



# 23<sup>RD</sup> ISC Plenary Stock Status and Conservation Information

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# Northern Stocks

## Stock Status and Conservation Information

- New assessments in 2023 for:
  1. North Pacific Albacore
  2. North Pacific Swordfish
  3. Western and Central North Pacific Striped Marlin
- No new assessments (forwarding previous information) for:
  1. Pacific Bluefin Tuna (but we checked for unusual stock behaviour)
  2. Pacific Blue Marlin
  3. North Pacific Blue Shark
  4. Shortfin Mako Shark

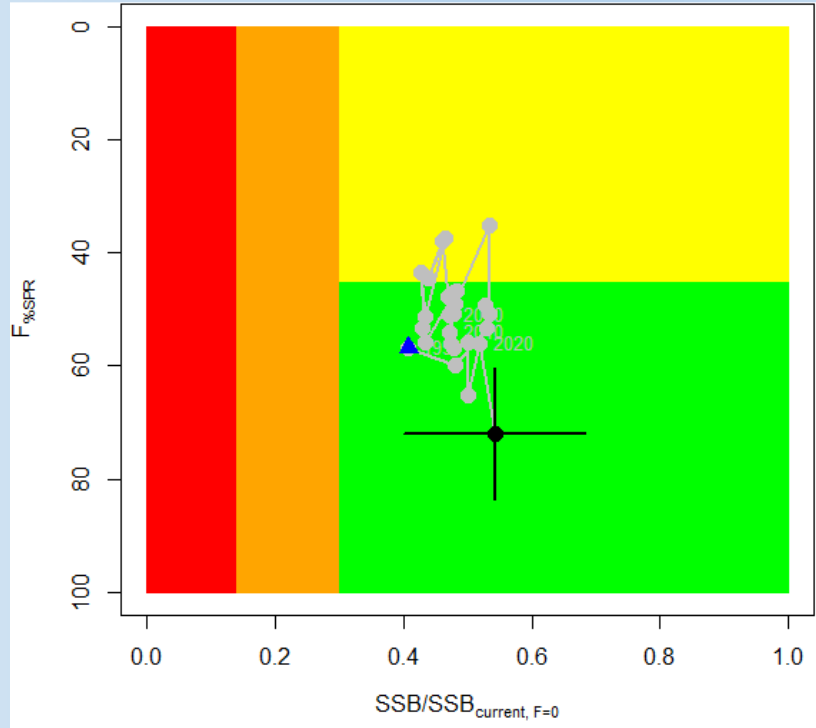


# North Pacific Albacore

- Benchmark assessment, model period 1994-2021
- Basecase model with sensitivity runs to evaluate key uncertainties: lack of sex-specific size data, growth and natural mortality, impacts of COVID safety protocols on fishery operations and data collection, and the simplified treatment of the spatial structure.
- Model structure same as 2020 assessment, with improvements to model fits base on changes to fleet definitions, selectivity patterns, a new adult abundance index, and uncertainty applied to age composition data
- WCPFC and IATTC adopted harvest strategies for NPO ALB (WCPFC HS 2022-01; IATTC Resolution C-22-04):
  1. Three management objectives
  2. Target, threshold, and limit reference points
  3. Request for the identification of exceptional circumstances triggering changes to, or a suspension of the harvest strategy adopted for the stock.

# North Pacific Albacore – Stock Status

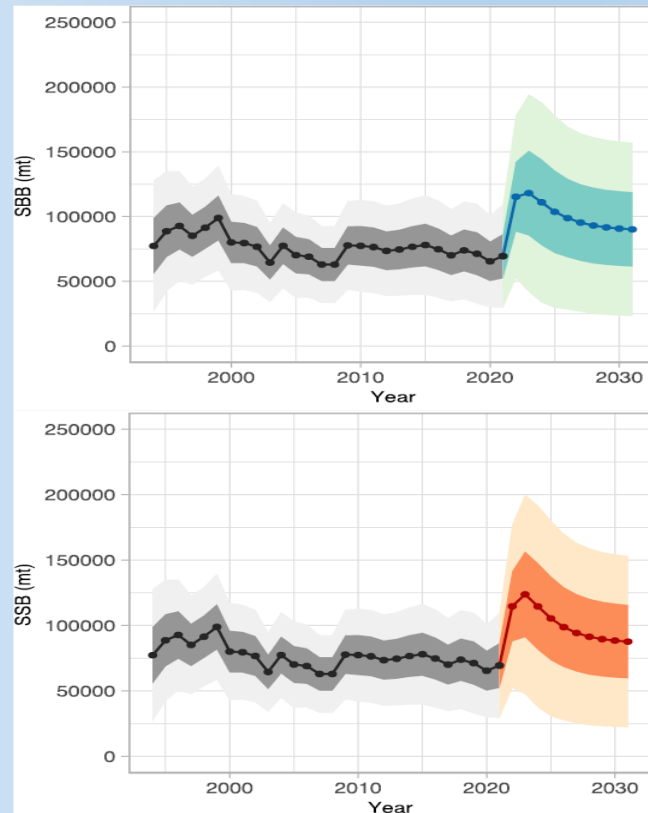
1. The stock is likely not overfished relative to the threshold ( $30\%SSB_{current, F=0}$ ) and limit ( $14\%SSB_{current, F=0}$ ) reference points adopted by the WCPFC and IATTC;
2. The stock is likely not experiencing overfishing relative to the adopted target reference point ( $F_{45\%SPR}$ ); and
3. Current fishing intensity ( $F_{2018-2020}$ ) is lower than the average fishing intensity from the 2002-2004 period (the reference level for IATTC Resolution C-05-02 and WCPFC CMM-2019-03).



‘La Jolla Plot’ – orange zone is between threshold and limit reference points; red zone is below the limit reference point

# North Pacific Albacore Conservation

- Two harvest scenarios to evaluate impacts on achieving the management objectives:
  - 1) maintain SSB above the LRP, with a probability of at least 80% over the next 10 years;
  - 2) maintain depletion around the historical (2006-2015) average over the next 10 years; and
  - 3) maintain fishing intensity at or below the target reference point with a probability of at least 50% over the next 10 years
- Under either scenario, SSB is expected to remain near current depletion ( $54\%SSB_{\text{current}, F=0}$ ) or decrease slightly ( $52\%SSB_{\text{current}, F=0}$ ) but remain above the LRP with probabilities  $>97\%$  for all ten years
- Both IATTC and WCPFC management objectives are likely to be met under either scenario.



Annual changes in spawning biomass  
 TOP-constant fishing intensity scenario ( $F_{2018-2020}$ )  
 Bottom- randomly sampled F (2005-2019) scenario

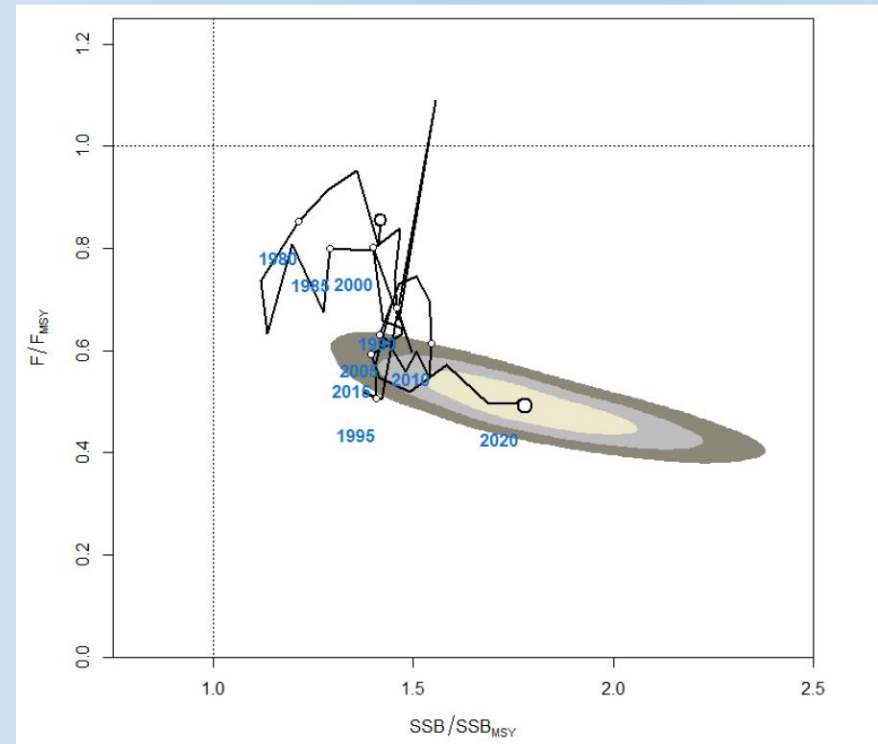


# North Pacific Swordfish

- Stock area north of the equator – combines former WCNPO and N EPO stocks into one unit
- Benchmark assessment, 1975-2021 model period
- Basecase model with sensitivity runs to evaluate uncertainty associated with natural mortality rate at age, stock-recruitment steepness, growth curve parameters, female length at 50% maturity, input data and model structure.

# North Pacific Swordfish – Stock Status

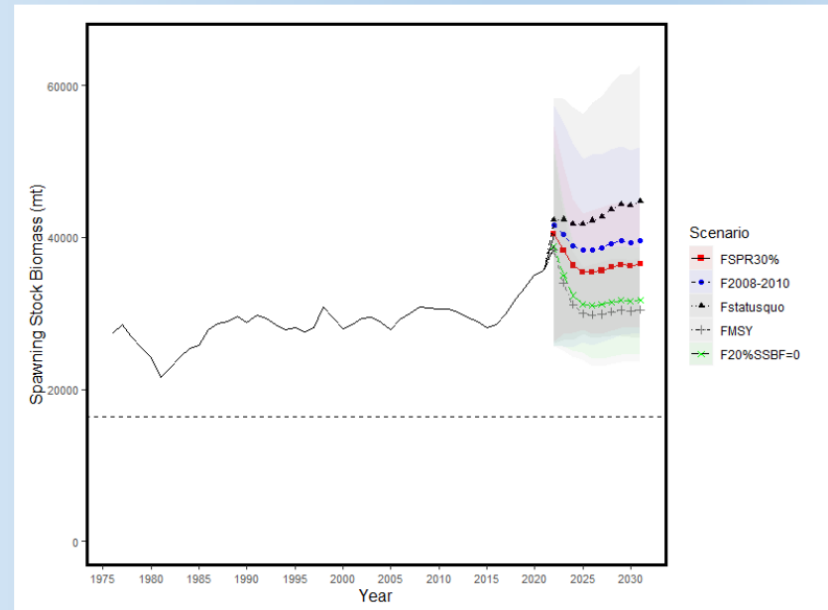
1. Female SSB was estimated to be 35,778 mt in 2021, with a relative SSB ratio of  $SSB_{2021}/SSB_{MSY} = 2.18$ ;
  2. Estimated  $F$  (arithmetic average of  $F$  for ages 1 – 10) averaged roughly  $F=0.09 \text{ yr}^{-1}$  during 2019-2021 with a relative fishing mortality of  $F_{2021}/F_{MSY} = 0.49$ ; and
  3. Relative to MSY-based reference points, overfishing is very likely not occurring (>99% probability) and the NPO SWO stock is very likely not overfished (>99% probability).
- No reference points have been established for this stock by either the IATTC or WCPFC



Kobe plot of stock trajectory relative to MSY-based reference points. Shading shows 50%, 80% and 90% confidence intervals around 2020 estimates.

# North Pacific Swordfish - Conservation

- 10-yr projections starting in 2022 through 2031
  - Five fishing mortality scenarios: (1)  $F_{20\%SSB(F=0)}$ , (2)  $F_{(2008-2010)}$  reference years for the proposed CMM for NPO SWO, (3)  $F_{30\%SPR}$ , (4)  $F_{MSY}$ , and (5)  $F_{2019-2021}$ .
1. The NPO SWO stock has produced annual yields of around 11,500 mt per year since 2016, or about 2/3 of the MSY catch amount;
  2. NPO SWO stock status is positive with no evidence of  $F$  above  $F_{MSY}$  or substantial depletion of spawning potential (Figure 13); and
  3. It was also noted that retrospective analyses show that the assessment model appears to underestimate spawning potential in recent years.



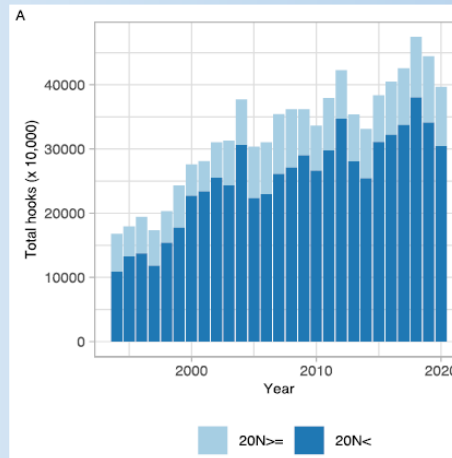
Spawning biomass projections based on five  $F$  scenarios. Shading is 95% credibility interval  
Dashed line =  $SSB_{MSY}$



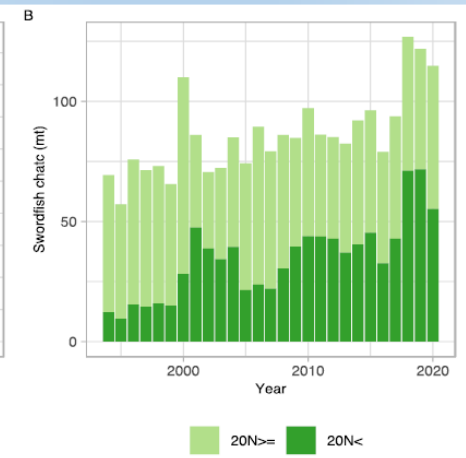
# North Pacific Swordfish Catch Distribution

- WCPFC-NC18 requested that the BILLWG compile public domain NPO SWO catch and effort north and south of 20°N.
- Much of the SWO catch is from LL fleets, and only effort data are from LL fleets.
- Catch is approximately equal north and south of 20°N; effort is greater south of 20°N
- The effort south of 20°N includes most of the effort from Vietnam and Indonesia and is estimated because the logbook coverage varies substantially over time.
- Recent catches by the longline fishery in the 0-10°N area of the eastern Pacific have increased. Gillnet fishing conducted in the waters around Vietnam also contributes to the increase in catch south of 20°N.

Effort



Catch



Distribution of fishing effort (A) and catch (B) for NPO SWO north and south of 20° N. latitude.

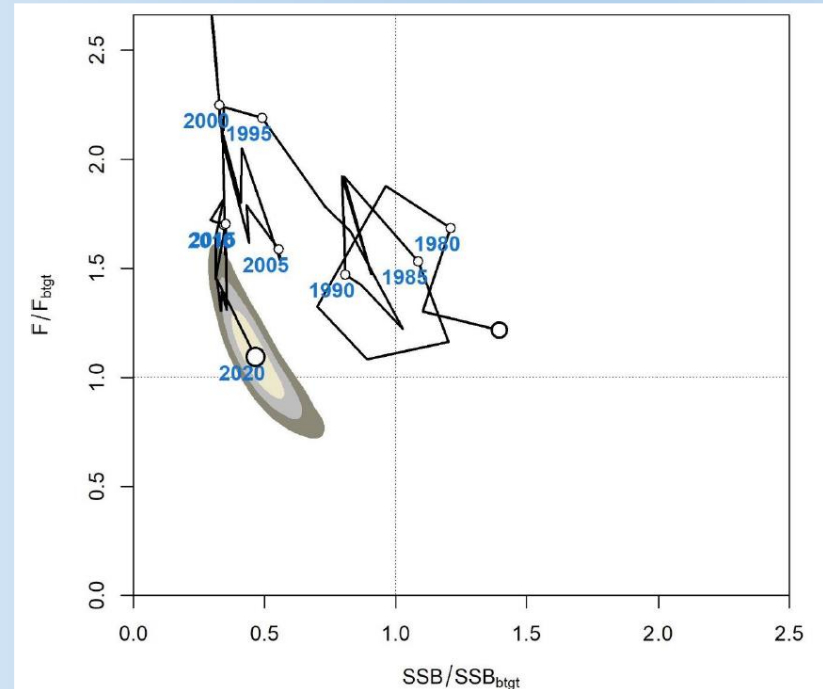


# WCNPO Striped Marlin

- Benchmark assessment, completing work begun in 2022; model period 1977-2020
- Model structure similar to 2018 assessment
- Basecase model and sensitivity runs to evaluate uncertainty related to  $M$  at age, stock-recruitment steepness, growth curve parameters, female length at 50% maturity, input data and model structure.

# WCNPO Striped Marlin – Stock Status

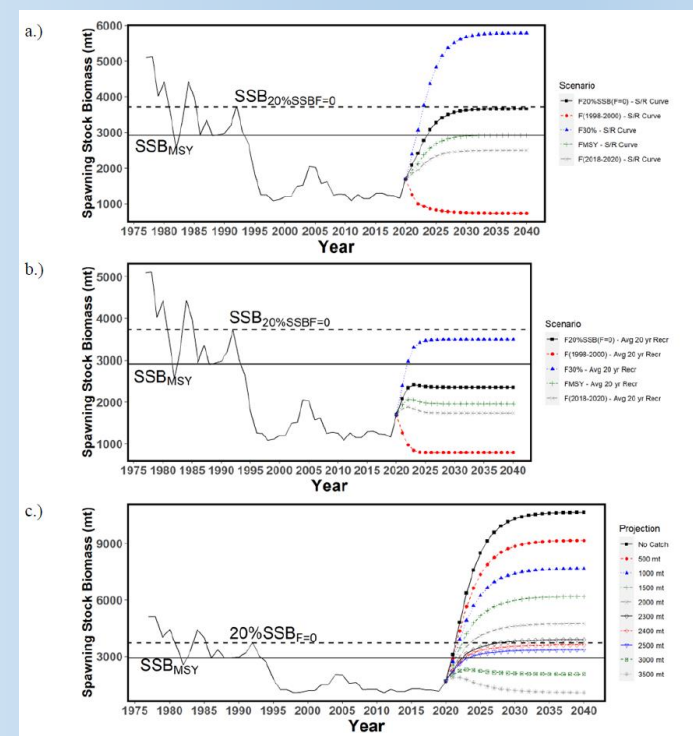
- WCPFC18 requested that stock status be estimated relative to 20%  $SSB_{0\ F=0}$ , dynamic  $B_0$  where  $SSB_0$  is the moving average of the last 20 years of  $SSB_0$  estimates
1. When the status is evaluated relative to dynamic 20% $SSB_{(F=0)}$  based reference points, the  $SSB_{2020} = 1,696$  t is 54% below 20% $SSB_{F=0}$  (3,660 t) and the 2018-2020 fishing mortality is about 28% above  $F_{20\%SSB(F=0)}$ ; and
  2. Relative to 20% $SSB_{F=0}$  based reference points, the WCNPO MLS stock is very likely to be overfished (>99% probability) and is likely to be subject to overfishing (>66% probability).
- Growth curve is a major uncertainty. Sensitivity runs shows that the growth assumption may affect the interpretation of stock status.



Majuro plot of WCNPO MLS stock trajectory relative to fishing mortality (average of age 3-12) and SSB, 1977-2020.  $F_{bgt}$  and  $SSB_{bgt}$  refer to  $F_{20\%SSB_{(F=0)}}$  and  $20\%SSB_{F=0}$ , respectively. Shading indicates 50%, 80%, and 95% confidence intervals, respectively.

# WCNPO Striped Marlin - Conservation

- Projections started in 2021 and continued through 2040.
  - Five levels of fishing mortality with the two recruitment scenarios Ten catch levels with only the 20-year average recruitment scenario were applied for projections.
1. It is recommended that catch should be kept at or below the recent level (2018-2020 average catch = 2,428 t); and
  2. The results of deterministic projections show that when catches are 2,400 t, or less, the stock is expected to recover above  $SSB_{MSY}$  and near the 20%  $SSB_{F=0}$  reference level by 2040, or sooner at the lower catch levels under a low recruitment regime (3,660 t).



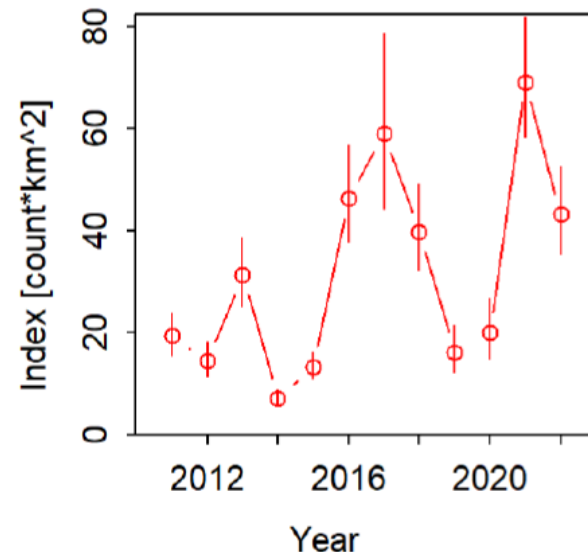
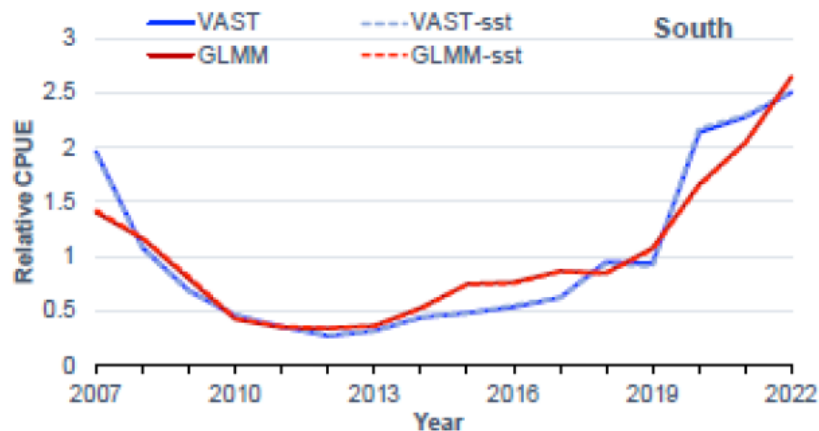
Historical and projected trajectories of spawning biomass based upon: (a) F scenarios projected spawning biomass using recruitment estimated from the stock-recruitment curve; (b) F scenarios projected spawning biomass using average recruitment from 2001-2020. (c) Catch scenarios projected spawning biomass using average recruitment from 2001-2020. Dashed line indicates the spawning stock biomass at the dynamic 20% $SSB_{F=0}$  reference point. Solid line indicates the spawning stock biomass at  $SSB_{MSY}$ .



# Independent Peer-Review

- ISC23 approved independent peer-review process of stock assessments modeled on process approved by WCPFC
- Agreed to use recently completed WCNPO Striped Marlin assessment as first test of process
- BILLWG Chair and ISC Vice-Chair were tasked to develop the process and report results to ISC24 Plenary

# Pacific Bluefin Tuna



**Figure 9. Trends in the spawner index (left, Yuan et al., 2023)<sup>3</sup> and recruitment index (right, Fujioka et al., 2023)<sup>4</sup> for PBF.**

- Based on a review of CPUE (abundance) and recruitment indices, ISC23 Plenary concluded that there is no new information necessitating changes to the existing stock status or conservation information



# ISC Assessment Workplans, 2023-24

- Pacific Bluefin Tuna
- Shortfin Mako Shark



# Questions?