

CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT MEASURE ON CREW LABOUR STANDARDS

Key to Text column only:

[Blue text]: Latest new text proposed by CCMs or co-Chairs by 28 Aug for discussion.

Black text: Text where there have been no recent proposals for change. This now also includes proposals from CCMs or the Chairs on which there have no recent objections (i.e. during the 2024 processes) – previously red but not in []. Text is presumed accepted for now unless there are new proposals.

[Red text]: New text proposed in 2024 processes prior to 28 June. The text is in [...] and is still subject to discussion, as there may be different views.

NOTE: Paragraph numbers have not been tidied up at this stage, to avoid confusion.

Para no	Text	Comments by 28 August 2024	Comments from 19 June workshop + comments received by 28 June	Comments from 21 May workshop + comments provided by 13 June PREAMBULAR PARAGRA	Comments by 3 May 2024	Background information or comments
Pp1	The Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC): Second about occurrences of poor labour conditions for crew members and observers [IPNFL] onboard fishing vessels, including forced or compulsory labour, and other mistreatment, such as and other forms of human trafficking, such as servitude, bonded labour, the worst forms of child labour and other human rights abuses;	US: The US would like to offer some additional edits to preambular paragraph 1. Based on the language in the UN Protocol to Prevent, Suppress, and Punish Trafficking in Persons and the P029 - Protocol of 2014 to the Forced Labour Convention, 1930. IPNLF: Add "and observers" consistent with pp9.	US: PP1: Thanked co-Chairs for efforts. Small edit to pp1 – "instances" of poor labour did not read properly - sounded as if talking about specific incidents of forced labour. Suggest that "occurrences" of poor labour conditions might be better.	PREAMBULAR PARAGRA Chairs: This seems to be the usual starting point. Some CMMs add "in accordance with the Convention on the Conservation and Management of Highly Migratory Fish Stocks in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean (the Convention". CA: Clarify the list - servitude, bonded labour, forced labour, child labour and other human rights abuses onboard fishing vessels. As drafted now, these aspects are considered in the context of human trafficking. Is that the intent? US: Not the right formulation – concern about "on-going instances" and other language.	CA: seeks to clarify the list in this paragraph. As written, all items that follow human trafficking are considered in the context of instances of human trafficking only.	Convention C029 - Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29) (ilo.org) Definition of forced labour specified in the ILO Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29) as: "For the purposes of this Convention, the term forced or compulsory labour shall mean all work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which the said person has not offered himself voluntarily".
		Recommend harmonizing the reference to crew members		Will offer to provide draft text for next meeting.		ILO indicators of Forced

CMM 2024-XX

	"and observers" through out			
	the CMM. See also pp12.		US : We appreciate the Chairs' new suggested text and have one suggestion, as noted below: "Concerned about <i>occurrences</i> of poor labour conditions"	
protection of the human rights enshrined under the International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights of 1966 Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948 ;	CN: OK with references to ICCPR and ICESCR. IPNFL: The US position is correct to say that the UDHR is non-binding and there are no international obligations enshrined compared to the	US: Noted that the Universal Declaration on Human Rights from 1948 is a non-binding declaration. There are no international obligations "enshrined" in it. Suggest that this should be replaced with a reference to the International Covenant on Civil and		
Recalling the importance of respect for and protection of the human rights, as set out in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948, and enshrined under in the International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights of 1966:	the removal of what is an internationally recognised customary international human rights reference has the effect of explicitly removing the preambular language of 'human	International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) of 1966. These are both binding agreements. CN: Several members want to add		
	of which should be wider than simply labour rights and other conventions listed. Retain the 'Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948' as part of the explicit reference to wide fundamental human rights	outside of the WCPFC Convention, such as the Vienna Convention and medical treatment on ships etc. Adding these references will delay the process as we will need to check the position of China – require more time to engage with		
	 protection of the human rights enshrined under the International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights of 1966 Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948; Co-Chairs' suggestion: Recalling the importance of respect for and protection of the human rights, as set out in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948, and enshrined under in the International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, 	Recalling the importance of respect for and protection of the human rights enshrined under the International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights Ch: OK with references to ICCPR and ICESCR. PNFL: The US position is orrect to say that the UDHR is on-Dinding and there are no international Oblgations enshrined compared to the International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights and enshrined under in the International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights 1948, and enshrined under in the International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights of 1966; Ch: OK with references to ICCPR and ICESCR. PNFL: The US position is on-Dinding and there are no international obligations enshrined compared to the ICCPR and ICESCR. Nonetheless, the removal of what is an international ly recognised customary international buman rights reference has the effect of explicitly removing the preambular language of 'human simply labour rights and other conventions listed. Retain the 'Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948' as part of the explicit reference to wide	Recalling the importance of respect for and protection of the human rights enshrind under the international Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cutural Rights and Economic, Social, and Cutural Rights and thermational Covenants on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cutural Rights for and CESCR. Nonetheless and Cutural Rights of 1966; US: Noted that the Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948, and Response of the Recalling the importance of respect for and political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cutural Rights for a difference is to the firemoving the area no international Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and Economic, Social, and Cutural Rights form 1948; (ECSR) of 1966. These are both binding agreements. Us: Noted that the Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948, and Response of the Recalling the importance of respect for and protection of the human rights as set out in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948, and Response of the Recalling the importance of respect for and protection of Human Rights 1948, and Response of the Recalling the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICESR) of 1966. These are both binding agreements. CN: Several members want to add references to the resplate the second register of the second register of the process as we will need to the Civil and Rights 1948, and Rights 1948 and Rights 1948 and Rights 1948 (ICESR) of 1956.	Recalling the importance of respect for and the construction of the human rights experting and the construction of the human rights expert for and protection of the human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displate relation of human rights expert for and run displ

Labour | International Labour Organization

Eleven ILO Indicators of Forced Labour:

Abuse of vulnerability • Deception • Restriction of movement • Isolation • Physical and sexual violence • Intimidation and threats • Retention of identity documents • Withholding of wages • Debt bondage • Abusive working and living conditions • Excessive overtime

The Protocol for human trafficking (unodc.org)

"Trafficking in persons" shall mean the recruitment, transportation, transfer, harbouring or receipt of persons, by means of the threat or use of force or other forms of coercion, of abduction, of fraud, of deception, of the abuse of power or of a position of vulnerability or of the giving or receiving of payments or benefits to achieve the consent of a person having control over another person, for the purpose of exploitation. Exploitation shall include, at a minimum, the exploitation of the prostitution of others or other forms of sexual exploitation, forced labour or services, slavery or practices similar to slavery, servitude or the removal of organs.

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		support of the use of the framework agreement of the UN Convention Law on the Sea (UNCLOS) 1982 pertaining to port, coastal and flag State responsibilities.	references should stay in [.] until we can provide feedback at the next meeting. China is not a member of the International Medical Guide for Ships.	
New pp	Noting the guidance on the application of human rights protections at sea, set out in the Geneva Declaration on Human Rights at Sea.	IPNFL: The emerging focus on explicit human rights protections at sea relies upon soft-law developments through industry and legal guidance, and academic development. The Geneva Declaration on Human Rights at Sea is the only current civil guidance unifying and clarifying existing international law without creating any new state obligations.		
РрЗ	Recalling Articles 6 and 8 of the 1995 FAO Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries which set out international standards, including for the responsible conduct of fishing activities to allow for safe, healthy and fair working and living conditions;			

GDHRAS_Jan_2022_Final_online_ version_sp (1).pdf (humanrightsatsea.org)
 This Declaration was initiated and conceived by the Founder of the NGO, Human Rights at Sea, in 2019. The Declaration gives practical guidance to States on how to ensure that human rights abuses at sea are detected, remedied, and ultimately ended. It sets out 4 fundamental principles: Human rights are universal; they apply at sea, as they do on land. All persons at sea, without any distinction, are entitled to their human rights. There are no maritime specific reasons for denying human rights at sea. All human rights at sea.
 <u>Code of Conduct for</u> Responsible Fisheries -
Fisheries and Aquaculture (fao.org) Art 6.17: States should ensure that fishing facilities and equipment as well as all fisheries activities allow for safe, healthy and fair working and living conditions and meet internationally agreed standards adopted by relevant international organizations. Art 6.18: Recognizing the important contributions of artisanal and small- scale fisheries to employment, income and food security, States should appropriately protect the rights of fishers and fishworkers,

Рр4	Further Recalling Articles 6 and 8 of the FAO Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries in the Context of Food Security and Poverty Eradication;		
Pp5	<i>Further Recalling</i> the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples and the right not to be subjected to any discriminatory conditions of labour;		

particularly those engaged in
subsistence, small-scale and artisanal fisheries, to a secure and just
livelihood, as well as preferential
access, where appropriate, to
traditional fishing grounds and
resources in the waters under their
national jurisdiction.
8.1.5 States should ensure that
health and safety standards are
adopted for everyone employed in
fishing operations. Such standards
should be not less than the minimum
requirements of relevant
international agreements on conditions of work and service.
8.2.5 Flag States should ensure
compliance with appropriate safety
requirements for fishing vessels and
fishers in accordance with
international conventions,
internationally agreed codes of
practice and voluntary guidelines.
States should adopt appropriate
safety requirements for all small
vessels not covered by such
international conventions, codes of
practice or voluntary guidelines. 8.2.9 Flag States should ensure that
crew members are entitled to
repatriation, taking account of the
principles laid down in the
"Repatriation of Seafarers
Convention (Revised), 1987,
(No.166)".
8.4.1 States should ensure that
fishing is conducted with due regard
to the safety of human life
Article 6 (Social development,
employment and decent work) and article 8 (gender equality):
SSF Guidelines (fao.org)
UNDRIP E web.pdf
Article 17 1. Indigenous individuals
and peoples have the right to enjoy
fully all rights established under
applicable international and
domestic labour law.
2. States shall in consultation and
cooperation with indigenous
peoples take specific measures to
protect indigenous children from
economic exploitation and from
performing any work that is likely to be hazardous or to interfere with
the child's education, or to be
harmful to the child's health or
physical, mental, spiritual, moral or

Ррб	Further Recognizing the obligations in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS) relating to the duties of the flag State to ensure safety at sea, including through the manning of ships, labour conditions and the training of crews, to render assistance, and to ensure effective protection of human life and to cause an inquiry into any loss of life or serious injury to nationals of another State which has been caused by a marine casualty or incident of navigation.		

social development, taking into
account their special vulnerability
and the importance of education
for their empowerment.
 Indigenous individuals have the right not to be subjected to any
discriminatory conditions of labour
and, inter alia, employment or
salary
Salary
UNCLOS+ANNEXES+RES.+AG
REEMENT
UNCLOs art 94 (1): Duties of the
flag State: Every State shall
effectively exercise its jurisdiction
and control in administrative,
technical and social matters over
ships flying its flag.
IIN(IOS art 0/(2)/b); the meaning
UNCLOS art 94 (3) (b): the manning of ships, labour conditions and the
training of crews, taking into
account the applicable
international instruments;
UNCLOS art 94 (4) (b): that each
ship is in the charge of a master
and officers who possess
appropriate qualifications, in
particular in seamanship,
navigation, communications and
marine engineering, and that the
crew is appropriate in qualification
and numbers for the type, size,
machinery and equipment of the
ship; UNCLOS art 94 (4) (c): that the
master, officers and, to the extent
appropriate, the crew are fully
conversant with and required to
observe the applicable
international regulations
concerning the safety of life at sea,
the prevention of collisions, the
prevention, reduction and control
of marine pollution, and the
maintenance of communications by
radio.
LINCLOS art 94 (6) and (7).
UNCLOS art 94 (6) and (7): 6. A State which has clear grounds
to believe that proper jurisdiction
and control with respect to a ship
have not been exercised may
report the facts to the flag State.
Upon receiving such a report, the
flag State shall investigate the
matter and, if appropriate, take any
action necessary to remedy the
situation.
7. Each State shall cause an inquiry
to be held by or before a suitably

Рр7	Noting the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work (1998, amended 2022) and the ILO C188 Work in Fishing Convention (2007) and its objective to ensure that fishers have decent conditions of work on board fishing vessels with regard to minimum requirements for work on board, conditions of service, accommodation and food, occupational safety and health protection, medical care and social security;		US: Minor technical correction - The ILO Declaration was amended in 2022. "Noting the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work (1998, amended 2022)".	
Рр8	Recalling Article 32 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child, which requires state parties to recognize the right of the child to be protected from economic exploitation and from performing any work that is likely to be hazardous or to interfere with the child's education, or to be harmful to the child's health or physical, mental, spiritual, moral or social development;			

New pp	Noting the 1995 International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Fishing Vessel Personnel which promotes safety at sea for the crews of fishing vessels by setting certification and minimum training standards.	CN: OK with ref to 1995 STCW- F Convention	CN: Several members want to add references to other Conventions, outside of the WCPFC Convention, such as the Vienna Convention and medical treatment on ships etc. Adding these references will delay the process as we will need to check the position of China – require more time to engage with other departments. These references should stay in [.] until we can provide feedback at the next meeting. China is not a member of the International Medical Guide for Ships.	ID: Suggest inclusion in the preambular paragraphs of additional three standards: (i) 1995 International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Fishing Vessel Personnel 1995-STCW.pdf (nus.edu.sg); (ii) Cape Town Agreement of 2012 on the Implementation of the Provisions of the Torremolinos Protocol of 1993 Relating to the Torremolinos International Convention for the Safety of Fishing Vessels, 1977 (Agreement) Session (imo.org); and (iii) in relation to the issue of burial at sea, the International Medical Guide for Ships, untitled (who.int).	
New pp	Noting the Cape Town Agreement of 2012 on the Implementation of the Provisions of the Torremolinos Protocol of 1993 Relating to the Torremolinos International Convention for the Safety of Fishing Vessels, 1977 which sets minimum safety requirements for fishing vessels of 24 metres in length.	CN: OK with ref to Cape Town Agreement.	CN: Several members want to add references to other Conventions, outside of the WCPFC Convention, such as the Vienna Convention and medical treatment on ships etc. Adding these references will delay the process as we will need to check the position of China – require more time to engage with other departments. These references should stay in [.] until we can provide feedback at the next meeting. China is not a member of the International Medical Guide for Ships.	ID: see above.	
New pp	Noting the guidance on death at sea, including burial at sea, set out in the International Medical Guide for Ships.	CN: OK with reference to International Medical Guide to Ships.	US: New pp on death at sea: Suggested "Noting" rather than "Recalling" to make all three new	ID: see above US: Change the first word from	

fishing vessels should not be less than 18 years. ILO 188 (art 31 ©): the obligations of fishing vessel owners, fishers and others concerned, due account being taken of the safety and health of fishers under the age of 18. ILO C182 (worst forms of child labour) defines a child as under 18 years. ILO C 138 (Min Age) specifies a minimum age of 15 years for employment (art 2 (3)) but 18 years if employment might jeopardise health, safety or morals (art 3 (1)). Where there is specific training or instruction, this age may be 16 (art 3 (3)).	

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			PPs consistent.	"Recalling" to "Noting."	
			CN: Several members want to add		
			references to other Conventions,		
			outside of the WCPFC Convention, such as the Vienna Convention and		
			medical treatment on ships etc.		
			Adding these references will delay		
			the process as we will need to		
			check the position of China –		
			require more time to engage with other departments. These		
			references should stay in [.] until		
			we can provide feedback at the		
			next meeting. China is not a		
			member of the International		
			Medical Guide for Ships.		
New	[Noting the Vienna Convention on Consular	Co-Chairs' comment: The	ID: New PP: Propose to add an		
рр	Relations 1963, including the ?????]	intention of the ID proposal is not clear. The Vienna	additional international instrument - the Vienna Convention (1963) on		
		Convention sets out some	consular relations. In article 37 of		
		responsibilities that could be	this Convention, there is a		
		relevant [e.g. role of the	responsibility for the sending State		
		receiving State (i.e. coastal or	to inform or to notify their foreign		
		port State), if there is an accident involving a vessel from	mission if there is a problem with their crew in another jurisdiction.		
		the sending State (i.e. flag			
		State) in the TS of the	CN: Several members want to add		
		coastal/port State, to inform	references to other Conventions,		
		the relevant consular post (i.e.	outside of the WCPFC Convention,		
		of the flag State). OR the role of consular posts (i.e. of the flag	such as the Vienna Convention and medical treatment on ships etc.		
		State based in a coastal/port	Adding these references will delay		
		State) to provide assistance to	the process as we will need to		
		its flagged vessels when	check the position of China –		
		required, e.g. when the vessel	require more time to engage with other departments. These		
		may be in the waters of the receiving State (i.e. coastal or	references should stay in [.] until		
		port State).]	we can provide feedback at the		
			next meeting. China is not a		
			member of the International		
			Medical Guide for Ships.		



Dec	Advandadaina tha increatest sets also do		
Pp9	Acknowledging the important role played by		
	crew members and observers in assisting the		
	conduct of fishing vessel operations in		
	compliance with WCPFC Conservation and		
	Management Measures, and the essential role		
L			

concerning such
appointments;
(c) if a vessel, having
the nationality of the
sending State, is
wrecked or runs
aground in the
territorial sea or
internal waters of the
receiving State, or if an
aircraft registered in
the sending State
suffers an accident on
the territory of the
receiving State, to
inform without delay
the consular post
nearest to the scene of
the occurrence.
Article 5: Consular functions:
(k) exercising rights of
supervision and inspection
provided for in the laws and
regulations of the sending State
in respect of vessels having the
nationality of the sending State,
and of aircraft registered in that
State, and in respect of their
crews;
(I) extending assistance to
vessels and aircraft mentioned
in subparagraph (k) of this
article, and to their crews,
taking statements regarding the
voyage of a vessel, examining
and stamping the ship's papers,
and, without prejudice to the
powers of the authorities of the
receiving State, conducting
investigations into any incidents
which occurred during the
voyage, and settling disputes of
any kind between the master,
the officers and the seamen
insofar as this may be
authorized by the laws and
regulations of the sending
State;

	that crew members and observers play in contributing to effective fishing operations;				
Pp10	Recalling efforts that CCMs have made in recent years in improving the conditions and welfare of observers on board fishing vessels, including the adoption of CMM 2017-03, <i>Conservation and</i> <i>Management Measures for the Protection of</i> <i>WCPFC Regional Observer Programme</i> <i>Observers,</i> " and acknowledging the equal importance of the welfare of crew members;				CMM 2017-03 - Conservation and Management Measure for the protection of WCPFC Regional Observer Programme Observers Monitoring and Evaluation
New pp	Recalling Article 23 (5) of the Convention on the Conservation and Management of Highly Migratory Fish Stocks in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean (the Convention), which requires each member of the Commission, to the greatest extent possible, at the request of any other member, and when provided with the relevant information, to investigate any alleged violation by its nationals, or fishing vessels owned or controlled by its nationals, of the provisions of this Convention or any conservation and management measure adopted by the Commission.	CN: At the last meeting, we asked for the crew provider CCM to take some responsibility – but the reaction from other CCMs was that this was not appropriate. After some review – propose a more appropriate way for CCMs to control their nationals – suggest this be added to the PP section, and other suggestions for the operational paragraphs.	CN: new proposal.		Art 23 (5): Each member of the Commission shall, to the greatest extent possible, take measures to ensure that its nationals, and fishing vessels owned or controlled by its nationals fishing in the Convention Area, comply with the provisions of this Convention. To this end, members of the Commission may enter into agreements with States whose flags such vessels are flying to facilitate such enforcement. Each member of the Commission shall, to the greatest extent possible, at the request of any other member, and when provided with the relevant information, investigate any alleged violation by its nationals, or fishing vessels owned or controlled by its nationals, of the provisions of this Convention or any conservation and management measure adopted by the Commission. A report on the progress of the investigation, including details of any action taken or proposed to be taken in relation to the alleged violation, shall be provided to the member making the request and to the Commission as soon as practicable and in any case within two months of such request and a report on the outcome of the investigation shall be provided when the investigation is completed.
Pp11	Recognising that Pacific Island Forum Fisheries			CA: suggests spelling out FFA	Minimum Terms and Conditions
	Agency (FFA) members have adopted Harmonised Minimum Terms and Conditions For			the first time it is used in the measure.	<u>- Pacific Islands Forum Fisheries</u> Agency FFA – see part IV.
	Access by Fishing Vessels, which include crew				

	employment conditions on fishing vessels licensed to fish in their Exclusive Economic Zones;					
Pp12	Mindful that CCMs have a legitimate interest in increasing the participation of their labour force in the crewing of vessels that catch highly migratory fish stocks in their waters in the Convention area, and that CCMs are interested in promoting safe and decent employment conditions for their national and non-national crews and observers;	IPNFL: Add "and observers" consistent with pp9. Recommend harmonizing the reference to crew members "and observers" through out the CMM.				
Pp13	Recalling Resolution 2018-01, Labour Standards for Crew on Fishing Vessels, adopted by WCPFC which encouraged CCMs to implement measures, consistent with generally accepted international minimum standards for crew on fishing vessels, where applicable, to ensure fair working conditions on board for all crew working on fishing vessels flying their flag and operating within the WCPF-Convention area;				CA: suggests we use the same template used for CMMs used 3 paragraphs above. " Resolution 2018-01, Labour Standards for Crew on Fishing Vessels,"	Resolution 2018-01 - Resolution on Labour Standards for Crew on Fishing Vessels Monitoring and Evaluation (wcpfc.int)
Pp14	Adopts the following conservation and management measures in accordance with Article 10 of the Convention on the Conservation and Management of Highly Migratory Fish Stocks in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean:					
AREA	OF APPLICATION					
OP 1	 This measure shall apply to the following categories of fishing vessels authorized to fish in the Convention Area: vessels fishing exclusively on the high seas in the Convention Area; and vessels fishing on the high seas and in coastal State EEZs; and vessels fishing in the EEZs of two or more coastal States. 		US: We looked at the US drafting again for para 1 and realized that we had not drafted it as clearly as it could be. It would make more sense to talk about EEZs – this might also resolve the issue related to territorial seas and archipelagic waters. These edits do not change the intent of the paragraph – just makes it more clear. KR: We now see the footnote that	KR: Reiterate previous comments. CMM would not apply to the territorial waters – no matter which three options for para 1. If not the case – KR would need to reserve the right to introduce a new position of change its existing position. LGL (Penny Ridings): Understanding is that WCPFC CMMs do not normally apply to the TS. Convention Area is very broad – difficulty between the text of the Convention and the understanding that the Convention	 JP: It is critical for Japan to maintain "registered on the WCPFC Record of Fishing Vessels" text in case Option 1 is pursued. 1Alt and 2 Alt are also acceptable for Japan. JP: Japan does not support the addition of this text "for the duration of the vessel's trip", because some vessels might move to IATTC or IOTC area where WCPFC measures should not be applicable. CT: We prefer 1st alternative text 	CMM 2018-06 - Conservation and Management Measure on the Record of Fishing Vessels and Authorization to Fish Monitoring and Evaluation (wcpfc.int) Para 12: The Commission shall, in accordance with article 24(7) of the Convention and based on the information provided to the Commission in accordance with the Convention and these procedures, establish and maintain its own record of fishing vessels authorized to fish in
Ор2	 Nothing in this measure shall prejudice the rights of relevant CCMs to enforce their laws with respect to the safety of crew consistent with international law. *Footnote: It is understood that this CMM does not apply to territorial seas or archipelagic waters. 		 the CCM "does not apply to territorial seas or archipelagic waters" - and we appreciate that. US: [In response to co-Chair's question] We don't have a problem keeping the footnote – had thought that US amendments might have resolved the issue – but can keep the footnote if that is the 	Area does not normally apply to the TS. To ensure it is absolutely clear – useful to have in the CMM a specific exclusion for TS and AW – that would make it very clear with no ambiguity. Or have that understanding as part of the meeting record to help with the interpretation. KR: Can go along with either two options. Will consider a specific text by next meeting.	"This Measure applies to all fishing vessels fishing for highly migratory fish stocks in the Convention area in areas beyond national jurisdiction.".	the Convention Area beyond the national jurisdiction of the member of the Commission whose flag the vessel is flying. Such record shall be known as the WCPFC Record of Fishing Vessels (the "Record")

	preference.	ID: Agree on specific exclusions	
		relating to territorial seas.	
		CN: Flexible – but prefer that CMM	
		only cover HS. FFA already has	
		regulation for crew standards in EEZs,	
		as a condition for licenses. If the	
		CMM only deals with labour standard	
		on HS then this would reduce the	
		workload for all CCMs.	
		US : Some flexibility on options. But	
		strong preference is that EEZ should	
		be included – live with OP1 or 2nd	
		ALT. Do not prefer 1st ALT. Some	
		conditions for operation of EEZs.	
		Convention Area covers both HS and	
		EEZs – maintain it that way.	
		Important for US to have some	
		applicability to EEZs. KR: para (iv) of 2nd ALT – this is not a	
		category – more appropriate to have	
		as a stand alone para. US: fine to	
		have as a stand alone para – this para	
		comes from para 2 of the observer	
		safety measure (CMM 2017-03].	
		JP: flexible with the three options.	
		Option 1 is clear – recognises which	
		vessels are subject to the obligation –	
		can check with the WCPFC RFV.	
		Other two options could be	
		workable. If focus on HS – then ALT 1	
		could be candidate. ALT 2 is similar	
		to observer obligation – can go along	
		with that. Vessels operating only in	
		EEZs should be excluded – that is	
		important. On that basis JP is	
		flexible.	
		CT: In beginning there were only two	
		options – HS OR HS & EEZ. But also	
		need to focus on what kind of vessels	
		are covered by the CMM. CT prefer	
		that only include vessels on the	
		WCPFC RFV – i.e. OP1. On US test	
		(ALT 2) – have similar ideas – but will	
		consult to check common	
		understanding of the intention and	
		what vessels would be covered.	
		CN: Similar view to JP – if vessel	
		operating only in its own jurisdiction,	
		then it should be excluded. Just as	
		for VMS. With regard to OP1 and	
		reference to WCPFC RFV – more than	
		60 Chinese vessels on RFV which only	
		operate in China's EEZ. So would	
		have difficulty with that reference.	
		PNG FIA : 2nd ALT is ideal. Need to	
		consider crew being transported by	
		FVs in different parts of the	
		Convention Area. Noting also	
		reference to migrant workers.	
		ID: Clarify ALT 2 whether CCM fit in	
		either category or in all categories?	
		US: Clarify – don't pick amongst the	
		options – the CCM would apply to	



			vessel operating in any one of	1
			e categories (i.e. if a vessel fishes	1
		only	in HS, the CMM would apply; if	1
		the v	vessel fishes in HS and in 1 or	1
		more	e EEZ, the CCM would apply; if	1
		the v	vessel fishes in 2 or more EEZs,	1
			CCM would apply).	i
				1
		116-1	We thank the Co-Chairs for	l
				l
			ring suggestions that	l
			rporate previous U.S.	1
		prop	oosals. We would like to offer	1
		the	following editorial	1
			gestions to further clarify the	1
			and also address the concern	1
				1
			arding territorial and	1
			ipelagic waters.	
			1. This measure shall apply	
			to the following	
			categories of fishing	
			vessels authorized to fish	
			in the Convention Area:	
			i. vessels fishing	
			U	1
			exclusively on the	i
			high seas in the	1
			Convention Area;	1
			and	1
				1
			i. vessels fishing on	1
			the high seas and in	1
			coastal	1
				1
			State EEZs waters	1
			while under the	1
			jurisdiction of one or	1
			more coastal States;	1
			and	1
				1
			i. vessels fishing in the	1
			EEZs of two or more	
			coastal States under	
			the national	
			jurisdiction of two or	
			more coastal States.	
		Glob	bal Law Alliance: We had	
		stro	ngly prefer Option 1 as	
			sented in the paper discussed	
			ng the May meeting (Circular	
			2024/25 of 16 May 2024)	
			e recognizing that WCPFC	
		CMM	Vs typically don't apply in	
			itorial seas and archipelagic	
			ers. We don't see why labour	
			dards should apply only some	
			ne time.	
			cerning the element of the	
		curr	ent option as submitted by	
			United States, we note that	
L				



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				all WCPFC members will need to adopt labour standards to fulfill	
				their obligations of sub-	
				paragraph (iii) because,	
				presumably, some vessels will	
				fish for WCPFC stocks in that	
				member's EEZ while also fishing	
				in another member's EEZ.	
				Consequently, we are unsatisfied	
				with the application of the CMM	
				to vessels fishing under the	
				national jurisdiction of two or	
				more coastal States. We are not	
				convinced that fishing in the	
				waters of two or more coastal	
				States somehow	
				"internationalizes" fishing by that	
				vessel, thereby making	
				application of the CMM	
				acceptable. The WCPFC has clear	
				authority to apply CMMs to	
				fishing that takes place within the	
				EEZ of a single WCPFC member. It	
				should apply to all EEZs for any	
				catch of WCPFC stocks. We do	
				agree, however, with making the	
				paragraph previously identified as	
				sub-paragraph (iv) as a stand-	
				alone paragraph.	
New	[CCMs shall ensure that its crew providers to a	CN: The reason for adding 2 bis			
para	fishing vessel operating within the area set out	is that fishing vessels have a			
	in paragraph 1 with non-national crew register	registration system, including			
2 bis	with WCPFC.]	the name of the master and the			
		address of the vessel owner(s) -			
		Crew providers that provide			
		non-national crew should also			
		be registered. At present, the			
		fisheries authority of some			
		CCMs providing non-national			
		crew do not have the power to			
		manage their crew providers in			
		some degree. With the			
		registration system, the			
		fisheries authority can cancel			
		the WCPFC registration of crew			
		providers that committed			
1					
		serious violations of the crew			
		CMM. The other CCMs can also			
		CMM. The other CCMs can also recommend its enterprises to			
		CMM. The other CCMs can also recommend its enterprises to cooperate with WCPFC			
		CMM. The other CCMs can also recommend its enterprises to			
		CMM. The other CCMs can also recommend its enterprises to cooperate with WCPFC			
		CMM. The other CCMs can also recommend its enterprises to cooperate with WCPFC registered companies to avoid			
		CMM. The other CCMs can also recommend its enterprises to cooperate with WCPFC registered companies to avoid unnecessary intermediate			
		CMM. The other CCMs can also recommend its enterprises to cooperate with WCPFC registered companies to avoid unnecessary intermediate process, reduce intermediate			

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		remuneration. It would extend			
		the scope for the crew			
		providers to be registered - our			
		intention is crew providers that			
		provide non-national crew need			
		to be registered, i.e. if Chinese			
		crew providers provide Chinese			
		crew to Japanese vessels, that need to be registered, the same			
		for crew providers in Indonesia,			
		Viet Nam and the Philippine if			
		these crew providers provide			
		crew to other CCMs' vessels			
		operating within the areas set			
		out in paragraph 1. But if			
		Chinese crew providers provide			
		Chinese crew to Chinese vessels			
		operating within the areas set			
		out in paragraph 1 they do not			
		need to be registered in			
		WCPFC, and the same to			
		Indonesia, Viet Nam and the			
		Philippine and other CCMs with			
		crew providers providing crew			
		to its own flagged vessels. We			
		are willing to discuss adding			
		additional language if CCMs can agree with registration in			
		WCPFC.			
2	In addition to the requirements of this Measure		US : The US edit to the language is	CN : 2: No difficulty with para 2	
2	In addition to the requirements of this Measure,		US: The US edit to the language is	CN : 2: No difficulty with para 2.	
2	CCMs are encouraged to make every effort to		to make clear that this paragraph is	China's national regulations from	
2	CCMs are encouraged to make every effort to have relevant national legislation which fully		to make clear that this paragraph is non-binding, but the rest of the	China's national regulations from 2020 cover crew on fishing	
2	CCMs are encouraged to make every effort to have relevant national legislation which fully extends to all crew* members working on fishing		to make clear that this paragraph is non-binding, but the rest of the measure is binding. We did not feel	China's national regulations from 2020 cover crew on fishing vessels. In April – new	
2	CCMs are encouraged to make every effort to have relevant national legislation which fully extends to all crew* members working on fishing vessels flying their flag in the areas set out in		to make clear that this paragraph is non-binding, but the rest of the	China's national regulations from 2020 cover crew on fishing	
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2	CCMs are encouraged to make every effort to have relevant national legislation which fully extends to all crew* members working on fishing vessels flying their flag in the areas set out in paragraph 1. *Footnote: Crew includes persons of		to make clear that this paragraph is non-binding, but the rest of the measure is binding. We did not feel comfortable with "In order to give effect to this measure". In addition to the things that are	China's national regulations from 2020 cover crew on fishing vessels. In April – new regulations were issues to cover non-national crew – this has been translated into English and	
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		US: The US understanding of the footnote was that we were trying to capture crew members on board the vessel who were under what might be considered to be lawful ages, i.e. in the event that there might be child labour occurring on the vessel. The China edit would undo the intent of the footnote. CN: Understand the intention of the footnote now – if that is the case, will <i>not</i> propose "any lawful age".	 deliberately ensure that if children aboard, they would be included and covered by any national legislation – not excluded. Need to be subject to the protections. CN: 2: China has a compulsory requirement for people to above 18 years to be employed on fishing vessel. So difficult to include crew of "any age". US: We believe that the phrase "In addition to the requirements of" is necessary to include. We also believe the footnote needs clarification, as there would be persons on a vessel who are not crew. In order to give effect to this Measure, In addition to the requirements of this measure, CCMs are encouraged to make every effort to have relevant national legislation which fully extends to all crew* members working on fishing vessels flying their flag in the areas set out in paragraph 1. *Footnote 1: Crew includes all-persons of any age on board a fishing vessel. Global Law Alliance: strongly agrees with the retention in paragraph 2 of footnote 1 and its inclusion of persons of "any age." This ensures that whatever a State has adopted as the age requirements for employment on a fishing vessel that the standards apply. 	
3	CCMs may adopt legally binding mechanisms, such as licensing conditions, for vessels fishing solely within its exclusive economic zone.	CN : It is OK that a CCM "may" adopt legally binding mechanisms. But "may" is difficult for an Audit Point – propose that "may" is changed to "shall" – to make this obligation compulsory. To implement this measure, CCMs should have a legal mechanism. In addition, a missing element is the	CN: 3: Para 3 is linked with area of application. If WCPFC decides that vessels operating solely in EEZ are not excluded from the CCM – then the language should be "shall" adopt legal binding mechanisms. But if WCPFC decides to exclude vessels operating exclusively in EEZ – then the language should only be "may".	

	focal point for each CCM. In order	US: 3: If it is decided that vessels
	to implement this CMM, each CCM	fishing solely in EEZ are included in
	should notify to the Secretariat a	the CMM, then para 3 is not needed. Para 3 is only necessary if we exclude
	contact point. As labour standards	vessels which fish solely in their own
	are a new issue, existing contact	EEZs. Para 3 is an encouragement for
	points for each CCM may not be	CCMs to do something with those
	appropriate.	vessels in zone. We will need to
	ID. This para is in relation to those	finalise para 1 before can decide on
	JP: This para is in relation to those vessels fishing solely within an EEZ.	para 2 & 3.
	This is outside of the scope of para	
	1. Para 3 exists to address those	
	vessels – so amending the para to	
	"shall" would not work.	
	"Encourage" or "may adopt" is	
	suitable. Japan would like to	
	maintain this para as "may".	
	CT: Echo Japan's comment – a	
	similar understanding of para 3. It	
	relates to fishing solely within an	
	EEZ – it should not be a binding	
	obligation - "may" should suffice.	
	CN: Thanks for the Japan and the	
	Chinese intervention. If that is the	
	intention, the paragraph should be	
	amended: "in order to give effect	
	to this measure, for vessels fishing	
	solely within its EEZ, CCMs may adopt legally binding mechanisms,	
	such as licensing conditions".	
	Giving effect to international	
	instruments is very wide. This	
	would make it more clear.	
	ID: Seek clarification on this para -	
	does it mean for vessels fishing	
	solely within its EEZ that there is an	
	exemption from this measure, but	
	they have to adopt a legally	
	binding mechanism?	
	Co-Chair : Commented that para 1	
	provides for vessels fishing	
	exclusively on high seas, vessels	
	fishing on high seas and EEZs, and	
	vessels fishing in 2 or more EEZs –	
	but the CMM does not cover	
	vessels fishing exclusively in one	
	EEZ. Para 3 provides for that	
	situation.	
	JP: China's suggestion should be	
	subject to further consideration.	
	Japan's preference is to maintain	
	the para as originally proposed by	
	the para as originally proposed by	



			the as Chains of China will be			
			the co-Chairs. If China still has concerns, another way may be to			
			delete the first part of the			
			sentence, "in addition to the			
			requirements of this measure". It			
			would then just say that "CCMs			
			may adopt legally binding			
			mechanisms, such as license			
			conditions, for vessels fishing			
			solely within an EEZ". The phrase			
			"in addition to the requirements of			
			this measure" may be confusing			
			given that fishing solely within an			
			EEZ is outside of the scope of the			
			CMM. The para would encourage			
			CCMs to take compatible measures			
			for fishing solely within its EEZ.			
			CN : Agree with Japan's suggestion			
			– para 3 can be simple.			
			US: Think that "in addition to the			
			requirements of this measure"			
			came from the US originally. If the			
			preference is to remove this			
			language, we are fine with that.			
4	IUM WORKING CONDITIONS ON BOARD	Co-Chairs: simple chapeau as	US: Japan and the United States	JP: The new inserted text,	JP: Japan still prefers to maintain this	
-	operators of fishing vessels covered by this	discussed at 19 June workshop.	trying to accomplish the same	"fishing vessels authorized to fly	text "in areas beyond national	
	measure:]		thing. We are comfortable with	their flag in the areas referred to	jurisdiction", pending the text in the	
	incustre:]		either language. They are both	-	paragraph 1.	
			chiner hanguager they are both	in paragraph 1" is not consistent	paragraph 1.	
			trying to do the same thing.	in paragraph 1" is not consistent with the language in paragraph 1.		
					PNG Fishing Industry:	
			trying to do the same thing.	with the language in paragraph 1.	PNG Fishing Industry : *4. j) If migrant fishers are employed,	
			trying to do the same thing. Whatever is decided here, should	with the language in paragraph 1. So, we suggest slight	PNG Fishing Industry:	
			trying to do the same thing. Whatever is decided here, should then be used again later (e.g. para 5).	with the language in paragraph 1. So, we suggest slight modification: "fishing vessels flying their flag and subject to paragraph 1"	PNG Fishing Industry : *4. j) If migrant fishers are employed, such fishers shall be given the same level of access as nationals are given to measures for worker protection,	
			trying to do the same thing. Whatever is decided here, should then be used again later (e.g. para 5). JP: Can go along with the US	with the language in paragraph 1. So, we suggest slight modification: "fishing vessels flying their flag and subject to paragraph 1" Or	PNG Fishing Industry : *4. j) If migrant fishers are employed, such fishers shall be given the same level of access as nationals are given to measures for worker protection, collective bargaining, training and	
			trying to do the same thing. Whatever is decided here, should then be used again later (e.g. para 5). JP: Can go along with the US suggestion. Having this kind of	with the language in paragraph 1. So, we suggest slight modification: "fishing vessels flying their flag and subject to paragraph 1" Or "fishing vessels flying their flag	PNG Fishing Industry : *4. j) If migrant fishers are employed, such fishers shall be given the same level of access as nationals are given to measures for worker protection, collective bargaining, training and health & safety.	
			trying to do the same thing. Whatever is decided here, should then be used again later (e.g. para 5). JP: Can go along with the US suggestion. Having this kind of provision for each paragraph could	with the language in paragraph 1. So, we suggest slight modification: "fishing vessels flying their flag and subject to paragraph 1" Or "fishing vessels flying their flag and authorized to fish in the	PNG Fishing Industry : *4. j) If migrant fishers are employed, such fishers shall be given the same level of access as nationals are given to measures for worker protection, collective bargaining, training and health & safety. Right to Freedom of Association	
			trying to do the same thing. Whatever is decided here, should then be used again later (e.g. para 5). JP: Can go along with the US suggestion. Having this kind of provision for each paragraph could create confusion in the latter part	with the language in paragraph 1. So, we suggest slight modification: "fishing vessels flying their flag and subject to paragraph 1" Or "fishing vessels flying their flag and authorized to fish in the Convention Area as specified in	PNG Fishing Industry : *4. j) If migrant fishers are employed, such fishers shall be given the same level of access as nationals are given to measures for worker protection, collective bargaining, training and health & safety.	
			trying to do the same thing. Whatever is decided here, should then be used again later (e.g. para 5). JP: Can go along with the US suggestion. Having this kind of provision for each paragraph could create confusion in the latter part of this CMM. Maybe one	with the language in paragraph 1. So, we suggest slight modification: "fishing vessels flying their flag and subject to paragraph 1" Or "fishing vessels flying their flag and authorized to fish in the	PNG Fishing Industry: *4. j) If migrant fishers are employed, such fishers shall be given the same level of access as nationals are given to measures for worker protection, collective bargaining, training and health & safety. Right to Freedom of Association 4. k) There shall be a non- discrimination policy and procedure that promotes equal treatment and	
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	as in paragraph 1, this complexity in the text.			
	Co-Chair : Will consider language – we are in a the scope of the CMM para 1 – we may not no reiterate that scope in subsequent paragraph go with a simpler chap	greement on as set out in eed tochanges to the chapeau of paragraph 4 help clarify the paragraph.every - we could		
4 (i) (i) Provide crew members a safe working environment where the welfare, occupational safety and health of crews is effectively protected.		Change to "Providing"	CA : suggests considering a footnote to expand on what may fall under welfare, safety and health of crew, including ensuring the physical integrity of crew, sexual abuse, etc.	
4 (ii) (ii) Ensure there is no forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment on fishing vessels.		See proposed Attachment 2 for definitions. Global Law Alliance: The revisions to paragraph 4(ii) are excellent.	JP: With regard to "involuntary or compulsory labour", Japan suggests using a consistent phrase throughout this CMM.	
4 (iii) (iii) Provide terms of employment, that are set out in a written contract or agreement, in a form and language that facilitates the crew member's understanding of the terms, is agreed by the crew member prior to departure on the fishing trip, and signed by both the crew member and the owner and/or operator. The written contract or agreement shall be made available to the crew member and, upon request, authorised officers, in accordance with national law and practice. A CCM may allow the owner and/or operator to use the particulars in Attachment 1 as a guideline for crew contracts or agreements.	JP: Generally fine with proposal – but some di with regard to making available to the crew n Suggest that the first ru "which is made availab crew member" is delet this is addressed in the sentence.	uplication the contract nember.agreement with crew member. Chapeau relates to owner and/or operator of FV. Difficulty because have non-national crew – over half of the crews operating in the WCPFC area. The contract is therefore between non-national crew and the	 FFA: Noting the practicality of keeping the contract on the vessel and different languages will be of no use to authorised officers during inspection. Delete "original or a copy of the" and "be carried on board and be"; add "made" available and "upon request, authorised officers". WWF: It seems like the "employer" should be specified for clarity's sake. Given the frequency with which a crewing agency is used, it should be specified that the employer, which technically should be the vessel where the work is occurring, should be held responsible for any breach of an employment agreement. Given the transiency of crewing agencies, they should not be considered the "employer" if we intend to provide any level of genuine protection for crew. 	

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			company involved. We can still	
			require the Capt and the owner of	
			the fishing vessel to have obligations	
			for the crew contract/agreement.	
			Recognise the existence of manning	
			agencies – but they are not bound by	
			WCPFC. Need to focus on what we	
			can actually bind. Important element	
			of protecting the crew on vessels.	
			Some questions relating to	
			"employer" terminology. Need to	
			focus on the flag State and what we	
			can manage under WCPFC.	
			CN: (iii): Understand US. Not	
			removing (iii). Noted China's new	
			regulation relating to non-national	
			crews on China flagged vessels. Have	
			already requested vessel owner	
			and/or operators to do this. This is	
			no problem. But consider that the	
			obligation should be a joint one – for	
			both the flag CCM and the CCM in	
			which the manning company is	
			located (e.g. PH, ID, VN). Examples	
			where the manning company has	
			gone bankrupt – in that case, how are	
			the salaries for the crew paid? In this	
			case, the CCM of the manning	
			company which has gone bankrupt	
			should have a responsibility.	
			RMI: (iii): responsibility – owner,	
			operator or a third party? Very clear	
			in UNCLOS art 94 (3) (b). And also ILO	
			Convention 188. Support the US.	
			CN : (iii): Understand it is the primary	
			obligation of the flag State to ensure	
			safety of crew – but we are now	
			talking about detailed conditions (e.g.	
			contracts) – these are agreed	
			between the crew and the manning	
			company prior to the departure of	
			the vessel on the fishing trip. So the	
			obligation is that of the manning	
			company and that CCM. At that	
			point, the obligation of the flag State	
			has not started.	
			US: (iii): Important point. No such	
			thing as manning CCM in WCPFC	
			Convention, UNCLOS or elsewhere.	
			This is the responsibility of the flag	
			State – responsibility of	
			owner/operator to do right thing for	
			their crew. As flag States, we can put	
			requirements in place for	
			owners/operators related to the	
			manning companies. There are no	
			manning CCM at WCPFC – there is no	
			ability to bind them through WCPFC	
			CMMs.	
			CN: (iii): Understand that it is the	
			obligation of the flag State. Our	
			legislation has already set that. But if	
			the flag State ask the owner/operator	
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			to carry the responsibility, and the	
			crew enter onto the vessel – but do	
			not have a written contract or do not	
			understand the terms of the contract	
			(with the manning company). How	
			do we make a judgment? Who has	
			the power? That is why we think it	
			should be a joint obligation. Based	
			on current international law, we	
			know there is no reference to a	
			manning company. But since we are	
			talking of a new measure, we need to	
			create the term relating to manning	
			company – otherwise this new	
			measure will be meaningless.	
			Global Law Alliance: We strongly	
			support the comments made by	
			the US concerning paragraph	
			4(iii). States adopt all kinds of	
			standards that foreign companies	
			must comply with if they want	
			their products or services to be	
			used in those other States. This is	
			no different. Moreover, the flag	
			-	
			State is under an obligation to	
			exercise effectively its jurisdiction	
			and control over the vessels it	
			flags, including with respect to	
			manning of ships and labour	
			conditions. UNCLOS, art. 94.	
			Thus, it can — and must —	
			establish systems to ensure that	
			the captain/vessel owner verifies	
			that all crew have contracts that	
			meet the standards included in	
			the CMM.	
4 (iv)	(iv) Provide crew members decent working		Change to "Providing".	WWF: Employing vessel
	and living conditions on board fishing			required to carry all nec
				food to keep crew susta
	vessels, including access to clean or			-
	potable freshwater and food ¹ ,			healthy for the duration
	occupational safety and health			deployment.
	protection, medical care, rest periods			
	and sleeping quarters, and conditions			
	that facilitate minimum standards of			
	health and hygiene;			
	*Footnote 2: Food must be in a			
	quantity and quality sufficient to			
	satisfy the dietary needs of individuals,			
	free from adverse substances, and			
	acceptable within a given culture.			

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4 (v)	(v)	Provide crew members [CT: , in	ID: Would like to explore	CN: (v) question on who provides the	CA: proposes the fo
		accordance with the flag CCM's	possibility to deal with cases where	"documented" evidence of regular	(in red). Canada sug
		standards or regulations, with] decent	the crew member does not have	remuneration? Suggest this should be deleted – requires judgement – an	and regular remune
		and regular remuneration (for example	insurance, even though they are	additional Audit Point. Chair:	better supported.
		monthly or quarterly) that is accessible	working in dangerous conditions.	US: (v): want to ensure that crew are	- decent can be fram
		by crew as well as appropriate insurance	Would like a clause to make it	paid fairly. Language is circular.	context of no less th
			compulsory to have health and life	Some terminology is hard to verify in	by national law/legis
		for the crew;	insurance for crew members, in	a binding paragraph. Don't want to	- regular should be s
			addition to the contract, to ensure	lose important aspects of this para:	a minimum time fra
			the health and safety of crew is	decent and regular remuneration	than examples.
			protected.	(crew at sea for months); accessible	It is also important t
				by crew (able to be used by crew and	members have inde
			Co-Chair: Noted reference to	sent to family etc).	means to access the
			insurance in para 4 (v) and aspects	CN: (v) –remuneration accessible by crew. Under China's new regulations	accounts while at se
			of Attachment 1.	- asked owner to request that	control and oversigh
				manning company establish separate	money being paid to
			CT: Happy with co-Chairs' text –	bank account for each crew member.	throughout their em
			but want to insert text "in	But have not raised in this context.	
			accordance with the flag CCM's	Understand that this would be	PNG Fishing Industry:
			standards or regulations" to ensure	difficult for other CCMs. Intention -	Labour Rights
			that the amount or the frequency	accessible – again, this should be a	*4.i) Provide protectio
			of remuneration is not lower than	joint obligation. Manning company	workers that is relevan
			the CCM's domestic regulation or	have obligation to establish bank	documentation (e.g., p
			standards.	account for the crew – flag CMM	permit, visa, etc.) shall
				cannot control the situation. This is a joint obligation.	to ensure that all fishe requirements for emp
			CA: Thank CT for their text –	CA: (v): aim was to add qualifiers to	applicable jurisdiction
			addresses CA's concerns about the	(v). Understand US comments on	especially on foreign fl
			need for qualifiers for	circular – so take that back. Good to	and chartered or Local
			remuneration raised at last	have a minimum period for regular	foreign boats.
			workshop. Need to review this	remuneration so can assess this.	
			internally.	Important that there are	
				independent means of accessing	
			CN : Need more time to consider	remuneration if onboard vessels for a	
			suggested language from CT. This	long time – crew may need to	
			may be an issue for China, if	transfer money to family etc. JP: (v) accessible to crew through	
			regular remuneration to the non-	"independent means" – what does	
			national crew member must be	this mean? The bank transfer record	
			provided in accordance with	and documentation of money	
			China's standards. Put in [] for	transfer are independent. Otherwise	
			time being.	it is confusing. CA proposed	
				minimum regular remuneration of x	
				months – but this depends on the	
				contract between the crew and the	
				manning company – depends on the fishing practice. Prefer original	
				language – "for example, monthly or	
				quarterly" – should not define the	
				intervals for remuneration – depends	
				on members' domestic laws etc.	
				CT: (v): similar to JP – difficulties	
				with regard to "independent means".	
				CCM's obligation is to require the	
				owner/operator to provide	
				remuneration as per the contract,	
				consistent with domestic laws or	
				regulations. May create an issue for the CMS process – who decides on	
				regular, decent etc? The text should	
				regular, decent etc: The text should	

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ability to terminate the contract of without fear of reprisal					
				individual crew) – flag CCM	without fear of reprisal.

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	unmonitored access to committee the		connot control the colory	
	unmonitored access to communication devices to seek assistance.		cannot control the salary payment – can only ask the fishing company to provide the salary as contracted between the crew and the manning company. This another joint obligation. JP: (vi): "independent" communication devices – intention is unclear. FV owners are required to provide smart phones or devices to each crew member? "unfettered" access to ID docs – perhaps this can cover access to communication devices. Delete "independent". US: (vi): Some questions – e.g. might prefer something like "unmonitored" – so that crew have an ability to speak privately and not be monitored by the Capt or other crew members. Can be flexible. CT: (vi) similar to US. Need right term for access to communication device. Similar to ILO188, need to also consider the cost of the use of the device – this should be born by the crew (not the owner/operator). US: (vi) "unfettered" and "unmonitored" are not the same thing – have both in []. Global Law Alliance: The changes to paragraph 4(vi) are acceptable.	
4 (vii)	 (vii) Provide transportation and other related expenses, where the early termination of a contract is sought by the owner and/or operator [CT: , except in cases of an employee's breach of contract.] [CT: *footnote: The term "breach of contract" should only refer to employees' intentional serious violations of the contract or illegal activities that force the employer to terminate the contract and justify a legal dismissal under CCM's domestic regulations.] 	CT: At the last meeting, the phrase "in cases involving employee insubordination, sabotage, or breach of contract" was a concern to some. CT suggests replacing this text with "except in cases of an employee's breach of contract" to prevent some extreme circumstances when the employer has to terminate the contract earlier due to the illegal activity, such as assault of other colleagues, or damage of the company properties. In these extreme circumstances, we do not want the employer to have to pay for the costs of the termination of the contract. US: The US has some concerns	 US: (vii): sabotage raises some flags for us. Will provide some text for 4 (vii). CT: We wish to retain this proviso in cases where the employer is forced to terminate the contract early due to the employee's breach of contract or illegal activity, the responsible party should pay for the relevant expenses. Add: [, except in cases of an employee's breach of contract.] JP: We look forward to seeing US proposal. Until then, we would like to reserve our position to make further comments on this paragraph. 	 CA: With regard to term being the fault of the cr member, while we under the concerns previously that led to this sentence. Canada suggests time b on finding a solution to issue. As currently writt provision could easily be on the part of the owner operators to avoid costs? CT: We support adding involving insubordination, sabe breach of contract" to possible scenario. WWF: Again, (in cases w termination is the fault

to termination f the crew ve understand	
viously raised entence, time be spent tion to this ly written, this easily be abused e owners and id costs. adding "In cases	
employee sabotage, or act" to clarify the o. cases where e fault of a	

5	CCMs shall ensure that owners and/or operators of fishing vessels covered by this measure:	Co-Chairs : As for para 4 chapeau – simpler language proposed.	JP: Similar to paragraph 4 chapeau, we suggest revisions to the newly inserted text to be consistent with paragraph 1. "fishing vessels flying their flag and subject to paragraph 1" Or "fishing vessels flying their flag and authorized to fish in the	 JP: "Within the WCPF Co Area" should be updated with the Area of Applicati paragraph 1. CA: recommends the for text: "CCMs shall ensure that and operators of their vessels authorized to fl within [agreed scope]:
		 with this language – it is too broad and could be used inappropriately as an excuse to claim there has been a breach of contract to avoid having to pay those expenses. We are open to alternative language here – we would prefer this is deleted or []. CT: CT's idea is to use a breach of contract that is sufficient for a legal dismissal. In CT's domestic regulation, firing or dismissing an employee due to breach of contract or financial issues, are both legal dismissals. We are looking for proper language to refer to this extreme circumstance. We hope that US may be able to assist with some text. US: We will discuss with colleagues on the side to come up with alternative text but otherwise we are good with the co-Chair's proposal. CT: During the last meeting [19 June], we provided a provision which stated that 'except in cases of an employee's breach of contract.' We understand some CCMs' concerns regarding the broad scenario applicable to 'breach of contract'. Therefore, we have provided a footnote to narrow down the scenarios. We would also like to emphasize that this does not cover early termination sought by the employers due to their management strategy or financial status, which is generally known as a 'layoff'. 	Global Law Alliance: The changes to paragraph 4(vii) are acceptable, particularly deleting the sentence beginning with "In cases involving "	crew member), there n due process requireme will almost certainly be that every crew will be have been insubordina

must be a hent or it be the case he found to hate.	
Convention d consistent ation in following	Not clear why these two components in para 5 are separated from para 4?
nat owners r fishing fly their flag]:"	

			Convention Area as specified		
			in paragraph 1"		
			Global Law Alliance: The		
			changes appear acceptable.		
F (a)	(a) Correct obsord a record of the		CN : 5 (a): Details of the crew's	CA : suggests this paragraph he	
5 (a)			next of kin/contact for the crew	CA : suggests this paragraph be rewritten as follows:	
	provided contact details of each		before the crew member	"Carry aboard and maintain a	
	crew member's next of kin or		embarks on the vessel – this is	record of the contact details of	
	designated contact person; and				
			the responsibility of the manning	each crew member's next of kin	
			company. Although we can ask	or designated contact person before the crew member	
			the owner to do this. But the		
			owner of the fishing company has	embarks on a vessel and share	
			no idea how to contact the crew	this information with flag CCM	
			next of kin/contact – it is the	before crew member embarks on	
			manning company's role – that is	vessel."	
			current practice.		
			JP: 5 (a): "verified or updated"	Per CT previous comment	
			next of kin/contact details, and	regarding difficulty reaching	
			carry on board this document,	crew, Canada has proposed that	
			and also share with flag CCM.	CCMs 'shall ensure' contact	
			This is not necessary – as long as	details also be shared with the	
			available that is OK. If a problem	flag CCMs so that all involved can	
			occurs – it is not necessary to	make every effort to reach these	
			share this information with the	contacts.	
			flag CCM ahead of crew		
			embarking. Return to original	WWF: "a verified record"? "An	
			language.	updated record"? A vessel could	
			US: 5 (a): Agree with JP – no	just keep a list of random names	
			need to share information with	and contact details and meet this	
			flag CCM before crew embarks.	standard.	
			Do we need "verified"? What		
			does that mean? Information		
			should be maintain – but can't		
			expect it to be verified.		
			CT: 5 (a): Support US and JP		
			comments.		
5 (b)				FFA: Delete reference to the	On-board training would include
	training and/or instruction for			Basic Safety Training of the	training for the young crew as well
	all the crew members working			International Convention on	(see para 4 (viii).
	on board the vessel, with			Standards of Training,	
	consideration given to			Certification and Watch keeping	
	-			for Fishing Vessel Personnel	
	relevant international			(STCW-F) and add "for training of	
	guidelines and standards for			fishers".	
	training of fishers.				

New	[CN: 6 bis: CCMs shall ensure that [US: any its]	CN: Last three meetings, C	N has CN: new proposal.
para 6	nationals that-are crew providers to a fishing	said that, especially for the	e non-
bis	vessel operating within the area set out in	national crew, obligations	should
	paragraph 1:	be joint, i.e. not just for the	-
		CCM, but also involve the C	
	[Co-Chairs – chapeau edited for consistency:	the crew provider. But the	
	CCMs shall ensure that [US: any its] nationals	negative feedback on this f	
	that-are crew providers to fishing vessels	other CCMs. Looking for a	
	covered by this measure:]	address this issue. Before	
	covered by this measure.]	embark on the fishing vess must be training. Also the	
	. Drawida tarras of analyzer at that are	is between the crew memb	
	i. Provide terms of employment, that are	the crew provider (1st con	
	set out in a written contract or	the crew provider then ma	
	agreement, which is made available to	contract with the fishing	
	the crew member, in a form and	companies. This first contr	ract is
	language that facilitates the crew	the focus of new para 6.	
	member's understanding of the terms,		
	and is agreed by the crew member prior	WCPFC Legal: It is a bit aw	/kward
	to departure on the fishing trip;	to provide a response to th	
		proposal by China before C	
	[Co-Chairs' comment: How does this contract	have had an opportunity to	
	relate to the contract between the	provide their views. A few	
	owner/operator of the vessel and crew member	comments from a legal	
	required in para 4 (iii)? Would this lead to	perspective. There are refeted to crew providers in the te	
	duplicative obligations?]	there is no definition of wh	
		precisely a crew provider is	
	ii. In cooperation with the owner and/or	assistance can be gained fr	
	operator of the vessel, provide crew	ILO Convention C. 188, as v	
	members documented decent and	the Maritime Labour Conve	
	regular remuneration, for example	CCMs might consider draw	ing on
	monthly or quarterly, as well as	those Conventions if they of	decide to
	appropriate insurance for the crew;	have a reference to crew	
		providers. China has referr	
	[Co-Chairs' comment: How does this	article 23 (5) of the WCPFC	
	remuneration requirement relate to the	Convention, which is know	
	obligations of owners and/or operators in	"nationals" provision. It pr that "each member of the	
	paragraph 4 (v)?]:	Commission shall, to the g	
		extent possible, take meas	
	iii. Ensure crew members have completed	ensure that its nationals ar	
	basic pre-sea safety training;	fishing vessels owned or co	
		by its nationals fishing in th	
	iv. Provide-contact details of each crew	Convention Area, comply v	
	member's next of kin or designated	provisions of this Conventi	
	contact person before the crew	This provision is used by a	
	member embarks on a vessel to the	of countries to look at those	
	owner and/or operator of the vessel;	nationals that are controlli	
	owner and/or operator of the vessel,	fishing vessels – in a way, i	t is in
	Co Chairs commant: Clight re drofting for	addition to the flag State	hu tha
	[Co-Chairs comment: Slight re-drafting for	jurisdiction. As mentioned US and RMI during the last	
	clarity:	workshop, the UNCLOS, as	
		the WCPFC Convention, pla	
	Provide-to the owner and/or operator of the	responsibility on the flag Si	
	vessel the contact details of each crew	However, if CCMs want to	
L		, , ,	



member's part of kin or designated contact	come provision for obligations on	
member's next of kin or designated contact person before the crew member embarks on a	some provision for obligations on CCMs that provide crew to service	
	fishing vessels, then that is a	
vessel;]	matter for CCMs to decide. I	
	would note, however, that any	
v. In the event a crew member dies, seek	such provision would only apply to	
the view of the crew member's next of	CCMs – there are a number of	
kin or designated contact person on the	crew providers in countries which	
treatment of bodies of deceased crew;	are outside the WCPFC	
and	membership. This would create or	
	potentially create a hole whereby	
[Co-Chairs' comments: How does this relate to	some crew providers would be	
obligations of the owner and/or operator in	covered by a provision in the CMM	
para 6 (e)?]	but crew providers not from	
	WCPFC CCMs would be excluded.	
vi. In the event of forced labour or	That would cause a potential	
	imbalance in the measure. This is	
compulsory labour and other	really a matter for CCMs.	
mistreatment of crew on fishing vessels,		
gather evidence from any crew member	US: It has been an important issue	
that the crew provider has a contract	for China to find a way to put some	
with.]	responsibility onto the crew	
	providers and, as noted by the	
[Co-Chairs' comments: How does this relate to	Legal Adviser, this has been an	
obligations of the owner and/or operator in Para	area where the US has had some	
7 (g) and other aspects of that paragraph?]	concern with prior drafting. The CN drafting is moving in the right	
	direction, by focusing on binding	
	obligations for CCMs – this is how	
	we typically formulate measures at	
	WCPFC. We also have the	
	provision in the WCPFC Convention	
	art 23 (5) focused on nationals. We	
	suggest an edit to the chapeau	
	with regard to "any nationals" –	
	this should be changed to "its	
	nationals" so that it is clear that it	
	is the nationals of the CCM we are	
	talking about. We need to ensure	
	consistent understanding – this	
	new para would be in addition to,	
	and not instead of, what we have	
	in Paragraph 4 (where the	
	responsibility is placed on owners	
	and operators of vessels). We are	
	still thinking about this new para –	
	we need to make sure any edits to	
	the sub-paras are similar to the	
	similar text in paragraph 4 for	
	consistency, i.e. that we are not	
	setting out separate standards for	
	crew providers from owners	
	and/or operators of fishing vessels	
	- unless there is a situation where	
	it would make sense to have	
	different standards. We do	
	appreciate the effort by China to	



 	· ·	
	try to address the issue of crew	
	providers in a way that is	
	consistent with how we draft	
	WCPFC obligations. We also note	
	the point from the Legal Adviser	
	that it does create a loophole for	
	crew providers that are not from	
	CCMs. We would need to be	
	careful that we are not creating an	
	incentive for vessel	
	owners/operators to use crew	
	providers from other countries	
	that are not party to WCPFC to	
	avoid these obligations. This is why	
	it is essential to create the	
	obligations for vessel	
	owners/operators in paragraph 4.	
	CN : On the last point regarding a	
	country that is not a CCM, which	
	would not be subject to the	
	obligation in the CMM if it is	
	adopted. This could be countries	
	such as Singapore, Myanmar,	
	North Korea. Could develop some	
	language for non-CCMs – e.g. non-	
	CCMs should not provide a crew	
	provider service – although the	
	WCPFC would welcome these non-	
	CCMs to apply for cooperating	
	member status. Maybe some	
	language could be drafted along	
	these lines.	
	these mes.	
	ID. Descular the contract of	
	ID: Regarding the contract or	
	agreement, is there any possibility	
	that the agent or the owner of the	
	vessel should notify this contract,	
	or to provide a copy to the relevant	
	authorities, either in Indonesia or	
	to the Indonesian mission	
	(Embassy or Consulate) at the	
	destination country. Need a	
	paragraph or sub-paragraph on	
	this.	
	ID: Thank China for the new para.	
	Important to strengthen the flag	
	State responsibilities on these	
	matters. This is the way to make	
	this CMM effective, to establish	
	joint collaboration with crew	
	providers. Need to consider how	
	to improve the crew providers'	
	practices – but also important that	
	this para does not undermine the	
	flag State responsibilities.	



In the event a crew member dies, the flag CCM		CN: para 6 (a): At the last meeting,	JP: chapeau/(b): Prefer that	JP: Japan still be
shall [CT: inform the Secretariat as soon as		CN suggested deletion of "all"	"must be reported to the	reporting requir
practicable], and ensure that the owner and/or	fi	fishing operations – should be in [Secretariat" should be deleted	Secretariat is deleted the idea to consider
operators of the fishing vessel:].	l.	from the para. During a crucial	CMM2017-03 or
			emergency situation – the vessel	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
(a) immediately ceases [all] fishing		CT: para 6 (f): This states that the	and relevant flag authorities are	JP: Japan sugges
operations as soon as practicable;		flag CCM shall require the	busy. The information can be	text: "unless spe
operations as soon as practicable,		owner/operator of the fishing	reported to the Secretariat on	by a domestic re
(b) immediately notifies the flag CCNA		vessel to inform the Secretariat of	annual basis (in an annual report)	kin] and/or inte
(b) immediately notifies the flag CCM		the death of a crew member and	 rather than immediately during 	CA: eveneste t
and the crew member's next of kin		circumstances within one week. It	an emergency event – this is not	CA: suggests t
or designated contact person;		would be more practical to require	practical.	placed after pa
		the flag CCM to report to the	JP: (e): Japan's domestic	we are not ref
(c) cooperates fully in all official		Secretariat, rather than the	regulation and also international	sub-paragraph
investigations, and preserves any		owner/operator of the fishing	regulations allow for dead bodies	WWF:Add a
potential evidence and the		vessel. Also requiring this within	to be buried at sea – in case of	the next of kin
personal effects and, if not needed		one week is a tight timeframe,	epidemic disease. In many cases,	member want
by other crew, the quarters of the		considering the circumstances of	the dead body will be retained on FV – but in some cases, there is	relative broug
deceased crew member;		the crew members' death – they may not be conducting a rescue or	no choice but to allow the body	decision and ri
		search mission that requires the	to be buried at sea – so that is	occur, not the
(d) returns to port if required by the		Secretariat's coordination. Suggest	why we would like to keep the	member shoul
flag CCM for the official		a requirement in para 6, in the	language "unless specifically	discretion to d
investigation and departs only		event a crew member dies, the flag	authorised by a domestic	relative may b
when clearance is received from		CCM shall ensure that the	regulation and/or international	
		owner/operator inform the	standards".	
the flag CCM authorities;		Secretariat as soon as practicable.	CN : chapeau/(b)/ (e): Agree with	
			JP on reporting to the Secretariat.	
(e) preserves the body for the purposes	C	CN: para 6 (f): Second the	On dead body – the intention of a	
of an autopsy, investigation, and/or		proposal made by CT. We want to	family member is very important	
repatriation. Bodies of deceased		ensure that information provided	– the family member may not	
crew should not be buried at sea or	te	to the Secretariat is from the	agree to receive the body. There	
disposed of in any other manner	0	owner/operator of the fishing	have been many cases where the	
unless specifically authorized by the	v	vessel – not from the flag CCM.	next of kin do not want the body	
flag CCM's national regulation, or			transferred back home, given the	
next of kin; and	C	Co-Chairs comment: As a result of	cost. Important to keep the	
	C	CN and CT comments, there	reference to burial at sea if	
[(f) CT: delete: <u>informs the</u>		remains a question as to who	requested by the next of kin, and	
Secretariat of the death of a crew		should inform the Secretariat as	confirmed by the manning	
member and circumstances within one		soon as practicable? The flag CCM	company which has a contract	
		or the owner and/or operator of	with the crew member. This is	
week.]		the vessel? If the former, then it	the current practice.	
		should be CT's amendment to the	US: chapeau/(b): Keep language	
		chapeau. If the latter, it should be	about reporting to the Secretariat	
		an amendment to para (f):	- this is consistent with measure	
		nforms the Secretariat of the	for observer safety CMM 2017-03	
		death of a crew member as	para 6. No reason why there	
	S	soon as practicable.	should be a different notification	
			requirement for crew members.	
			Fine to require further	
			notification from flag CCM in the	
			annual report. It is general practice to notify the Secretariat	

hat this to the also supports a 3 and 4 of ver safety.

taining the authorized n [or next of al standards"

agraph be h 6 so that ng future

irection of family eased e, it is their have that yer. A family SOLE vhether a d at sea. <u>CMM 2017-03 CMM on protection</u> of WCPFC ROP observers.pdf

3. In the event that a WCPFC ROP observer dies, is missing or presumed fallen overboard, the CCM to which the fishing vessel is flagged shall ensure that the fishing vessel:

a. immediately ceases all fishing operations;

b. immediately commences search and rescue if the observer is missing or presumed fallen overboard, and searches for at least 72 hours, unless the observer is found sooner, or unless instructed by the flag CCM to continue searching2;

c. immediately notifies the flag CCM;

d. immediately alerts other vessels in the vicinity by using all available means of communication;

e. cooperates fully in any search and rescue operation

f. whether or not the search is successful, return the vessels for further investigation to the nearest port, as agreed by the flag CCM and the observer provider;

g. provides the report to the observer provider and appropriate authorities on the incident; and

h. cooperates fully in any and all official investigations, and preserves any potential evidence and the personal effects and quarters of the deceased or missing observer.

4. Paragraphs 3(a), (c) and (h) apply in the event that an observer dies. In addition, the flag CCM shall require that the fishing vessel ensure that the body is well-preserved for the purposes of an autopsy and investigation.

International Medical Guide for Ships:

untitled (who.int)

What to do (excerpt only) If the dead person was ill on board, consult any records that were made of the nature and course of the illness and the treatment given. If the person was injured, investigate and record the circumstances of the injury or injuries. If the circumstances of death were

report does not need to be burdensome – there is no temporal element (i.e. it does need to be an immediate rep – there is some flexibility if th	
temporal element (i.e. it does need to be an immediate rep – there is some flexibility if th	
need to be an immediate rep - there is some flexibility if the	
- there is some flexibility if the	ort)
vessel operator is busy dealin	-
with the crew death. In any c	
it is hoped that crew deaths a	
infrequent – so it should not	e a
large burden.	
JP: chapeau/(b): There are or	
one observer on board; but t	ere
are many crew on board and	
some are quite old – so death	
could happen quite often.	
Immediate reporting to the	
Secretariat is not needed – it	
burdensome to the vessel and	1
flag States. Need to focus on	
protecting decent working	
conditions for crew members	
instant reporting to Secretaria	IT IS
not necessary.	
CN: chapeau/(b): support JP.	
the language is "report to the	
Secretariat" – then our	
understanding is that this is	
annual reporting.	
CN: (d): With regard to the vertex to the ve	
required to return to port, the second se	
the port CCM ahead of depart	
But this is not necessary. The	
vessel has returned to port at	
request of the flag CCM. So	lie
clearance to depart port only	
relates to the flag CCM not the	<u>م</u>
port CCM. Suggest reference	
port CCM be deleted.	
JP: (d): Agree China. When F	V
enters or exits from a port –	
clearance from the port State	is
necessary. But the essence o	
this para is that the flag State	
requires the vessel to enter p	ort
until the investigation is	
completed. Port authorities of	an
control the FV while it is at po	
but there is no need to refer	
port CCM authorities as well.	
RMI: chapeau/(b): Agreemer	t
with the US on reporting to	
Secretariat, and also next of k	in.
NR: (e): [From chat]: Sugges	
delete the reference to "next	
kin" [in relation to burial at se	
as this would defeat the purp	

unusual, sudden, or unknown, or if there is any possibility of criminal intent, a post-mortem examination is indispensable. You may be suspected of concealing a crime if a person is buried at sea under these circumstances: • to preserve the body for examination put it in a body bag and then in a refrigerator or cold-store; • failing this, place the body in a bath in which you have put a large amount of ice.
■ Only if the ship is not near a port and the body cannot be kept on board because it poses a risk of infection should you proceed to burial at sea: • seek medical advice to confirm that it is dangerous to keep the body on board and record this advice in the log;

BURIAL AT SEA (excerpt only) Burial at sea should be considered a last resort; always take the body to the next port if you can. The body may be buried at sea if there is no suspicion of foul play and it is not possible to keep the body safely on board, or if the next-of-kin have so requested (be wary of agreeing to requests of this type if you cannot be sure of the cause of death).

			of investigation to determine the	
			cause of death. Para 6 must	
			include somewhere a	
			requirement for communication	
			or notification to next of kin.	
			CN: (e): On comments regarding	
			next of kin and implications for	
			the investigation. Once the	
			vessel is dealing with the dead	
			body (e.g. burial at sea etc), the	
			investigation has been	
			completed. If only the next of kin	
			can receive the dead body – this	
			is a problem if the next of kin in	
			another country has no desire to	
			receive the dead body. But this	
			has nothing to do with the	
			investigation – which should	
			already be completed. The	
			intention of the next of kin is very	
			important.	
			ID: What happens in the case	
			that the owner cannot fill their	
			responsibility for the families of	
			the crew member and do not pay	
			compensation. What happens to	
			the owner of the FV? What	
			procedures are there to prevent	
			this happening in the future?	
			Chair: obligation on the flag CCM.	
			Welcome language from ID.	
			JP: Thank you for proposing new	
			paragraph [6 (f)]. However, we	
			still think that reporting to the	
			Secretariat is low priority.	
			Reporting through the Annual	
			report is enough.	
			Global Law Alliance: We think the	
			chairs have nicely balanced the	
			views of members who	
			commented on this item. The	
			changes are acceptable.	
181.771				
IN IF	IE EVENT A CREW MEMBER IS MISSING O	R FALLEIN OVERBOARD		
_				
7	In the event that a crew member is missing or		Global Law Alliance: The	CA: suggests including o
	presumed fallen overboard, the flag CCM shall		changes to para 7 appear	and operators here as w
	ensure that the owner and/or operator of the		acceptable.	some of the items below
	fishing vessel:			be carried out by owner
				well.

gowners	CMM 2017-03 CMM on protection
s well as	of WCPFC ROP observers.pdf
ow may	
ers are	5. In the event that a WCPFC ROP

5. In the event that a WCPFC ROP observer suffers from a serious illness or injury that threatens his or her health or safety, the CCM to which the fishing vessel is flagged shall ensure that the fishing vessel:

	1		-	
7 (a)	(a) immediately ceases [all] fishing operations as soon as practicable;	 CN: As above, "all" should be in []. WWF: Would like to understand the reasoning for not accepting "all" fishing operations to be ceased as soon as practicable. There are already exceptions in other parts of the measure for force majeure and other issues. Leaving it open to interpretation could lead to instances where a man is overboard and it is time sensitive – every second counts to get that individual back on board the vessel. In what circumstances, would there be a fishing operation that could not be terminated in order to save the life of an individual? CN: If "all" fishing operations are to cease, we need a definition of what is a fishing operation. For example, does it include using a sonar to search for a school of fish? Does fishing operation include all activities relating to capture, processing, searching for fish – they all must be ceased? This may not be necessary. We need a definition of "fishing operations" – otherwise it is a problem – deleting 	RMI: (a): "as soon as practicable" is the only option given operational requirements. PNG FIA: (a): agree with RMI. CN: (a): "all fishing operations" – the word "all" is not necessary. There may be some processes on board the vessel that can continue to be conducted.	WWF: So what is prac Does that mean you ca the next 2 hours haulin setting before even loo a missing crew?

	 a. immediately ceases fishing operations; b. immediately notifies the flag CCM c. takes all reasonable actions to care for the observer and provide any medical treatment available and possible on board the vessel; d. where directed by the observer provider, if not already directed by the flag CCM, facilitates the disembarkation and transport of the observer to a medical facility equipped to provide the required care, as soon as practicable; and e. cooperates fully in any and all official investigations into the cause of the illness or injury. 6. For the purposes of paragraphs 3 through 5, the flag CCM shall ensure that the appropriate Maritime Rescue Coordination Centre 3, observer provider and Secretariat are immediately notified.
cticable?	Article 1 (d) of the WCPFC
an spend	Convention defines "fishing":
ing or	(d) "fishing" means:
ooking for	(i) searching for, catching,
	taking or harvesting fish;
	(ii) attempting to search
	for, catch, take or harvest fish;
	(iii) engaging in any other
	activity which can
	reasonably be expected
	to result in the locating, catching, taking or
	harvesting of fish for any
	purpose;
	(iv) placing, searching for
	or recovering fish
	aggregating devices or
	associated electronic equipment such as radio
	beacons;
	(v) any operations at sea
	directly in support of, or
	in preparation for, any
	activity described in
	subparagraphs (i) to (iv), including transhipment;
	(vi) use of any other
	vessel, vehicle, aircraft or
	hovercraft, for any

		"all" might be better.	
		JP: Similar view to CN and CT on	
		use of "immediately" – it may be	
		too strong. Suggest the phrase "as	
		soon as practicable" for para 7 (c).	
		On para 7 (a), ceasing "all" fishing	
		operations could be confusing.	
		Longliners set their longlines in the	
		ocean – it is impossible to retrieve	
		this gear immediately. Setting	
		fishing lines can be interpreted as	
		fishing operations. In a hectic	
		situation, it may not be possible to	
		cease "all" fishing operations –	
		deleting "all" would avoid	
		confusion and would not damage	
		the purpose of this paragraph.	
		1. 1	
		WWF: Appreciate the feedback	
		from China, Chinese, Taipei and	
		Japan. With respect to ceasing "all"	
		fishing operations (7 (a)), CCMs	
		have previously agreed to the	
		same language in CMM 2017-03 on	
		observers. Paragraph 3 of that	
		CMM has the same language. It	
		seems odd to create a different	
		standard for observers from crew	
		on fishing vessels. Struggling to	
		identify a circumstance where	
		human life would not be more	
		important than ceasing fishing	
		operations.	
		CN : Have also checked CMM 2017-	
		03 – and inclusion of ceasing "all"	
		fishing operations. But at that	
		time, there was no Audit Point.	
		Lesson learned from Audit Points –	
		if we continue to use "all" then will	
		be a problem, given different	
		interpretations of what is a fishing	
		operation. Deletion of "all" does	
		not dilute the meaning to rescue	
		the human life. With regard to the	
		existing CMM on observers (CMM	
		2017-03), CN also considers that	
		"all" is not necessary. If "all" is	
		included, there may be different	
		interpretations by flag CCMs –	
		could be clarified through the	
		Audit Point.	
7 (1.)		ID: norm 7 (b) and (b). This	
7 (b)	(b) immediately notifies the responsible	ID: para 7 (b) and (h): This	
	Rescue Coordination Center (RCC) to	paragraph does not include the	
	1	role of the port State. Once the	



	report the incident time and location	fishing vessel ceases fishing			
	and commences search and rescue	operations, the vessel will return			
	for at least 72 hours unless the crew	to port and will need to coordinate			
	member is found sooner, or unless	with the port State. The port State			
	instructed by the flag CCM to	will inform the local mission			
	continue searching; ²	[Embassy/Consulate] about the			
	6,	situation relating to a crew			
	*Footnote: In the event of force	member of that nationality. After			
		(or maybe at the same time as)			
	majeure, flag CCMs may allow their	immediately notifying the Rescue			
	vessels to cease search and rescue	Coordination Centre (7 (b)), the			
	operations before 72 hours have	owner/operator must notify the			
	elapsed.	port State authorities.			
		JP: In 7 (b), the owner/operator of			
		the fishing vessel is required to			
		report to the Rescue Coordination			
		Centre. In that event, the RCC will			
		notify relevant coastal States and			
		also fishing vessels operating in the			
		vicinity. It is not necessary to have			
		the additional notification to the			
		port State. Para 7 (b) covers the			
		Indonesian concern.			
7(-)		CT. M/o understand that to notify			
7 (c)	(c) immediately notifies the flag CCM	CT: We understand that to notify	CA: (c) – the way it was drafted,	CA: suggests rewording to 'and if	
	and [CT: notifies] the crew member's	the flag CCM immediately is to	"if appropriate" applied to all (i.e.	appropriate, crew provider'	
	next of kin or designated contact	enable them to coordinate the	flag CCM, relevant authorities	because 'if appropriate' applies	
	person [CT: as soon as practicable	search and rescue mission.	and the crew provider) – when "if	only to crew provider.	
	after the search and rescue	However, we do not understand the need to inform the crew	appropriate" should only apply to the crew provider.	We may also include an	
	operation has ceased];	members' next of kin or	CN : (c): Notification to the flag	obligation on the flag CCM to	
		designated contact person	CMM and relevant authorities.	connect with next of kin and/or	
		immediately – they cannot assist	What is meant by relevant	designated contact person should	
		with the search and rescue mission	authorities? FV should only	the owner and/or operator not	
		– which is a time sensitive task.	notify flag CCM and, if	be able to notify them	
		The crew members' next of kin or		-	
			appropriate, the crew provider. 7	immediately.	
		designated contact person could be informed after the search and	(b) already requires the FV to		
		rescue mission is finished. If the	notify the RCC.		
		crew member is found, then there	JP: (c): similar concern to CN. Scope of "relevant authorities" is		
		is no necessity to inform the crew	obscure. Add "if appropriate"		
		members' next of kin or	prior to both relevant authorities		
		designated contact person.	and crew provider. Notification		
		designated contact person.	to the flag CCM is necessary.		
		CT : To clarify, CT does not have a	US : (c): Comfortable to remove		
		problem with notifying the flag	"relevant authorities" if		
		CCM immediately – but it is more	necessary. But, as already		
		practical to notify the next of kin or	explained, crew provider does		
		designated contact person as soon	not have a special role and has no		
		as practicable or after the search and rescue mission.	standing at WCPFC. The reference to crew provider		
			should be removed. Need to add		
		CT: In regard to MANE's	back a reference to the		
		CT:. In regard to WWF's			

· · · ·					
			comments, CT did not make comments about para 7 (a). CT comments were only about para 7 (c). Agree, however, that need some consistency with language from CMM 2017-03. Para 3 of this CCM, when an observer dies is missing or presumed fallen overboard, the requirement is to immediately notify the flag CCM – which is reasonable because search and rescue mission are very time sensitive. No problem with the requirement to notify the next of kin or designated contact – but need to consider whether this is required "immediately" when the focus is on the search and rescue mission. JP: Suggest the phrase "as soon as practicable" for para 7 (c).	notification to the next of kin or designated contact person. NR: (c): Need to reconsider use of term "crew provider". Labour is not a commodity – working to protect and support people. CN: (c): Have a problem with the US suggestion to add in the notification from the flag CCM to the next of kin or designated contact person. In the current practice, the FV has no information about the crew member's next of kin, especially for non-nationals. This information is handled only by the manning company. This is a practical difficulty. CT: (c): On US suggestion - in some cases, may not know who is the next of kin – so need to add in also "designated contact person". CN: (c): No difficulties on adding "or designated contact person". Propose that each CCM should report to Secretariat the designated contact person for crew members. If that is the case, then can go along with this. US: (c): In para 5 (a) – the designated contact person is referred to – with the flag CCMs ensuring that owner and/or operator maintain a list of crew member's next of kin or designated contact person. That information is available for use in the event of an emergency.	
7 (d)	(d) [to the extent possible,] immediately alerts other vessels [in the vicinity] regarding the status of the crew member by using all available means of communication;	CN: add "to the extent possible". Due to there is no definition of "vicinity, it should be difficult to assess the obligation. If no vessel receives such alerts in the so-called vicinity, the fishing vessel in question shall be non compliant, but the fishing vessel may argue it did send alerts, but within a short distance. In order to avoid this situation, we suggest to add "to the extent possible". Maybe "to the extent possible"is not the best way to address our concern - we may discuss it to seek some better	 CN: With regard to other vessels "in the vicinity" – maybe this will be resolved by the Audit Point – what is the distance (nautical miles) to define "in the vicinity". Use other words (e.g. "nearby"?). Possibly use "available means of communication" to define the distance – but communication can be global – so this is difficult for the flag CCM. "in the vicinity" should be []. CN: There is a problem that, possibly in the future, fishing vessels may indicate that they did not receive any information from the fishing vessel about the search 		

UNCLOS: Article 98: Duty to <u>render assistance</u> 1. Every State shall require the master of a ship flying its flag, in so far as he can do so without serious danger to the ship, the crew or the passengers: (a) to render assistance to any person found at sea in danger of being lost; (b) to proceed with all possible speed to the rescue of persons in
distress, if informed of their need of assistance, in so far as such action

	may reasonably be
	expected of him;
	(c) after a collision, to
	render assistance to the
	other ship, its crew and
	its passengers and,
	where possible, to
	inform the other ship of
	the name of his own
	ship, its port of registry
	and the nearest port at
	which it will call.
2 6	Every coastal State shall
	mote the establishment,
-	eration and maintenance of an
-	
	equate and effective search
	d rescue service regarding
	ety on and over the sea and,
	ere circumstances so require,
	way of mutual regional
	angements cooperate with
	ghbouring States for this
pu	rpose.
	ernational Convention on the
	ety of Life at Sea (SOLAS)
	74: Chapter V (Safety of
	vigation): Regulation 33
	stress messages: obligations
	d procedures):
<u>so</u>	LAS-E.indb (arcticportal.org)
1.	The master of a ship at sea
1.	which is in a position to be
	able to provide assistance on
	•
	receiving a signal from any
	source that persons are in
	distress at sea, is bound to
	proceed with all speed to
	their assistance, if possible
	informing them or the search
	and rescue service that the
	ship is doing so. If the ship
	receiving the distress alert is
	unable or, in the special
	circumstances of the case,
	considers it unreasonable or
	unnecessary to proceed to
	their assistance, the master
	must enter in the log-book
	the reason for failing to
	proceed to the assistance of
	the persons in distress,
	taking into account the
	•
	recommendation of the
	•

7 (e)	(e) cooperates fully in any search and rescue operation;		
7(f)	(f) provides a report about the incident to the appropriate authorities of the flag CCM and		

	rescue service accordingly.
2.	The master of a ship in
	distress or the search and
	rescue service concerned,
	after consultation, so far as
	may be possible, with the
	masters of ships which
	answer the distress alert, has
	the right to requisition one
	or more of those ships as the
	master of the ship in distress
	or the search and rescue
	service considers best able to
	render assistance, and it shall
	be the duty of the master or
	masters of the ship or ships
	requisitioned to comply with
	the requisition by continuing
	to proceed with all speed to
	the assistance of persons in
	distress.
3.	Masters of ships shall be
	released from the obligation
	imposed by paragraph 1 on
	learning that their ships have
	not been requisitioned and
	that one or more other ships
	have been requisitioned and
	are complying with the
	requisition. This decision
	shall, if possible be
	communicated to the other
	requisitioned ships and to
	the search and rescue
	service.
4.	
4.	The master of a ship shall be
	released from the obligation
	imposed by paragraph 1 and,
	if his ship has been
	requisitioned, from the
	obligation imposed by
	paragraph 2 on being
	informed by the persons in
	distress or by the search and
	rescue service or by the
	master of another ship which
	has reached such persons
	that assistance is no longer
	necessary."

	other appropriate authorities on the incident if requested;				
7 (g)	(g) cooperates fully in all official investigations, and preserves any potential evidence and the personal effects and, if not needed by other crew, the quarters of the missing crew member;				JP: In our understandin, previous WS, it was con the phrase "if not need crew" should go <i>before</i> clarify the meaning. See suggested edit. FFA: Suggest deletion of needed by other crew".
7 (h)	(h) returns to port if required by the flag CCM for the official investigation and departs only when clearance is received from the flag CCM authorities;			JP: (h): As suggested for para 6 – only flag CCM authorities is required in this para – the reference to port CCM authorities is not necessary – should be deleted.	JP: Japan supports "flag CA: Note that paragra be reworded for gran purposes. This paragraph also p obligations on the po under a paragraph th flag CCM obligations. suggested text at this FFA: added "and": so "relevant port and flag
IN THE	EVENT OF FORCED LABOUR OR COMPU	ILSORY LABOUR AND OT	HER MISTREATMENT		CA: notes that poor a labour are used inter in this section. Our provould to be include be and forced labour the Also, Canada suggest header be changed to CCMs in response to forced] labour condit mistreatment of crew
8	In the event that a flag CCM has reasonable grounds to believe, based on information such as port state notifications, electronic monitoring, observer reports, high seas boarding inspection reports or information provided by a crew member, that a crew member's health and safety is endangered or that a crew member has been subject to forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment, the flag CCM shall ensure that the owner and/or operator of the fishing vessel:		 ID: ID would like to keep the reference to "poor labour conditions". ID often receives reports that poor labour conditions have led to sickness. Is there some paragraph that can refer to poor labour conditions? Co-Chair: Advised on the proposal to go with consistent language throughout the text – and these terms are defined in Attachment 2. US: Our preference, as the co-Chair has suggested, is to retain the consistent language throughout the text rather than to add back in terms such as "poor labour conditions". 	 CN: chapeau: Difficult to include reference to HSBI – HSBI should be conducted based on multiple language questionnaire module. But current HSBI module is old (adopted in 2006) – there is no inclusion of issues related to crew standards. It needs to be updated – it is currently impossible to recognise information provided through current HSBI practices. US: chapeau: In response to CN, the HSBI questionnaire may not be up to date – but that would be true in response to any new CMM – the HSBI questionnaire needs to be updated and this can be a separate action item – that is not a reason to remove the reference to information obtained through HSBI on crew mistreatment. HSBI can address 	JP: Japan does not supp addition of "port State" CA: requests that HS also be included and reframe as follows: " In the event that a f reasonable grounds t based on credible info such as port state not information provided member or HSBI report FFA: Suggest deletion having been denied acc water, adequate food to medical attention, or re movement." Forced la prescribed indicators ar

g, at the icluded that ed by other "quarters" to e our	
of "if not	
gCCM".	
aph needs to nmatical	
olaces many ort CCM hat speaks to No s time. it reads	
ag CCM"	
and forced changeably reference both poor roughout. s the sub- o 'Role of [poor and tions and v'.	Art 2 (1) of ILO Co29: For the purposes of this Convention the term forced or compulsory labour shall mean all work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which the said person has not offered himself voluntarily.
oort the ' here.	CMM 2017-03 CMM on protection of WCPFC ROP observers.pdf
BI reports that we flag CCM has to believe, ormation tifications, I by a crew orts, that" of " such as tess to potable oilets, rest, estriction of	 8. In the event that there are reasonable grounds to believe a WCPFC ROP observer has been assaulted, intimidated, threatened, or harassed such that their health or safety is endangered and the observer or the observer provider indicates to the CCM to which the fishing vessel is flagged that they wish for the observer to be removed from the fishing vessel, the CCM to which the fishing vessel is flagged shall ensure that the fishing vessel: a. immediately takes action to
bour has	preserve the safety of the observer and mitigate and resolve the situation on board;

		JP: Like the US, JP would like to maintain the wording within the scope for this section, focused on forced labour and other mistreatment. We have discussed the definitions for these terms [Attachment 2], with the definition of mistreatment including the "failure to provide crew members with decent working and living conditions on board fishing vessels". Hope this addresses ID's concern.	obligations from any binding CMMs. Not great to remove indicators of forced labour in the latter part of the chapeau paragraph. It is helpful to understand what is meant by "forced labour" – members had expressed a desire to specify these elements. This is going backwards on what was previously agreed. RMI: chapeau: forced labour has clear prescribed indicators which are internationally accepted – listing of detail in this para is unnecessary. Chair: chapeau: Note the eleven ILO indicators of forced labour: Abuse of vulnerability • Deception • Restriction of movement • Isolation • Physical and sexual violence • Intimidation and threats • Retention of identity documents • Withholding of wages • Debt bondage • Abusive working and living conditions • Excessive overtime. CN: chapeau: Not requesting the removal of HSBI – just expressing concern about the old questionnaire. Do we need to also consider use of information obtained from EM as well as observer reports? This information would be useful. Need to make it easy for industry to understand what forced labour looks like – suggest that the eleven indicators are included as an Annex. US: chapeau: fine with addition of EM and observer reports and fine with adding indicators of forced labour to an annex. Global Law Alliance: The changes to para 8 appear acceptable.	mistreatment should be covered by the conditions in the CMM.	b. notifies the flag CCM and the observer provider of the situation, including the status and location of the observer, as soon as possible; c. facilitates the safe disembarkation of the observer in a manner and place, as agreed by the flag CCM and the observer provider, that facilitates access to any needed medical treatment; and d. cooperates fully in any and all official investigations into the incident.
8 (a)	 (a) immediately takes action to preserve the safety of the crew member and mitigate and resolve the situation on board; 				
8 (b)	(b) immediately provides the flag CCM's designated authorities with a report on the situation, remedies provided, including the status and location of the crew member, as soon as possible;				
8 (c)	(c) facilitates the safe disembarkation of the crew member in a manner and place, as agreed by the flag CCM and crew member, including				

8 (d)	access to any needed medical treatment at the expense of the owner and/or operator; and (d) cooperates fully in any and all official investigations into the incident, including by providing independent and individual access to all crew members remaining on the vessel;		CN : (d): "independent and individual" access to crew members – we understand this to mean opportunities for 1:1 interview with crew members – in that case, no difficulties.	WWF:Independent and individual access	
8 (e)	(e) facilitates access of the crew member by the port State to the nearest [support organisation,] embassy or consulate consistent with their nationality, [where available]		CN : (e): difficult for the owner/operator to assist the crew to an embassy – they have no ability to do that. Suggest entire paragraph is [].	 JP: Japan does not support the addition of this text because the responsibility of the port State is unclear. FFA: add "support organisation" and "where available". 	
9	In the event that, after disembarkation from a fishing vessel, a crew member reports to the port CCM an allegation of forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment while on board the fishing vessel, [CT: with reasonable grounds and/or supporting information,] the port CCM shall notify, in writing, the flag CCM. [CT: and the Secretariat]. Upon notification, the flag CCM [CT: in accordance with Article 25 of the Convention,] shall:	 CT: CT proposed the text as a response to previous discussion – we do not want to place unnecessary burden on the Secretariat or the port CCM regarding notifications from crew members, including from false allegations. Hence the requirement for "reasonable ground and/or supporting information" so that the port CCM can provide information to the flag CCM. JP: JP originally proposed language such as "reasonable evidence" – but during the last discussion, some members including the US, pointed out that requiring "reasonable evidence" could set a high hurdle for crew members for reporting forced labour or mistreatment. So we agreed to seek some middle language – CT's language is in the middle. JP has also pointed out that there is no need for reporting to the Secretariat at this stage. JP supports the new text from CT. US: Appreciate the CT effort to find middle ground – but we still have concerns. In this paragraph, all we are talking about is a referral to the flag CCM. The US would 	 US: chapeau 9: Do not support addition of "with reasonable evidence" – we are talking about allegations which need to be investigated – we don't want to put the bar that high. This is information which should simply be transmitted to the flag CCM for their investigation. JP: chapeau 9: If crew member indicates it wants to embark without good reason, then the need for investigation here could be burdensome – that's why added "with reasonable evidence". There may be other ways, e.g. with reasonable background. CN: chapeau 9: support JP. RMI: chapeau 9: Support the inclusion of the requirement of the port CCM to report to the Secretariat. US: chapeau 9: Appreciate JP flexibility – will consider other language to accommodate that concern – will work on some drafting for para 9 chapeau. CT: Considering this is a notification process, we wish to echo the comments made by Japan and provide a revision above. We do not wish to place any unnecessary burden upon port CCMs and the secretariat. Add: "with reasonable grounds and/or supporting information," and delete "the Secretariat". 	 JP: We suggest this edit (addition of "with reasonable evidence") to establish an objective process and avoid a situation that a crew member's unfounded claim creates undue burden to the relevant authority. JP: To use consistent terms with paragraph 8. Same applies to other places of the document. [Delete "poor labour conditions" and add "forced labour and/or"] JP: We see value in the establishment of good communication between port state and flag state. At this stage, considering the workload of the Secretariat, suggest deleting reporting requirement to the Secretariat. WWF: We insist that the Secretariat must play a central role in recordkeeping and reporting of human and labour rights violations. The Secretariat must record, enumerate, and submit a report on the nature of the allegations and outcomes of any investigation on any reports submitted to the Secretariat under this provision annually to the TCC. 	CMM 2017-03 CMM on protection of WCPFC ROP observers.pdf 10. In the event that, after disembarkation from a fishing vessel of a WCPFC ROP observer, an observer provider identifies—such as during the course of debriefing the observer—a possible violation involving assault or harassment of the observer while on board the fishing vessel, the observer provider shall notify, in writing, the flag CCM and the Secretariat, and the flag CCM shall: a. investigate the event based on the information provided by the observer provider and take any appropriate action in response to the results of the investigation; b. cooperate fully in any investigation conducted by the observer provider, including providing the report to the observer provider and appropriate authorities of the incident; and c. notify the observer provider and the Secretariat of the results of its investigation and any actions taken.

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		want to see that referral if concerns were being raised about activities on board a US flagged vessel. Our preference is to delete the CT language. We want to make sure that we are hearing about these incidents and they are not swept under the rug. CT : We recall the comment made by our colleague from the U.S. during the last meeting, which stated that the purpose of this provision is to require port CCMs to report any possible allegation from crew members to the flag CCMs for further investigation. However, without relevant information being provided to the flag CCMs, it would be challenging for flag CCMs to conduct thorough investigations, making it inapplicable to Article 25(2) of the Convention. Considering that this is a simple notification process requiring no evidence or report from the port CCM, we suggest deleting the references to "the Secretariat" and "Article 25 of the Convention".	Global Law Alliance: The changes to para 9 appear acceptable.	
9 (a)	 (a) investigate the allegations, including through information provided by the crew member (and crew provider where relevant), port CCM, and crew on the fishing vessel and take any appropriate action in response to the results of the investigation; and 			
9 (b)	(b) cooperate fully in any other investigation conducted, including providing the flag CCM's investigation report to the crew provider and port CCM.			
10	In the event a port CCM is notified by a flag CCM that a crew member may have experienced forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment, the port CCM shall facilitate entry to port of the fishing vessel to allow disembarkation of the crew member to the extent possible under national law and assist in		Global Law Alliance: The changes to para 10 appear acceptable.	FFA: delete "requests to disembark from a fishing y to poor labour conditions" "may have experienced in of forced labour" or "syste mistreatment.

to g vessel due ns" and add indications stemic"	

	any investigations if so requested by the flag CCM.				
11	CCMs shall cooperate and provide support in relation to cases of forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment on fishing vessels, including facilitating evidence gathering from crew providers in their jurisdiction or from their nationals, where possible.		 US: Don't understand deletion of this para: important to promote cooperation on the investigation of crew cases and gathering of evidence – important component of the measure. CN: agree with US. Important element, especially for nonnational crew. Need cooperation. NR: reason for deletion was that this is already covered by art 25 of the Convention. But happy to retain the para. CN: note position of FFA – if covered by art 25, then don't need this para. Global Law Alliance: agrees with the retention of this paragraph as it emphasizes the need to cooperate with regard to the concerns at issue in this CMM. 	FFA: remove as covered under art 25 of the Convention	CMM 2017-03 CMM on protection of WCPFC ROP observers.pdf 13. Where requested relevant observer providers, and CCMs shall cooperate in each other's investigations including providing their incident reports for any incidents indicated in paragraphs 3 through 8 to facilitate any investigations as appropriate.
SPECIA	AL REQUIREMENTS OF DEVELOPING STAT	TES	<u></u>	 CA: If title recommendation incorporated above, Canada suggests removing this subheader. FFA: amend heading to reflect para 12. 	
12	To implement this Measure, developed CCMs are encouraged to make efforts and consider options to assist developing CCMs, both flag CCMs and coastal CCMs, including working with local industries (which includes crew providers) to help them meet the standards in this Measure.		 CN: Prefer "encourage" – if it is "required" then this becomes a condition for implementation of this CMM. If developed CCMs did not provide assistance, then that would be a reason for the developing CCM not to implement the CCM. KR: Usual phrase is "special requirements of SIDS and territories". Preference is for "encourage" – if it is to be a binding requirement, then replace "developing CCMs" with "SIDS and territories". US: prefer to keep as "encourage" – if push to make it a requirement, agree with KR. Easiest solution is to keep it as "encourage". 	FFA: delete "encouraged" and replace with "required".	

New – 12 bis	[States that are interested in providing crew to the fisheries referred to in paragraph 1 but are not currently members or cooperating non- members of WCPFC, are encouraged to apply to be cooperating non-members of the Commission.]	CN: new para added.			
New – 12 ter	[Within one month after the entry into force of this measure, CCMs shall inform the Secretariat of its designated contact point(s) in connection with the implementation of this measure.]	CN: new para added.			
	REPORTING				
13	CCMs shall advise the Commission (in Part 2 of their Annual Report) on implementation of this Measure.			 US: 13: ok with deletion of "through the relevant national legislation". Can be flexible on inclusion of "and enforcement". Chair: 13: reference to Audit Points for implementation obligations: 2 elements (i) national binding mechanism and (ii) a process for monitoring and addressing any infringements. So the reference to implementation in para 13 implicitly refers to both these elements. US: 13: agree – that's why we are flexible. But we would not want the deletion of "enforcement" to imply that we do not expect members to both implement and enforce this measure. Global Law Alliance: We prefer retention of "and enforcement" but are fine with deletion of "through relevant national legislation." 	JP: The way to examine compliance of the mea defined in the Audit po deleting "through their national legislation". FFA: Delete "and enfor WWF: The Secretariat role in documenting an reported incidents agai the WCPFC CA.
14	This measure will take effect on X January, [2026] [2028].		 CT: There is a lot of text that has not yet been finalized – and it is unclear how much legislation may be required. At this stage, it is better to keep the options for the year for the CMM to take effect in []. US: No new suggestion – but a lot of concern with the idea that we might not have this measure come into effect until 2028, if we are able to get agreement on it by the end of 2024. That would be unacceptable to the US to delay 4 years on a measure that is talking 	US: 14: Would like reference to "2028" to be [] – US does not want three year delay for implementation if the CMM is adopted this year. Would like to have the possibility of the CMM coming into effect at an earlier date.	

the	
the sure should be ints. Suggest relevant	
cement". must play a d collating nst crew in	

			about the health and safety of			
			human beings. I understand that			
			we need to leave the date in [].			
			But 2028 is really not an acceptable			
			target date for implementation.			
			WWF : Support the intervention of			
			the US. I do not think anyone here			
			would suggest that a lot of what is			
			contained in the draft CMM is not			
			already happening. This is really			
			aimed at affecting those who might			
			not be following these rules. So it			
			should not be a huge lift to put this			
			measure in place within a year. This			
			is about basic human welfare – and			
			we should place a priority on this.			
			All of the interventions at the			
			Commission meeting in Rarotonga			
			emphasized the importance of			
			addressing this issue.			
			CT: Appreciate the interventions of			
			US and WWF. To clarify, CT is not			
			suggesting that the measure is not			
			fully implemented until 2028. We			
			just want to ensure that every CCM			
			has sufficient time to conduct the			
			legislation work before this CMM			
			takes effect – to ensure some			
			options and flexibility. We can			
			accept both [2026] or [2028].			
ΔΤΤΔΟ	HMENT 1: PARTICULARS THAT MAY BE	INCLUDED IN A CREW AG	REEMENT	JP: Have been working on the	RMI: Change "MAY" to "SHALL".	
			SALEMENT	understanding that this		
				attachment relating to the crew		
				agreement would not be		
				mandatory – but rather voluntary		
				guidelines. That's why we have		
				agreed on para 4 (iii) – where the		
				attachment is referred to as a		
				guideline. Having the attachment		
				as a legal requirement is		
				extremely difficult, almost		
				impossible. If it is insisted, then		
				the attachment would need to be		
				simplified. These guidelines are		
				important – so preference is to		
				retain "may" rather than "shall".		
				US: Want the attachment to be		
				non-binding. This was a		
				deliberate decision in our		
				discussions – to avoid getting bogged down in the negotiation		
				over what could be binding – but to have these important		
				In nave these important		
				elements highlighted anyway as		

		something that can be referred	
		to. Down the line, maybe we	
		could look at making it binding.	
		But right now, that would mean	
		looking at all the elements of the	
		attachment all over again. Don't	
		want to get in the middle of	
		individual private contracts –	
		encourage them to remain non-	
		binding. Would over-complicate	
		things.	
		CN : Current practice for CN tuna	
		vessels – there are three	
		contracts for non-national crew.	
		(i) between foreign crew and	
		foreign manning company; (ii)	
		between Chinese manning	
		company and foreign manning	
		company; and (iii) between	
		Chinese manning company and	
		Chinese fishing company. It is	
		very difficult to reach agreement	
		on this Attachment. Support JP	
		and US on it being non-binding.	
		CT: echo comments. In previous	
		discussions, clear that CCMs need	
		flexibility to implement the CCM	
		in different ways. Every CCM	
		should be able to implement. If	
		the attachment is mandatory, we	
		will need to look at it again –	
		prolong the discussion.	
		RMI: disappointing. The	
		attachment provides the very	
		basics of a contract – minimum	
		20 elements. It is a contract that	
		those involved as crew should	
		expect. Wanted it compulsory.	
		Reality that many crew members	
		change vessels through carrier	
		vessels.	
		Global Law Alliance: Like RMI, we	
		express our disappointment that	
		these minimum elements are	
		non-binding. The revisions to the	
		20 elements appear to be	
		acceptable.	
1 The crew's family name and other names, date			
of birth or age, and birthplace.			
2 The place at which and date on which the			
agreement was concluded.			
agreement was concluded.			

3	The details of the crew member's next of kin or designated contact person in the event of an emergency.		JP: Add "or designated co person" to be consistent deleted, but possibly rein of) 7(iii)
4	The name of the fishing vessel or vessels and the registration number of the vessel or vessels on board which the crew undertakes to work. If the crew member changes vessels, this should be updated by the vessel owner and/or operator in the written contract or agreement with the crew member.		RMI : If the crew change that are not identified, th be added into the contra as an amendment
5	The name and address of the vessel owner and/or operator, or other party to the agreement with the crew member.		JP: Add "and/or operator consistent with the modi the chapeau of the parag
6	Starting date and duration of contract.		
7	The voyage or voyages to be undertaken, if this can be determined at the time of making the agreement.		
8	The capacity in which the crew is to be employed or engaged.		
9	If possible, the place at which and date on which the crew member is required to report on board for service. This should include details of the carrier delivering the crew member to the fishing vessel, if the crew member boards the fishing vessel at sea.		RMI: Add "This should details of the carrier delircrew to its vessel, if the c board at sea."
10	The provisions to be supplied to the crew, any in-kind payments of a limited proportion of the remuneration, the amount of wages, or the amount of the share and the method of calculating such share if remuneration is to be on a share basis, or the amount of the wage and share and the method of calculating the latter if remuneration is to be on a combined basis, and any agreed minimum wage, and periodicity and form of payments.		
11	The termination of the agreement and the conditions thereof, namely: i. if the agreement has been made for a definite period, the date fixed for its expiry, unless agreed by mutual consensus;		JP: as above (para 5 of A Add "and/or operator" to consistent with the mode the chapeau of the parage

contact t with (now inserted text	
ges vessels these must act by way	
or" to be dified text in Igraph 4.	
l include livering the crew is to	
Attachment). to be dified text in Igraph 4.	

	 ii. if the agreement has been made for a voyage, the port of destination and the time which has to expire after arrival before the crew shall be discharged; and iii. if the agreement has been made for an indefinite period, the conditions which shall entitle either party to rescind it, as well as the required period of notice for rescission, provided that such period shall not be less for fishing vessel owner and/or operator or other party to the agreement with the crew member. 		
12	The right of termination by the crew member in the event of forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment, and to clearly account for deductions made against the crew member's wages for any in-kind contributions.		
13	The protection that will cover the crew member in the event of forced or compulsory labour and other mistreatment, sickness, injury or death in connection with service.		JP: To use consistent te throughout the docum "abuse" and add "force and/or mistreatment".
14	The amount of paid annual leave or the formula used for calculating leave, where applicable.		
15	The health and social benefits coverage and benefits to be provided to the crew member by the fishing vessel owner and/or operator, or other party or parties to the crew member's work agreement, as applicable.		
16	The crew member's entitlement to repatriation and terms of repatriation.		
17	Information on crew members' rights and access to complaint or dispute mechanisms and legal support.		JP: Japan requests a cla what this part ("includi to the collective bargai agreement where appl referring to.

m nt. Delete d labour	
rification on ng a reference ing cable") is	

18 19	The minimum periods of rest, in accordance with national laws, regulation or other measures. [Contact information for accessing legal support, and/or disputes mechanism.]			JP: With addition of paragraph 17, we don't need to have paragraph 19, in particular assess to legal support.	
20	Full protection of the health and safety and morals of young crew members, including ensuring young crew members have received adequate specific instruction or vocational training and have completed basic pre-sea safety training.		US: 4 (viii) – language should be removed – proposed for annex. CN: 4 (viii): agree with US on (viii) to the annex. Also basic pre-sea safety training happens before the crew is on the vessel – so this is another joint obligation. RMI: 4 (viii): FFA would like to retain (viii) in the text, not the annex.	CA : suggests that we also include that crew be equipped/outfitted with industry standard safety equipment and clothing to minimize risk of injury.	

ATTACHMENT 2: DEFINITIONS	
Forced or compulsory labour is all work or service which is exacted from any person under the threat of a penalty and for which the person has not offered himself or herself voluntarily.[ILO CO29 on Forced Labour Convention C029 - Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29) (ilo.org)]	
 Indicators of forced or compulsory labour Abuse of vulnerability - taking advantage of a worker's vulnerable position. Deception - failure to deliver what has been promised to the worker, either verbally or in writing. Restriction of movement. Isolation - denying a worker contact with the outside world. Physical and sexual violence. Intimidation and threats. Retention of identity documents. Withholding of wages. Debt bondage. Abusive working and living conditions. Excessive overtime. 	
The existence of forced or compulsory labour may be evidenced by the presence of a single indicator, or several indicators taken together, in a given situation. Overall, the set of eleven indicators covers the main possible elements of a forced labour situation, and hence provides	US: With regard to the "Indicato "existence of forced or compulso a single indicator, or several indic US went to the source document sentence: overall the set of indic forced labour situation. Need to evidence of forced labour, 3-4 ind of one indicator only means that not always be forced labour. Pro

tors of forced labour" and the suggestion that the lsory labour may be evidenced by the presence of dicators taken together, in a given situation". The ent – it may be helpful to include some of the next dicators covers the main possible elements of a to make it clear that while one indicator could be indicators may be needed. The simple existence at it is "possible" there is forced labour – it may Provide some language to follow "in a given

the basis to assess whether or not an individual worker is a victim of this crime.	situation".
ILO indicators of Forced Labour International Labour Organization	
Mistreatment is the failure to provide crew members a safe working environment where the welfare, occupational safety and health of crews is effectively protected. This includes the failure to provide crew members with decent working and living conditions on board fishing vessels.	

PARA	BINDING OBLIGATION	TYPE OF OBLIGATION + AUDIT POINT – to be drafted
4		Implementation
		The obligations in the sub-paragraphs of para 4 are binding Implementation oblig particular control or action over its vessels, operators, masters or crew (e.g. 'CCM treated as implementation obligations. This is because these obligations require (crew – and require national binding measures to enable it to do so, along with ap
		They should follow the following format:
		CCM submitted a statement in [ARPt2] that: (a.) confirms CCM's implementation through adoption of a national binding measu (b.) describes how the CCM is monitoring and ensuring that [#], and how CCM res compliance with this requirement.
5		Implementation?
New		Implementation?
para (CN)		
6		Report: (comparable to AP for CMM 2017-03 03-06 where there was general supprise triggered by an event. This approach supports others' comments that the 'mon reportable event.)
		The Secretariat confirms that CCM submitted in AR Pt2 a statement confirming tha in the event a crew member dies: a. to meet the requirements in paragraph 6, including to notify the flag
		b. to ensure that the body is well-preserved for the purposes of an autop
7		Report: (comparable to AP for CMM 2017-03 03-06 where there was general action is triggered by an event. This approach supports others' comments that the to a reportable event.)
		The Secretariat confirms that CCM submitted in AR Pt2 a statement confirming tha in the event a crew member is missing or presumed fallen overboard: a. to meet the requirements in paragraph 7, including to notify the flag

d once obligations are clear

bligations. Obligations that require CCMs to take CMs shall ensure that its flagged vessels...') are best re CCMs to exercise control over its vessels, masters or appropriate monitoring controls.

easure that requires [#]. responds to potential infringement or instances of non-

upport for the obligations to be RP as the required action onitoring' element is difficult to include as it relates to a

that it required its flagged vessel owner and/or operators

ag CCM, relevant authorities, and the Secretariat;

topsy, investigation and/or repatriation.

ral support for the obligations to be RP as the required he 'monitoring' element is difficult to include as it relates

that it required its flagged vessel owner and/or operators

ag CCM, RCC, and relevant authorities.

13	Report	
11	Report	
10	Report (comparable to CMM 2013-07 09 - report of The Secretariat confirms that port CCMs submitted as about forced labour or mistreatment of a crew member vessel, facilitated safe disembarkation of the crew method	statement in AR Pt2 that cor er on board a fishing vessel,
9	Report: (comparable to CMM 2013-03 10 - support The Secretariat confirms that CCMs submitted a statem a. Port CCMs have a procedure for reporting member about forced labour or mistreed b. Flag CCMs have processes and procedure b. Flag CCMs have processes and procedure including cooperating in investigations	ment outlining how paragra ing to a flag CCM and the Se atment on board a fishing ve rres for conducting an invest
8	CCM submitted a statement in AR Pt 2 that: a. confirms CCM's implementation through adoption of following in the event that there are reasonable ground member has been subjected to treatment that may indu- i. Immediately take action to preserve the social ii. Notify the flag CCM authorities of the siturd crew member iii. Facilitate safe disembarkation of the crew to any required medical treatment iv. Cooperates fully in any and all official inve	of a national binding measu nds to believe a crew membe dicate [forced labour] and/o afety of the crew member ar ation as soon as possible, in w member in a manner and p
8	Implementation (comparable to AP for CMM 2017-03	07 & 08 – implementation

on with removal of the monitoring element)

sure that requires its flagged vessels to do the nber's health and safety is endangered or that a crew d/or [mistreatment] and mitigate and resolve situation on board

including remedies provided, status and location of

nd place agreed to by flag CCM that facilitates access

ent

her than IM obligation due to wording of paragraph).

graph is implemented :

Secretariat if they receive an allegation from a crew vessel;

estigation and taking appropriate action as a result, CM or a crew provider.

confirms, in the event that it is notified by a flag CMM rel, that it facilitated port entry for the relevant fishing avestigation if requested by the flag CCM.