International Labour Organization	US: With regard to the "Indicators of forced labour" and the suggestion that the "existence of forced or compulsory labour may be evidenced by the presence of a single indicator, or several indicators taken together, in a given situation". The US went to the source document – it may be helpful to include some of the next sentence: overall the set of indicators covers the main possible elements of a forced labour situation. Need to make it clear that while one indicator could be evidence of forced labour, 3-4 indicators may be needed. The simple existence of one indicator only means that it is "possible" there is forced labour – it may not always be forced labour. Provide some language to follow "in a given situation".
Mistreatment is the failure to provide crew members a safe working environment where the welfare, occupational safety and health of crews is effectively protected. This includes the failure to provide crew members with decent working and living conditions on board fishing vessels.	

## See also separate Audit Point Checklist

occ also se	parate rudit I om Checkist	
PARA	BINDING OBLIGATION - summary	TYPE OF OBLIGATION + AUDIT POINT — to be drafted once obligations are clear
5	Minimum working conditions on board fishing vessels	Implementation
		The obligations in the sub-paragraphs of para 5 are binding Implementation obligations. Obligations that require CCMs to take particular control or action over its vessels, operators, masters or crew (e.g. 'CCMs shall ensure that its flagged vessels') are best treated as implementation obligations. This is because these obligations require CCMs to exercise control over its vessels, masters or crew – and require national binding measures to enable it to do so, along with appropriate monitoring controls.
		They should follow the following format:
		CCM submitted a statement in [ARPt2] that: (a.) confirms CCM's implementation through adoption of a national binding measure that requires [#]. (b.) describes how the CCM is monitoring and ensuring that [#], and how CCM responds to potential infringement or instances of non-compliance with this requirement.
6	Crew members next of kin/designated contact details + safety training and instruction.	Implementation
7	In the event of a crew members' death	<b>Report:</b> (comparable to AP for CMM 2017-03 03-06 where there was general support for the obligations to be RP as the required action is triggered by an event. This approach supports others' comments that the 'monitoring' element is difficult to include as it relates to a reportable event.)
		The Secretariat confirms that CCM submitted in AR Pt2 a statement confirming that it required its flagged vessel owner and/or operators

to a reportable event.)	8	In the event a crew member is missing or fallen overboard	in the event a crew member dies: a. to meet the requirements in paragraph 6, including to notify the flag CCM, relevant authorities, and the Secretariat; b. to ensure that the body is well-preserved for the purposes of an autopsy, investigation and/or repatriation.  Report: (comparable to AP for CMM 2017-03 03-06 where there was general support for the obligations to be RP as the required
CCM submitted a statement in AR Pt 2 that: a. confirms CCM's implementation through adoption of a national binding measure that requires its flagged vessels to do the following in the event that there are reseasonable grounds to believe a crew member's health and safety is endongered or that a crew member has been subjected to treatment that may indicate [forced labour] and/or [mistreatment]  I. Immediately take action to preserve the safety of the crew member and mitigate and resolve situation on board in Notify the flag CCM underthise of the situation as soon as possible, including remedies provided, status and location of crew member in a manner and place agreed to by flag CCM that facilitates access to any required medical treatment in Cooperates fully in any and all official investigations into the incident  Report: (comparable to CMM 2013-03 10 – supported as a RP obligation rather than IM obligation due to wording of paragraph). The Secretariat confirms that CCMs submitted a statement outlining how paragraph is implemented:  a. Port CCMs obligation to investigate allegations  The Secretariat confirms that CCMs submitted a statement outlining how paragraph is implemented:  a. Port CCMs have processes and procedure for reporting to a flag CCM and the Secretariat If they receive an allegation from a crew member about forced labour or mistreatment on board a fishing vessel;  b. Flag CCMs have processes and procedures for conducting an investigation and taking apprapriate action as a result, including cooperating in investigations;  The Secretariat confirms that port CCMs submitted a statement in AR Pt 2 that confirms, in the event that it is notified by a flag CMM about forced labour or mistreatment of a crew member and assisted any investigation if requested by the flag CCM.			The Secretariat confirms that CCM submitted in AR Pt2 a statement confirming that it required its flagged vessel owner and/or operators in the event a crew member is missing or presumed fallen overboard:
Flag CCM obligation to investigate allegations  The Secretariat confirms that CCMs submitted a statement outlining how paragraph is implemented:  a. Port CCMs have a procedure for reporting to a flag CCM and the Secretariat if they receive an allegation from a crew member about forced labour or mistreatment on board a fishing vessel;  b. Flag CCMs have processes and procedures for conducting an investigation and taking appropriate action as a result, including cooperating in investigations carried out by the port CCM or a crew provider.  Report (comparable to CMM 2013-07 09 – report obligation.)  The Secretariat confirms that port CCMs submitted a statement in AR Pt2 that confirms, in the event that it is notified by a flag CMM about forced labour or mistreatment of a crew member on board a fishing vessel, that it facilitated port entry for the relevant fishing vessel, facilitated safe disembarkation of the crew member, and assisted any investigation if requested by the flag CCM.	9	In the event of forced or compulsory labour or other mistreatment	CCM submitted a statement in AR Pt 2 that: a. confirms CCM's implementation through adoption of a national binding measure that requires its flagged vessels to do the following in the event that there are reasonable grounds to believe a crew member's health and safety is endangered or that a crew member has been subjected to treatment that may indicate [forced labour] and/or [mistreatment] i. Immediately take action to preserve the safety of the crew member and mitigate and resolve situation on board ii. Notify the flag CCM authorities of the situation as soon as possible, including remedies provided, status and location of crew member iii. Facilitate safe disembarkation of the crew member in a manner and place agreed to by flag CCM that facilitates access to any required medical treatment
investigations;  The Secretariat confirms that port CCMs submitted a statement in AR Pt2 that confirms, in the event that it is notified by a flag CMM about forced labour or mistreatment of a crew member on board a fishing vessel, that it facilitated port entry for the relevant fishing vessel, facilitated safe disembarkation of the crew member, and assisted any investigation if requested by the flag CCM.		Flag CCM obligation to investigate allegations	The Secretariat confirms that CCMs submitted a statement outlining how paragraph is implemented:  a. Port CCMs have a procedure for reporting to a flag CCM and the Secretariat if they receive an allegation from a crew member about forced labour or mistreatment on board a fishing vessel;  b. Flag CCMs have processes and procedures for conducting an investigation and taking appropriate action as a result, including cooperating in investigations carried out by the port CCM or a crew provider.
12 All CCMs provide support and facilitate evidence gathering Report	11		The Secretariat confirms that port CCMs submitted a statement in AR Pt2 that confirms, in the event that it is notified by a flag CMM about forced labour or mistreatment of a crew member on board a fishing vessel, that it facilitated port entry for the relevant fishing
	12	All CCMs provide support and facilitate evidence gathering	Report
13ter Provide designated contact points to Secretariat Report	13ter	Provide designated contact points to Secretariat	Report
14 Report on implementation Report	15(0)		

#### AUDIT POINTS CHECKLIST FOR DRAFT LABOUR STANDARDS CMM

(To be completed by proponents of new and amended measures. This checklist should not be confused with the "2013-06 Checklist", which is specific to impacts of new or amended proposals on SIDS.)

- 1. To whom does the obligation apply? Set out any proposed exceptions or exclusions.
  - √ All CCMs
    - para 12 provide support and facilitate evidence gathering;
    - para 13 ter provide designated contact points to Secretariat;
    - para 14 report on implementation
  - **∀** Flag CCMs
    - para 5 require minimum conditions on board fishing vessels;
    - para 6 contact details/safety training;
    - para 7 in the event of crew member death;
    - para 8 in the event of missing/overboard crew member;
    - para 9 in the event of forced/compulsory labour or mistreatment;
    - para 10 investigate allegations of forced/compulsory labour or mistreatment;
    - para 14 report on implementation (including paragraphs 7, 8, 9, 10)
  - **√** Port CCMs
    - para 10 notify flag CCMs of allegations;
    - para 11 facilitate entry to port to enable crew disembarkation and assist in investigations;
    - para 14 report on implementation, including para 10 & 11
- 2. What is the scope of the new obligations (i.e., does it apply to a particular geographical area, fishery, stock, species of special interest?)

The primary obligations in the draft measure apply to fishing vessels authorised to fish in the Convention Area as follows:

- vessels fishing exclusively on the high seas in the Convention Area; and
- vessels fishing on the high seas and in coastal State EEZs; and
- vessels fishing in the EEZs of two or more coastal States.

As noted above, there are also obligations for port State CCMs and all CCMs.

3. Are there existing obligations that should be assessed in combination with any of the proposed new obligations? If so, name the CMM and paragraph(s), or other Commission obligation.

There are no other relevant obligations that should be assessed in combination, although there are similarities with the obligations in CMM 2017-03 on the protection of WCPFC Regional Observer Programme Observers.

This includes the following paragraphs of CMM 2017-03:

- Para 3 & 4 (in the event that an observer dies);
- para 5 (in the event that an observer suffers a serious illness or injury)
- para 7 & 8 (in the event that there are reasonable grounds to believe a ROP observer has been assaulted, intimidated, threatened or harassed).

- Para 9 (role of port CCMs to assist)
- Para 10 (flag CCM to investigate allegations)
- 4. Which proposed new obligations will require submission of Reports (R) or Implementation Statements (I), impose Limits (L), or have Deadlines (D)? Please fill out the relevant section(s) for each of the proposed new obligations.

### I. Deadline

Specify what is required and by what deadline.

- CCMs report on implementation of the CMM: Annual Part 2 Report deadline (para 14 of draft CMM)
- Flag State is required to inform the Secretariat "as soon as practicable" in the event that a crew member dies (para 7 chapeau).

## II. Report

Specify the type of information that is required, including any specific formats or templates to be used, and whether the information must be complete (100%) or a sub-set of information is sufficient to meet the proposed objective.

Noting the comparable Audit Points for CMM 2017-03 on the protection of WCPFC Regional Observer Programme Observers, it is proposed that the obligations for paragraphs 7-12 are Reporting obligations as the required action is triggered by an event.

CCMs are required to report on implementation of the CMM in their Annual Part 2 Reports (para 14).

- It is proposed that for flag CCMs, this also include implementation of obligations in the event that a crew member dies (paragraph 7); is missing or fallen overboard (paragraph 8); and there are allegations of forced or compulsory labour or other mistreatment (paragraph 9 & 10);
- It is proposed that for port CCMs, this also include implementation of obligations if they are notified of allegations of forced or compulsory labour or other mistreatment (paragraph 10 & 11).
- It is also proposed that all CCMs should report on their implementation of the obligation to provide support and facilitate evidence gathering in relation to cases of forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment (paragraph 12).

The flag CCM is required to inform the Secretariat "as soon as practicable" in the event that a crew member dies (para 7 chapeau) – see para 7 (f) for proposed required information.

Is this information already provided wholly or in part through any other data submission requirement, i.e. operational level catch and effort data?

No.

If no, specify the proposed reporting mechanism to be used for submission of new required information (i.e., Annual Report Part 1, Annual Report Part 2, direct to WCPFC Secretariat, other)

Annual Part 2 Reports (para 14)

Direct reports to Secretariat "as soon as practicable" (para 7 chapeau)

Can the information provided be verified through another source? If yes, specify what other data or information source should be used. 2

Observer reports, HSBI reports, Port State inspection reports.

### III. Implementation

In addition to the required Implementation Statements, list any additional information required to demonstrate CCM's implementation with the proposed new requirement. Describe any data or other information that can be reviewed by the WCPFC Secretariat to confirm or verify implementation.

#### Para 5:

- (a) Evidence that the flag State has a *binding measure* that requires vessel owners and/or operators to provide crew members with a safe working environment, with no forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment including:
  - a written contract or agreement between the crew member and the owner and/or operator,
  - decent working and living conditions,
  - decent and regular remuneration,
  - the opportunity to disembark or terminate contract,
  - access to identity documents and communication devices,
  - transportation and other expenses if contract is terminated
- (b) Evidence that the flag State monitors implementation of the above and responds to potential infringements or non-compliance.

#### • Para 6:

- (a) Evidence that the flag State has a *binding measure* that requires vessel owners and/or operators to:
  - Have a record of each crew member's next of kin/designated contact person
  - Provide safety training and instruction to crew members.
- (b) Evidence that the flag State monitors implementation of the above and responds to potential infringements or non-compliance.

## IV. Quantitative Limit

Specify the proposed CCM-level or Collective limit. Specify what verifiable data shall be provided by CCM to confirm its adherence to the limit. Specify what data sources are available to the WCPFC Secretariat to review and confirm CCM's reported limit.

Not applicable

## V. Other

If none of the other categories are appropriate: Specify the nature of the obligation. Specify how compliance is to be assessed.

Not applicable

## PRELIMINARY CMM 2013-06 ASSESSMENT ON PROPOSED CREW LABOUR STANDARDS CMM

This *draft* CMM 2013-06 assessment of the proposed Crew Labour Standards CMM is provided on a preliminary basis and is without prejudice to the final position of FFA Members on either the draft CMM or this CMM 2013-06 assessment.

## a. Who is required to implement the proposal?

All CCMs are required to implement the proposal. It applies to fishing vessels authorised to fish in the Convention area as specified in paragraph 1 (i.e. high seas; high seas and an EEZ(s); and two or more EEZs). Flag CCMs must ensure that fishing vessel owners and/or operators comply with specific requirements. There are draft provisions relating to CCMs with respect to the role of crew providers. There are also roles for port CCMs.

## b. Which CCMs would this proposal impact and in what way(s) and what proportion?

The proposal will have an impact upon all CCMs, in particular flag CCMs.

In general, **all CCMs** are *encouraged* to have relevant national legislation which extends to all crew members on fishing vessels and they may adopt legally binding mechanisms such as licensing conditions for vessels within its EEZ.

**All CCMs** are also required to cooperate and provide support in relation to cases of forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment on fishing vessels, including facilitating evidence gathering from crew providers in their jurisdiction or from their nationals, where possible. All CCMs are required to report on implementation of the CMM in their Annual Part 2 Reports.

**Developed CCMs** are encouraged to make efforts and consider options to assist developing CCMs, both flag CCMs and coastal CCMs, including working with local industries (which includes crew providers) to help them meet the standards in the CMM.

Flag CCMs with vessels fishing in the areas covered by the CMM will be required to ensure that owners and/or operators of their flagged vessels implement certain minimum conditions on board fishing vessels; carry out certain actions in the event of a crew member's death, in the event a crew member is missing or fallen overboard, or is subject to forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment. Flag CCMs are required to investigate and take appropriate action regarding allegations of forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment

**Port CCMs** have an obligation to notify flag States if they have received allegations from crew members after disembarkation from a fishing vessel that they have been subject to forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment while on board the fishing vessel. Port CCMs also have an obligation to facilitate entry to port of a fishing vessel and allow disembarkation of the crew member if they are notified by a flag CCM that a crew member

may have experienced forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment, and to assist with any flag CCM investigations.

c. Are there linkages with other proposals or instruments in other regional fisheries management organizations or international organizations that reduce the burden of implementation?

Other RFMOs have adopted resolutions on labour standards on fishing vessels – but none have adopted a binding measure to date.

The proposal is compatible with the Pacific Island Forum Fisheries Agency (FFA) members' Harmonised Minimum Terms and Conditions For Access by Fishing Vessels, which include crew employment conditions on fishing vessels licensed to fish in FFA members' Exclusive Economic Zones.

The proposal is generally aligned – but not as detailed as - the requirements in the International Labour Organisation ('ILO') Work in Fishing Convention (C188).

In the 2021 – 2024 period, New Zealand has funded a *Labour Standards on Fishing Vessels Activity* project which has been led by the International Organization for Migration (IOM). The project is implemented by FFA, ILO, International Organization for Migration (IOM) and United Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC). The Activity aims "to improve working conditions, and reduce labour rights violations and human trafficking on fishing vessels in the WCPO, through the implementation of clear labour standards".

## d. Does the proposal affect development opportunities for SIDS?

The proposal does not directly affect the development opportunities of SIDS – but it will impose obligations on those SIDS which elect to take on responsibility for flagged fishing vessels operating in the areas covered by the CMM.

This is consistent with UNCLOS art 94 (1) which requires flag States to "effectively exercise its jurisdiction and control in administrative, technical and social matters over ships flying its flag". Also relevant is UNCLOS art 94 (3)(b) which requires flag States to "take such measures for ships flying its flag as are necessary to ensure safety at sea with regard, inter alia, to (b): the manning of ships, labour conditions and the training of crews, taking into account the applicable international instruments".

This CMM would become an applicable international instrument that flag States would be required to take into account under UNCLOS. These flag State responsibilities, as set out in UNCLOS, need to be weighed up by SIDS in the context of their development opportunities.

Under the CMM, flag CCMs must ensure that owners and/or operators of fishing vessels operating in the areas covered by the CMM implement minimum requirements for crew conditions and undertake the actions specified in the CMM.

## e. Does the proposal affect SIDS domestic access to resources and development aspirations?

If SIDS are responsible for flagged vessels which operate in the areas covered by the CMM, then they may need to use domestic resources to implement the obligations in the CMM.

Flag State responsibilities, as set out in UNCLOS, will need to be weighed up by SIDS in the context of their development opportunities.

# f. What resources, including financial and human capacity, are needed by SIDS to implement the proposal?

As noted above, those SIDS that are responsible for flagged vessels which operate in the areas covered by the CMM may require resources, including capacity building.

This may be needed in order to ensure SIDS have the support to put in place appropriate national policies and a legislative framework to give effect to the obligations in the CMM (i.e. ensure that fishing vessel owners and/operators carry out their responsibilities).

To consider the implications of the draft CMM, SIDS administrations may need to undertake national multi-agency consultations on how to implement the obligations for flagged vessels. SIDS will need to engage with the owners and/or operators of the fishing vessels flagged to them.

SIDS will also need to consider monitoring, control, surveillance and enforcement requirements in order to give effect to the obligations on their flagged vessels.

As noted above, in the 2021 – 2024 period, New Zealand has funded a *Labour Standards on Fishing Vessels Activity* project which has been led by the International Organization for Migration (IOM). The project is implemented by FFA, ILO, International Organization for Migration (IOM) and United Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC). The Activity aims "to improve working conditions, and reduce labour rights violations and human trafficking on fishing vessels in the WCPO, through the implementation of clear labour standards".

## g. What mitigation measures are included in the proposal?

The draft CMM requires developed CCMs to "make efforts and consider options to assist developing CCMs, both flag CCMs and coastal CCMs, including working with local industries (which includes crew providers) to help them meet the standards in this Measure".

h. What assistance mechanisms and associated timeframe, including training and financial support, are included in the proposal to avoid a disproportionate burden on SIDS?

Other than the paragraph referenced above, there are no assistance mechanisms included in the draft CMM to avoid a disproportionate burden on SIDS.